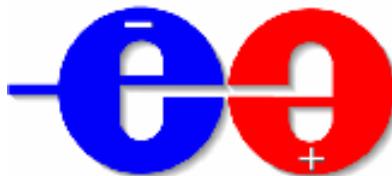


SC Machine News



ALCPG 2004 Winter Workshop
SLAC, January 7-10, 2004

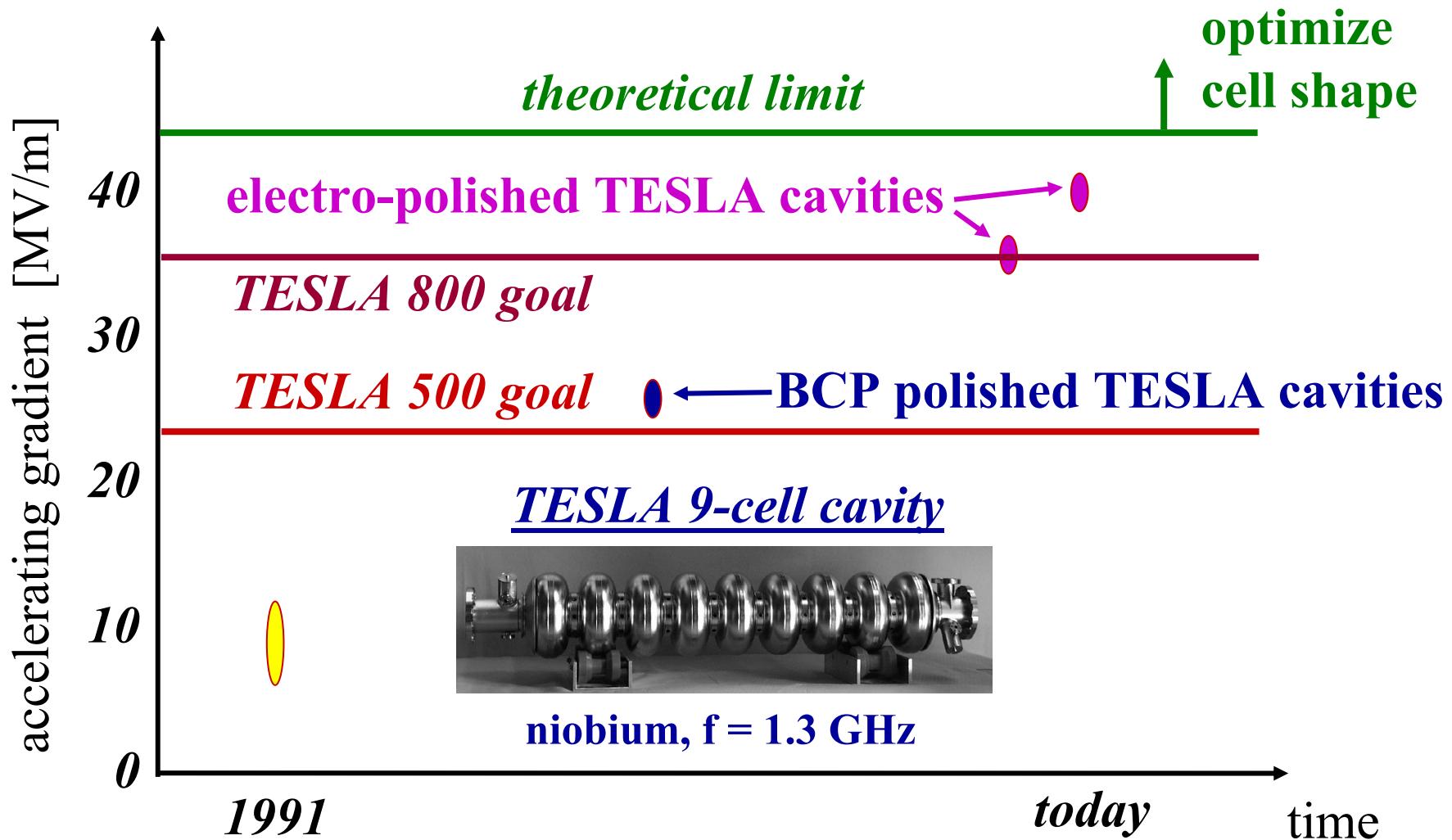
Matthias Liepe

Cornell University
(mul2@cornell.edu)

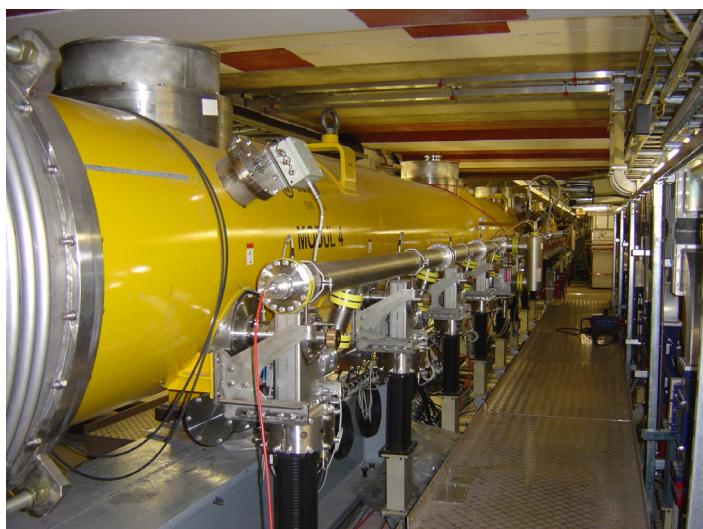
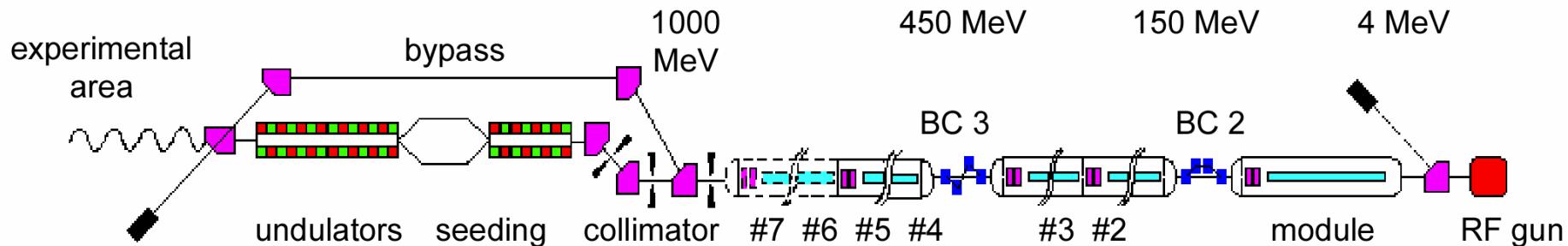
Outline:

- High Field Gradients in TESLA 9-Cell Cavities
 - TTF modules
 - CW performance tests
 - High power full system tests
- News from
 - TTF II
 - DESY XFEL
 - TESLA
- Conclusion

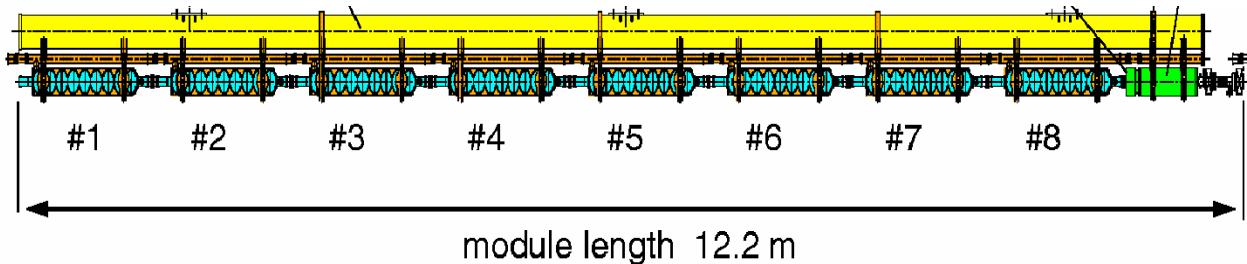
High Gradients



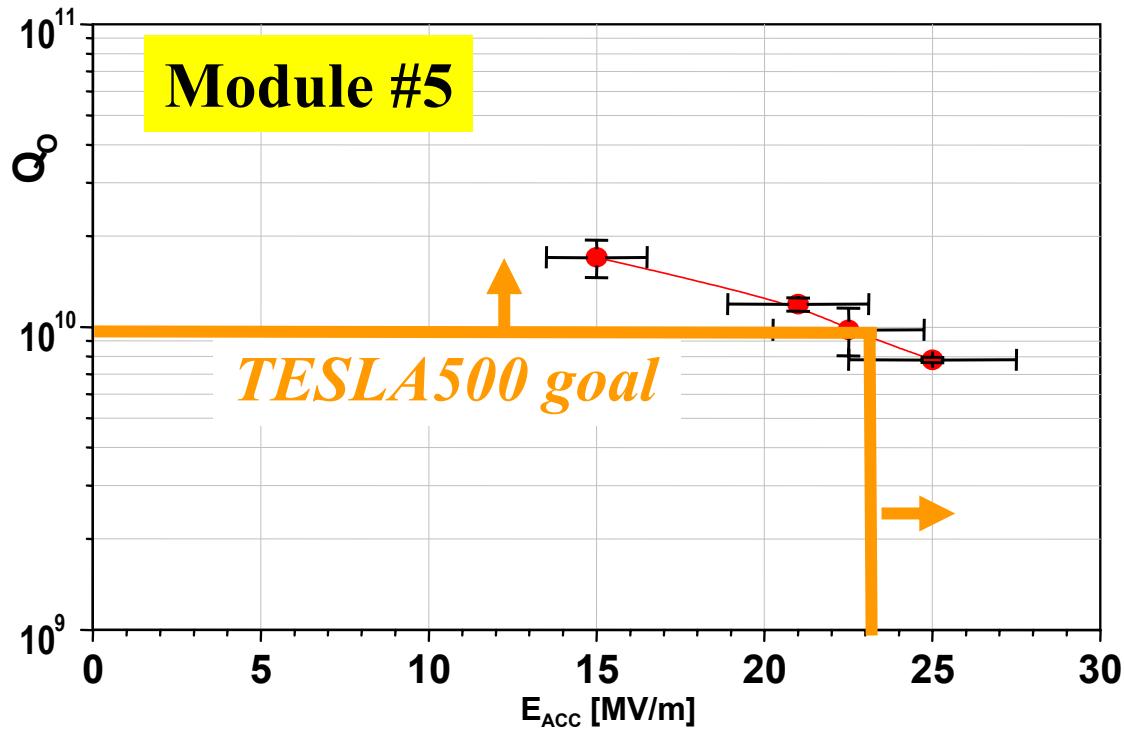
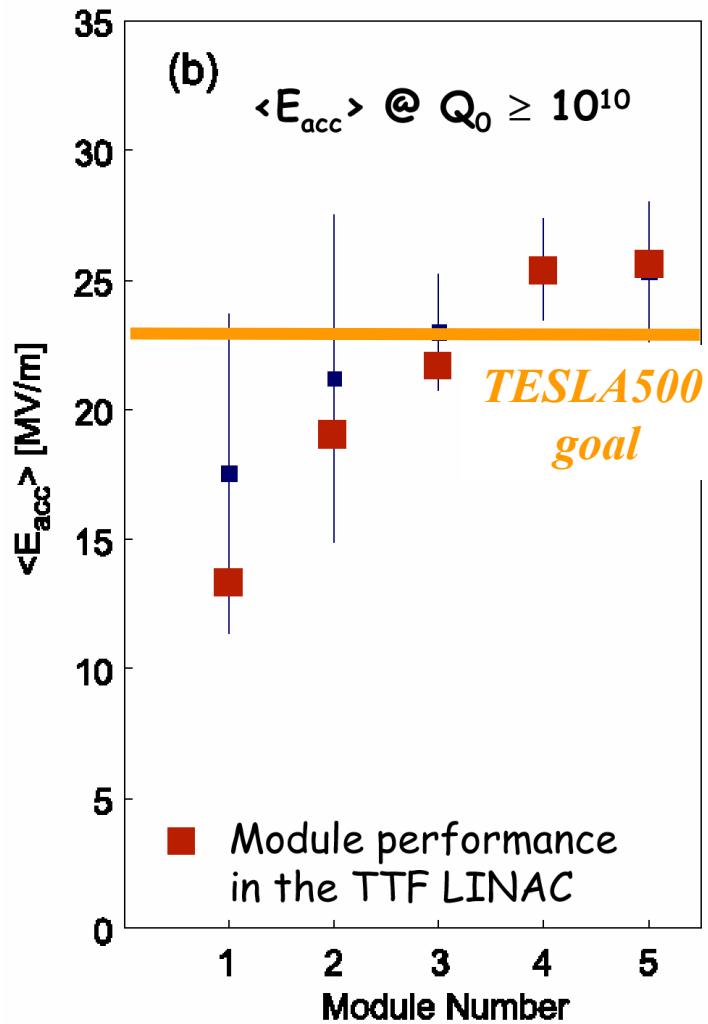
Experience from the TESLA-Test-Facility



- Cryomodule 4 and 5 with 25 MV/m cavities installed and tested with high gradients.
- Module 6 with EP cavities will be installed later.
- Beam operation as user facility in 2004.



TTF Cavity-Module Performance (Pulsed Operation)



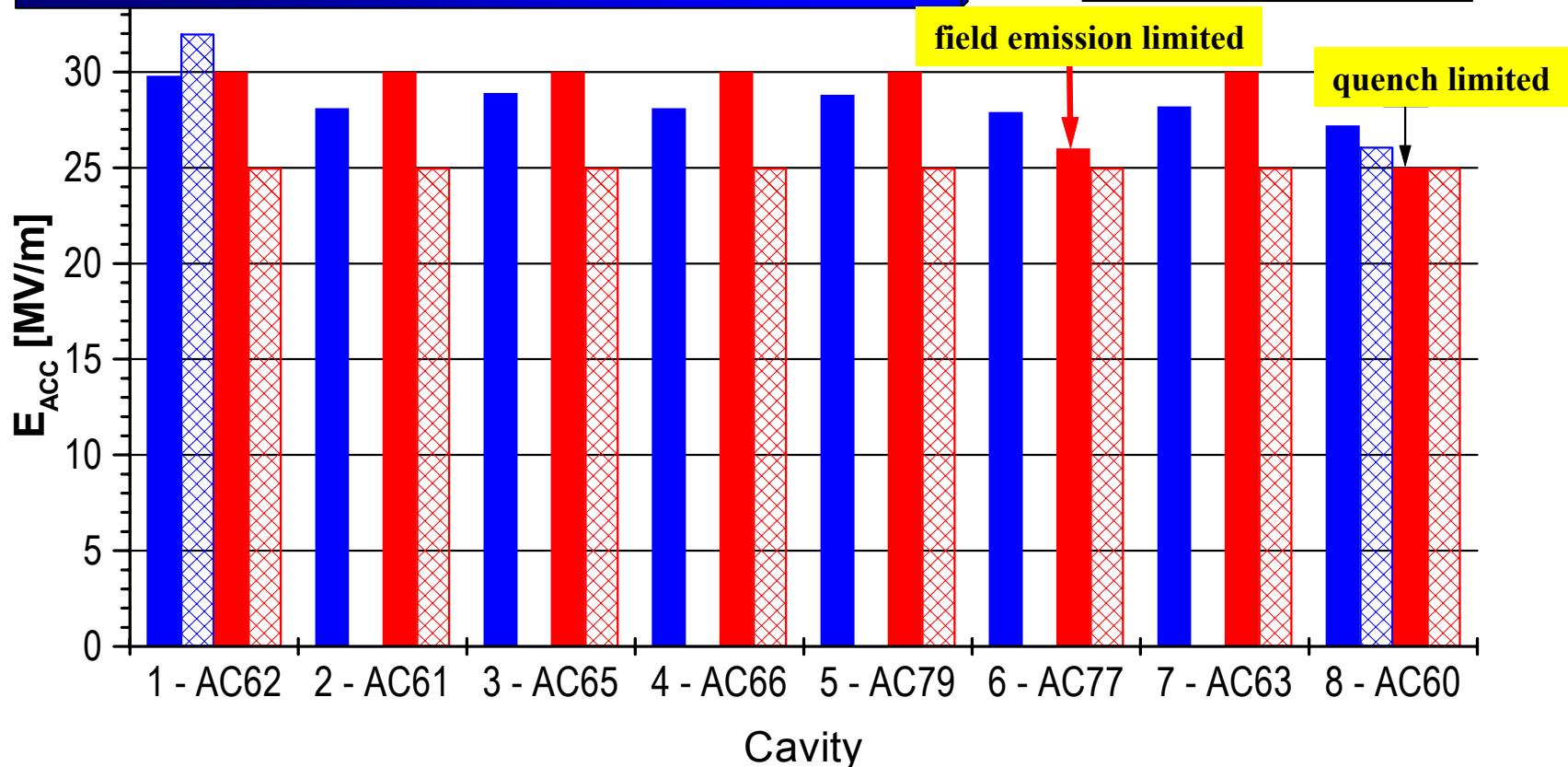
- High gradient cw performance preserved during cavity installation into linac.
- BCP cavity modules #4 and #5 reach TESLA500 performance goal.

BCP Cavity Module ACC 5: Cavity Performance

- 6 cavities exceed 30 MV/m.
- 1 cavity shows field emission at high field.
- 1 cavity is quenching at 25 MV/m.

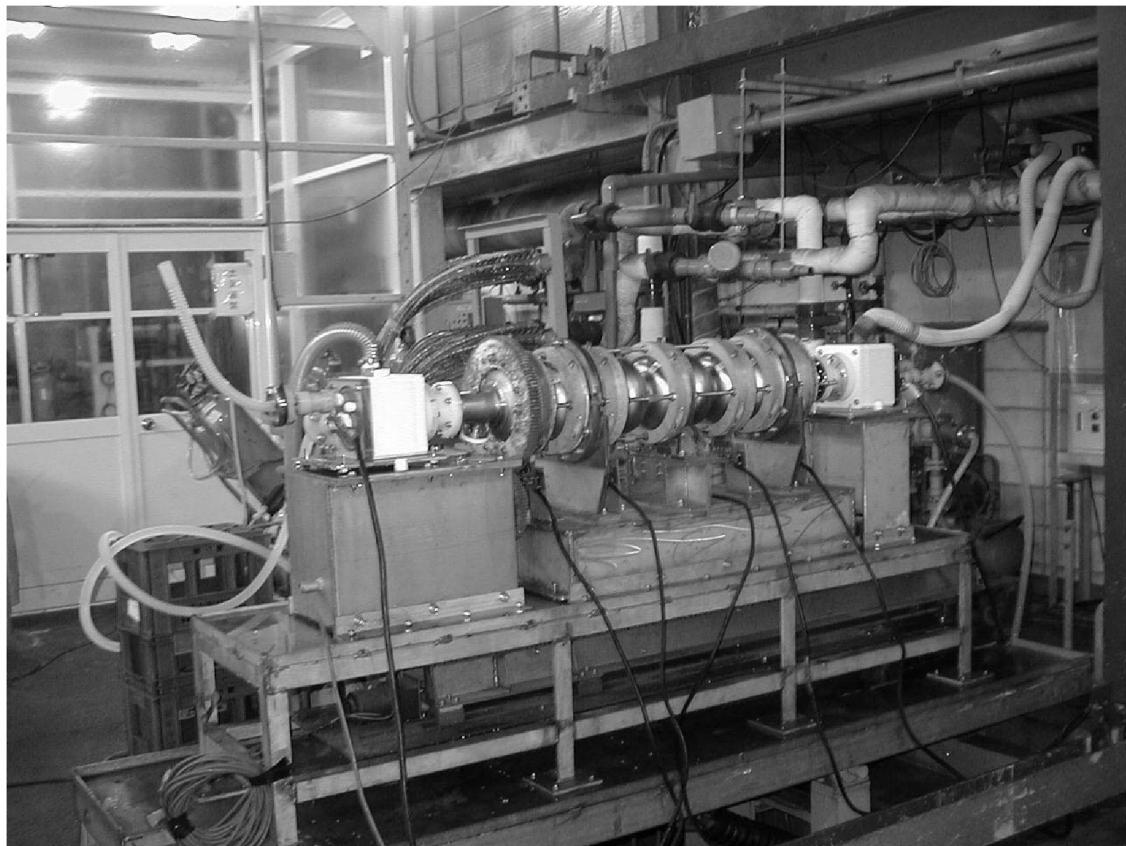
Cavity tests:

Vertical (CW)
Horizontal (10Hz)
Module 5 (1Hz)
Module 5 (5Hz)



Electropolished 9-Cell Cavities (1)

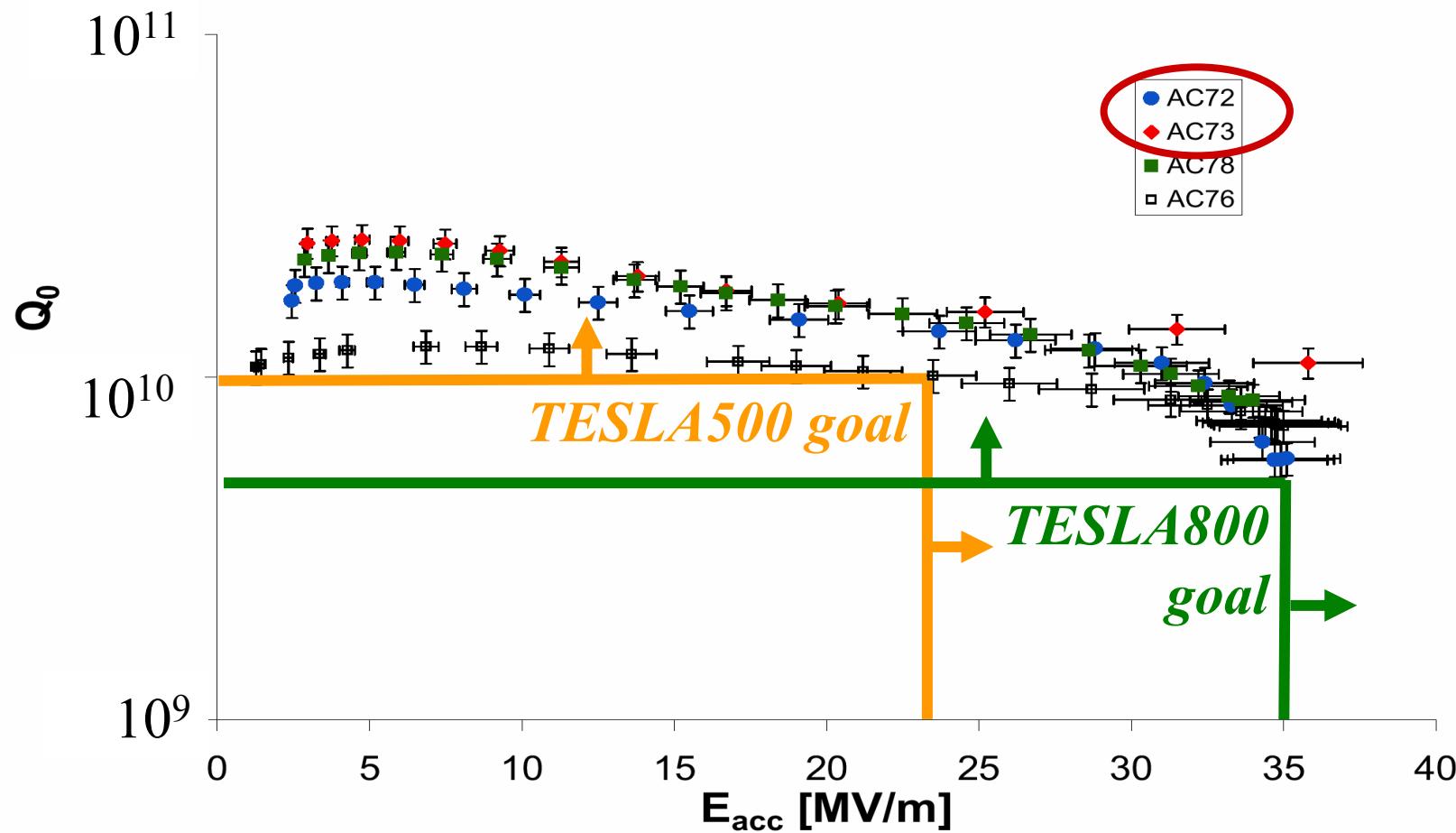
- Electropolishing done in industry (Nomura Plating) in collaboration with KEK.
- Cleaning (HPR) and test at DESY.
- Vertical test: low power cw test of naked cavity (high power coupler, LHe vessel and tuner not installed).



7 cavities exceeded 30 MV/m.

Electropolished 9-Cell Cavities: CW Test Results

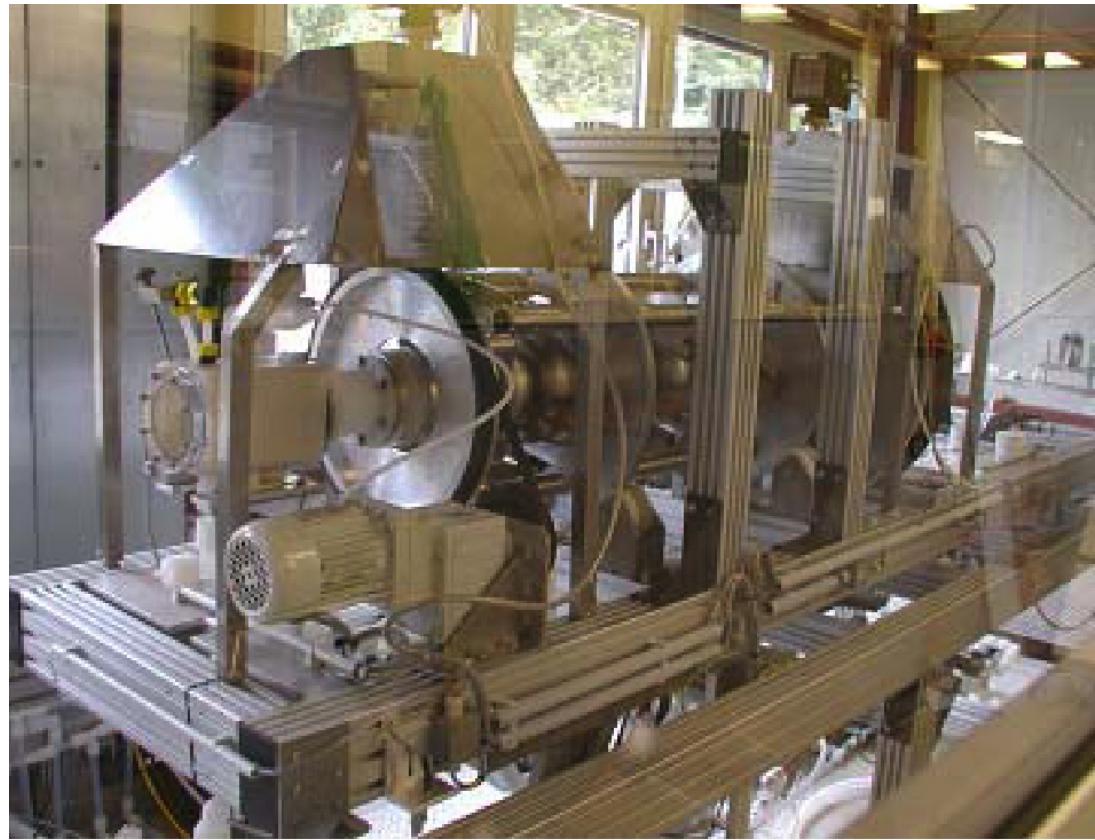
EP done at Nomura Plating



TESLA800 gradients have been achieved repeatedly.

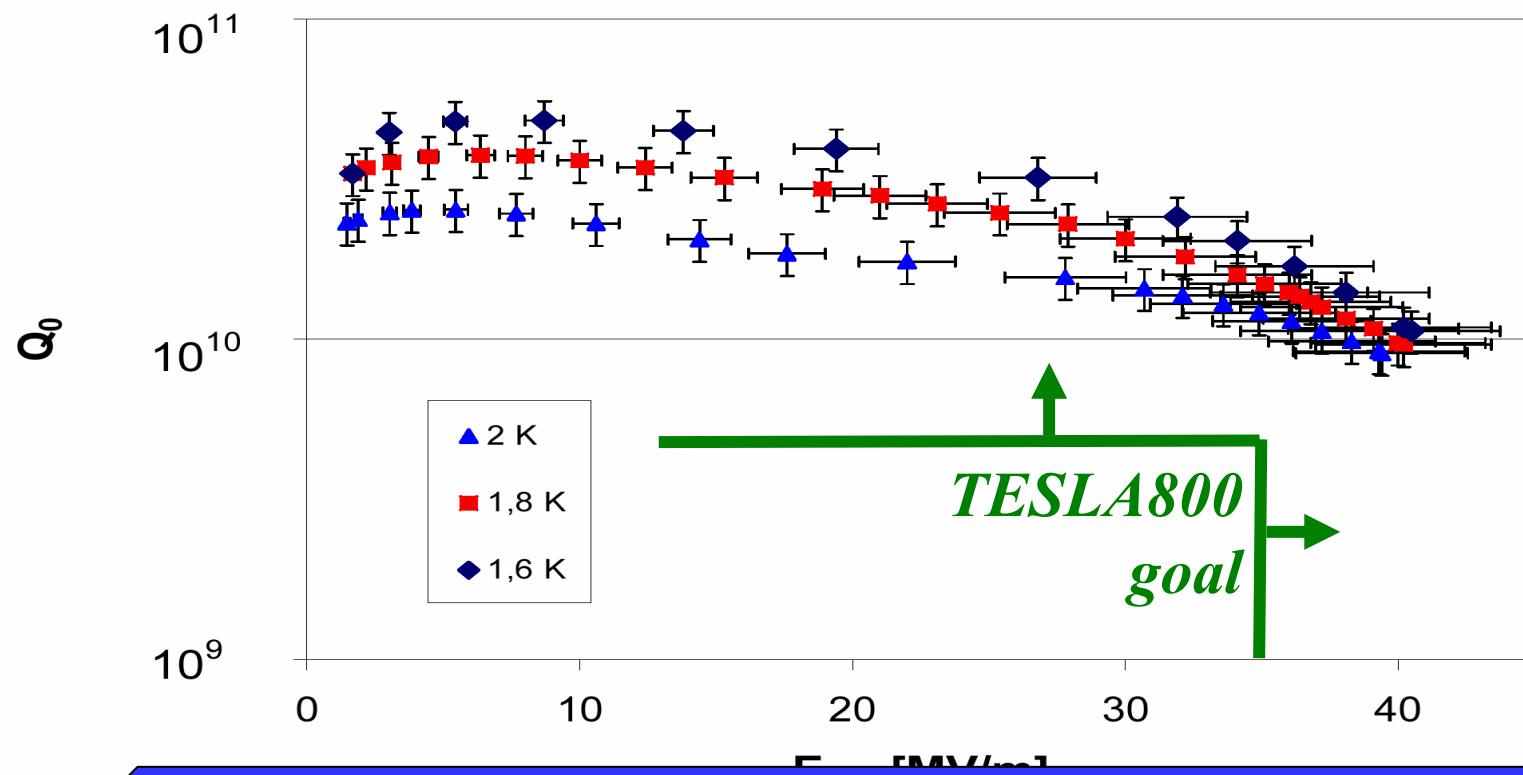
Electropolished 9-Cell Cavities (2)

- Electropolishing done at DESY with new setup.
- 9-cell cavity polished and tested.
- Vertical test: low power cw test of naked cavity.



**Outstanding result:
TESLA 9-cell cavity reached 40 MV/m.**

Electropolished 9-Cell Cavities: CW Test Results EP done at DESY



- TESLA800 gradient has been exceeded (39.4 MV/m at 2K)!
- Performance very close to best single-cell cavities.
- Negligible field emission.
- Only 800 C annealing, no 1400 C \Rightarrow cost reduction.

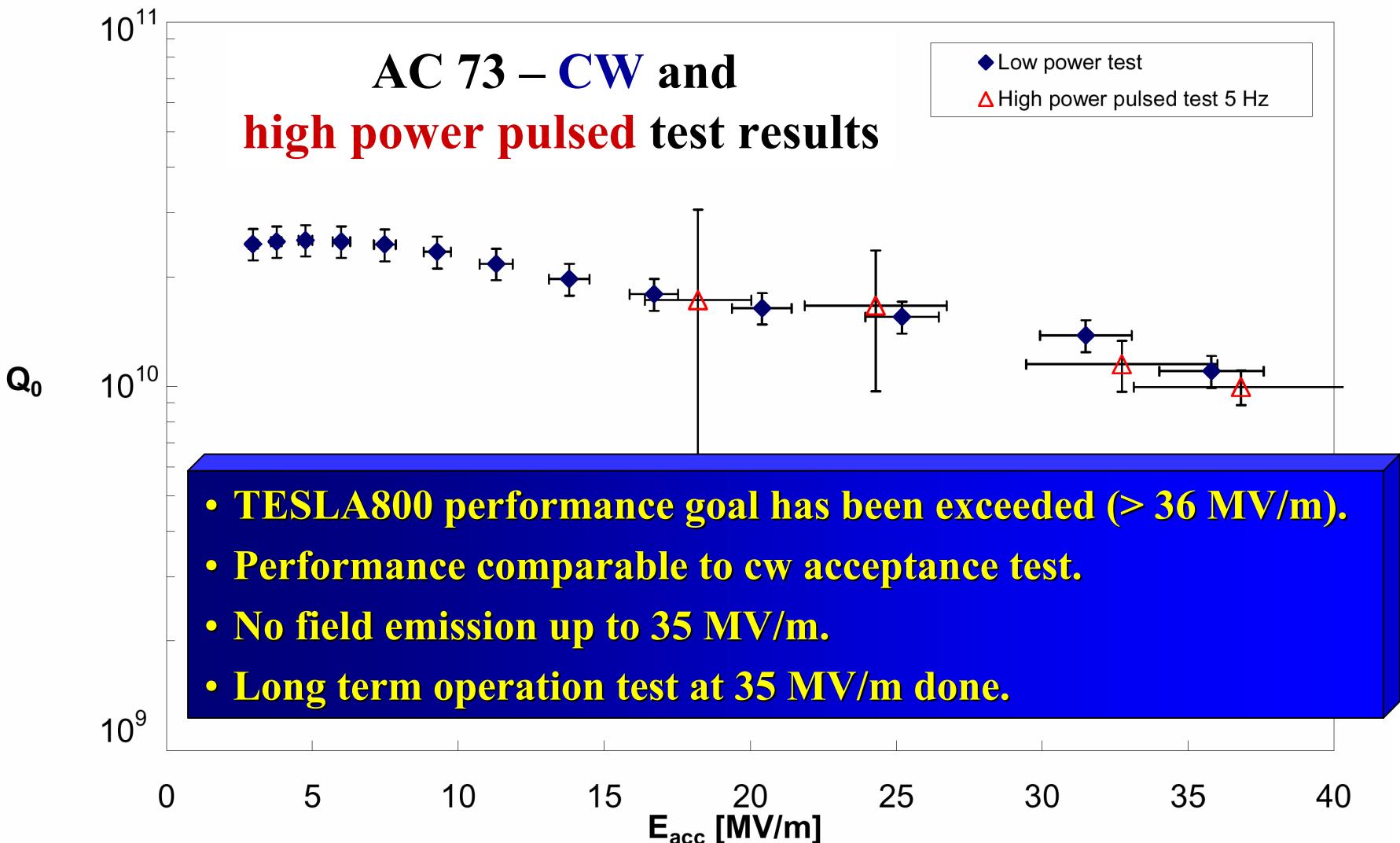
Horizontal High Power Pulsed Test of 9-Cell Cavities

- Cavity is fully assembled, including:
 - Power Coupler
 - Helium vessel
 - Tuner (... and piezo)
- RF Power is fed by a klystron through the high power coupler.
- Similar to 1/12 of a TESLA cryomodule.
- Pulsed RF operation using the pulse shape foreseen for TESLA.



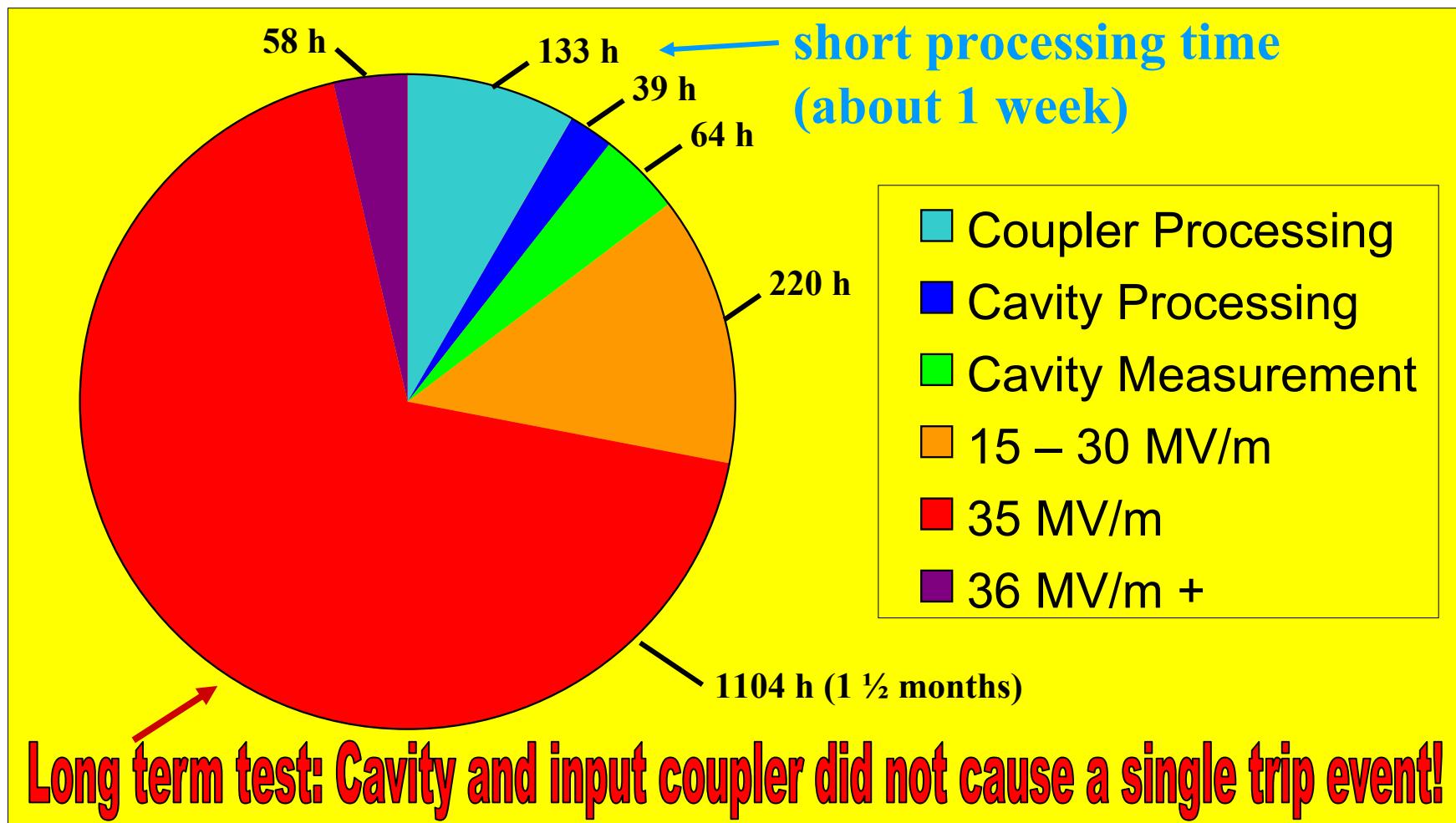
Two electropolished 9-cell cavities tested so far (AC73 and AC72).

Electropolished TESLA 9-Cell Cavity AC 73: Horizontal Pulsed High Power Test



Electropolished TESLA 9-Cell Cavity AC 73: Horizontal Pulsed High Power Test (2)

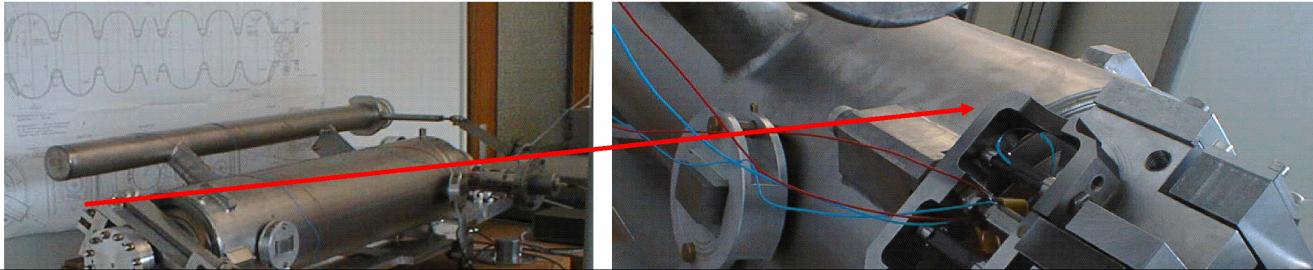
Time Distribution of RF Test:



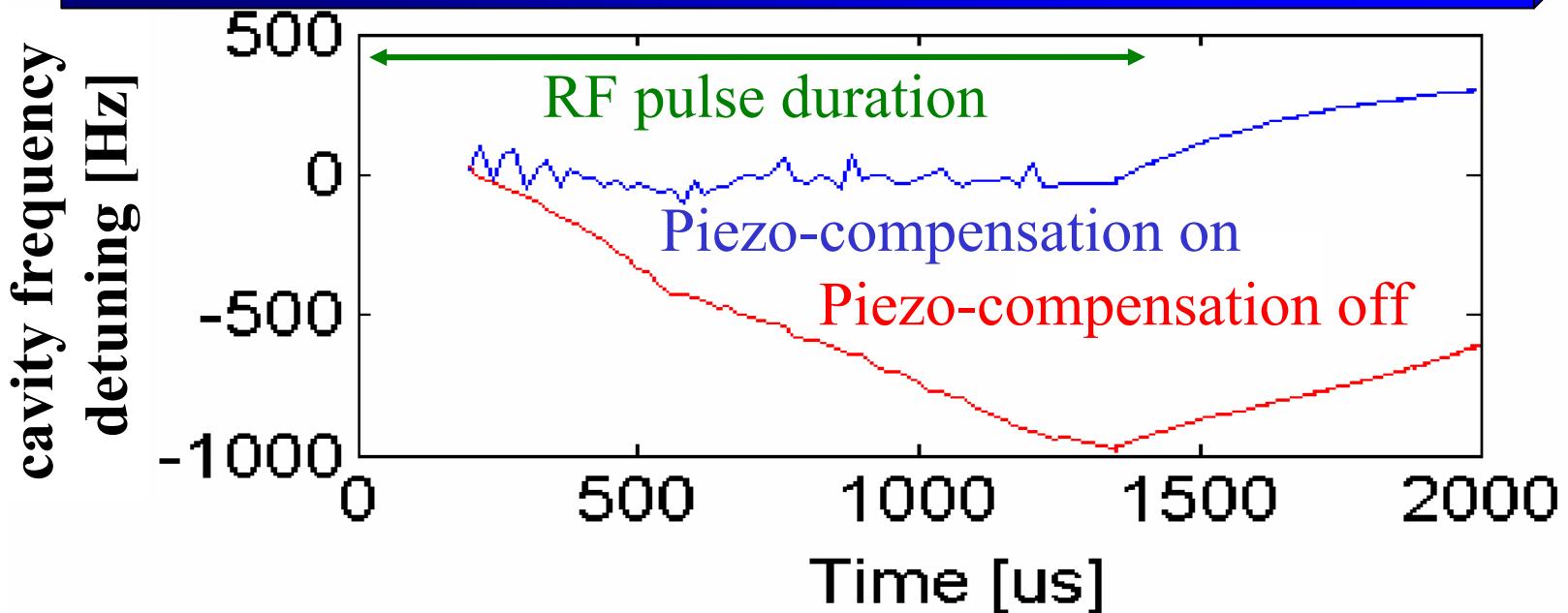
Electropolished TESLA 9-Cell Cavity AC 73: Horizontal Pulsed High Power Test (3)

- Fully equipped cavity exceeds TESLA800 performance goal.
- Cavity performance can be preserved during assembly of the main input coupler and installation into a cryomodule.
- Long term (1 ½ months) test at 35 MV/m shows that s.c. cavities can reliably be operated very close to the quench limit.
- No performance degradation of has been seen in neither the cavity nor the input coupler. Induced quenches did not affect the cavity performance.
- Piezo compensation of Lorentz-force frequency detuning at 35 MV/m has been demonstrated.

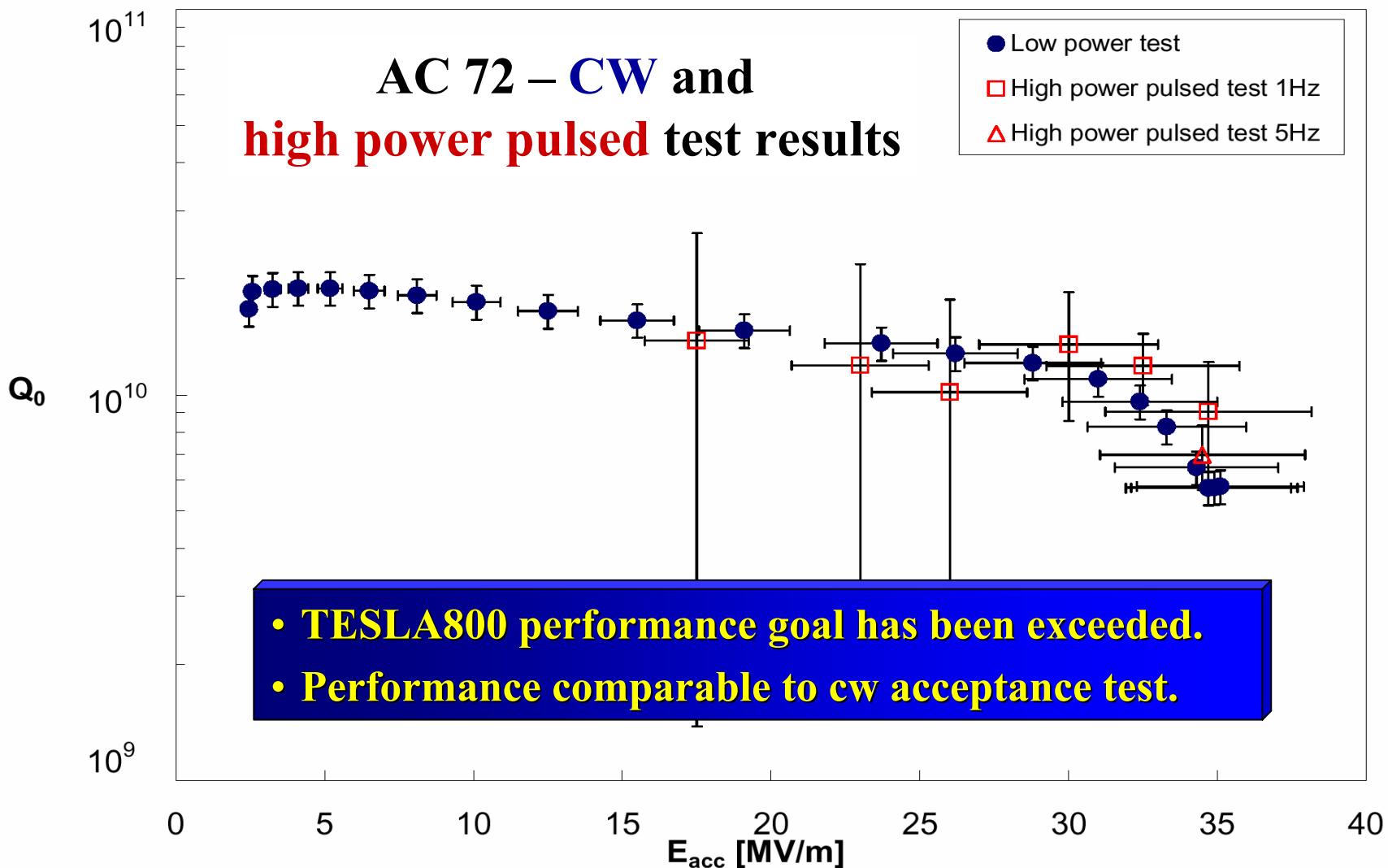
Electropolished TESLA 9-Cell Cavity AC 73: Piezo Actuated Lorentz-Force Detuning Compensation



**Detuned cavity \Rightarrow More RF power is required
to maintain an accelerating gradient.**



Electropolished TESLA 9-Cell Cavity AC 72: Horizontal Pulsed High Power Test

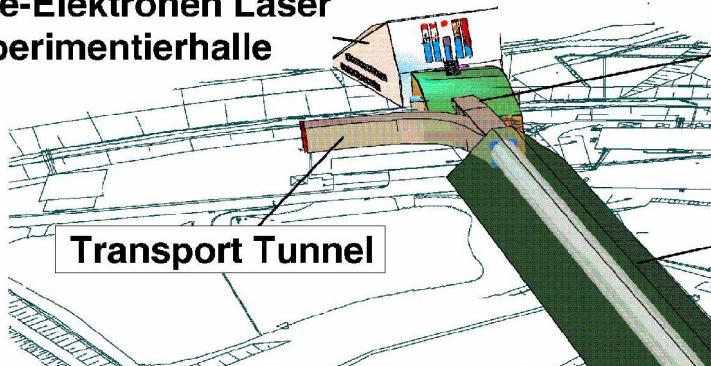


High Gradient Cavity Work: What remains to be done?

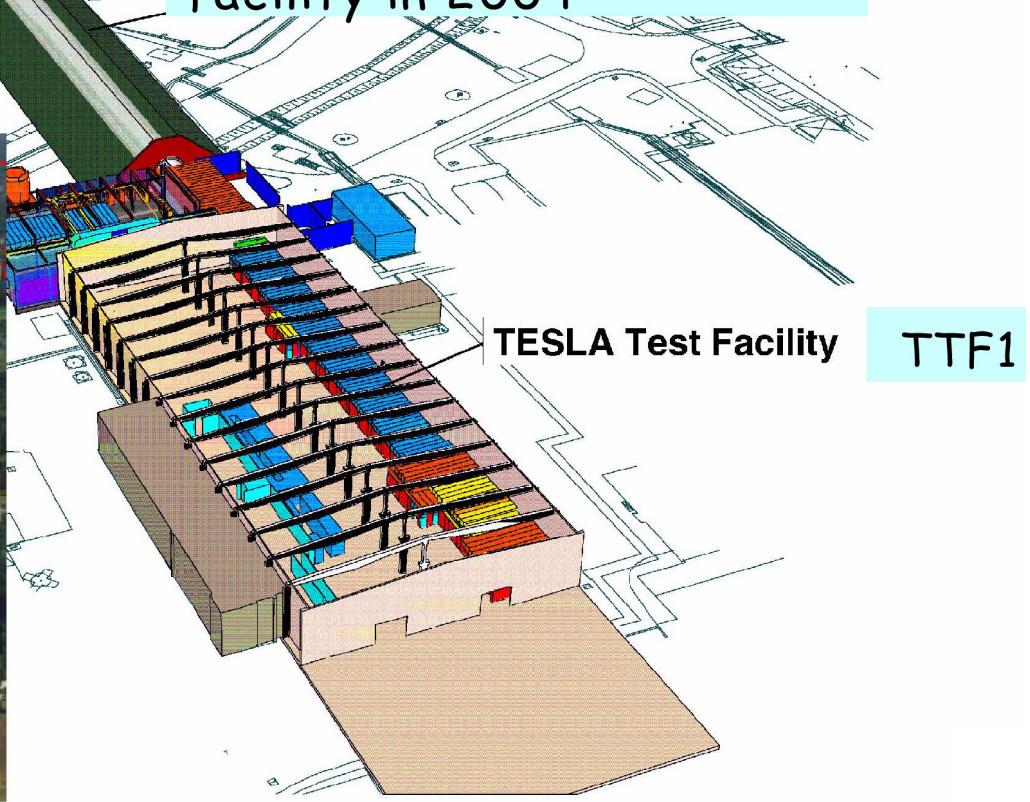
- TESLA800 performance goal has been exceeded in several 9-cell cavities.
- But:
 - Beam acceleration at 35 MV/m still needs to be demonstrated (R1 TRC rank for TESLA800).
 - A full cryomodule with eight electropolished cavities will not be tested with beam before 2005, but
 - The EP cavity AC72 will be installed in a TTF module and tested with beam acceleration in 2004.
 - More electropolished 9-cell cavities will be tested in pulsed high power mode to finalize the cavity preparation procedure. ⇒ Minimize cost, reproducible high gradients

News from TTF II

Freie-Elektronen Laser
Experimentierhalle



TTF1 is being extended
to reach 1 GeV in 2003
and becomes a user
facility in 2004



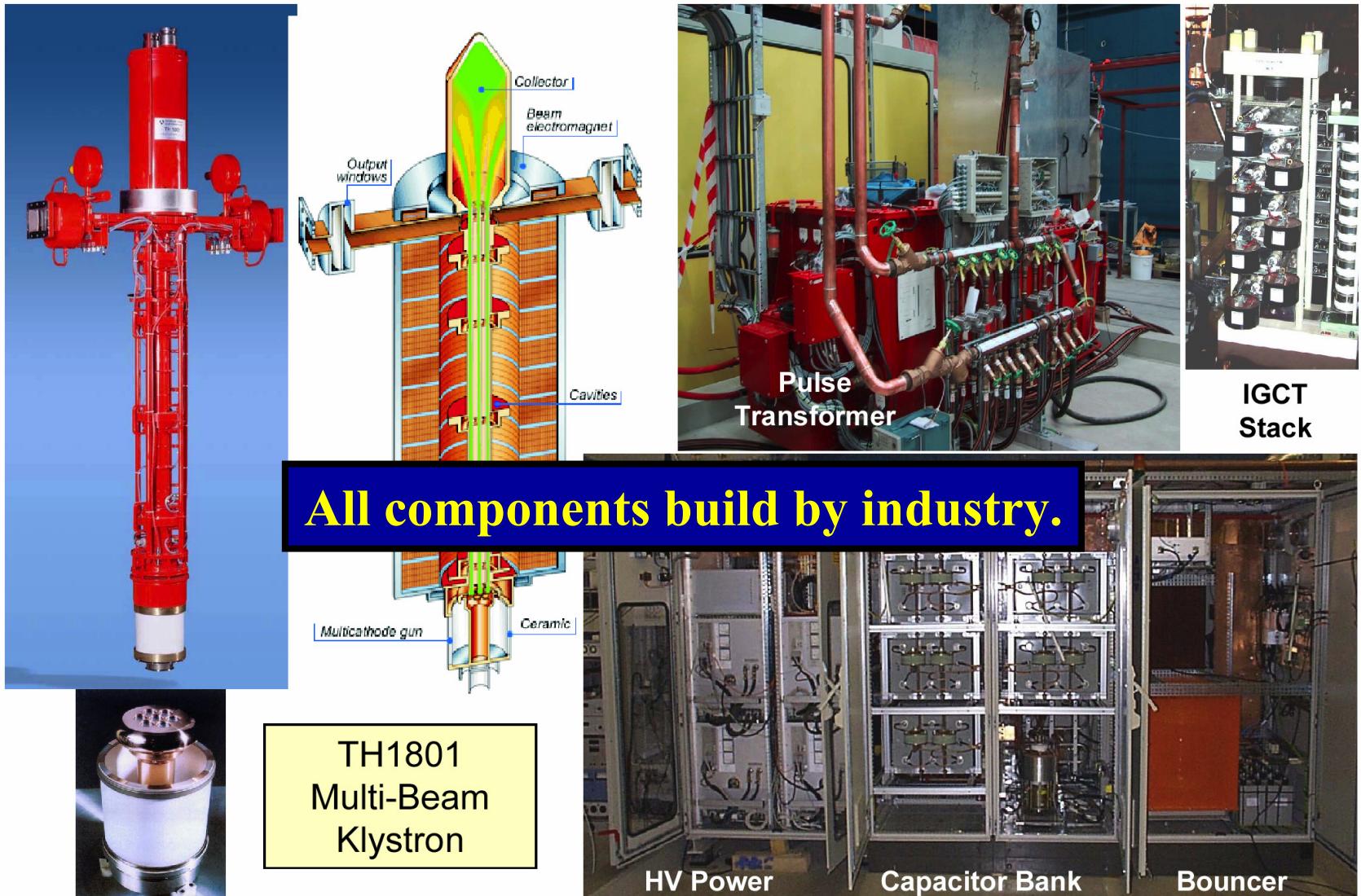
News from TTF II

- Acc. Module Commissioning: Fall 2003
- Installation finished: Febr. 2004
- Injector Commissioning: Spring 2004
- High gradient EP cavity operation with beam acceleration: 2004
- First Lasing: Fall 2004
- Stable Operation /Saturation: End of 2004

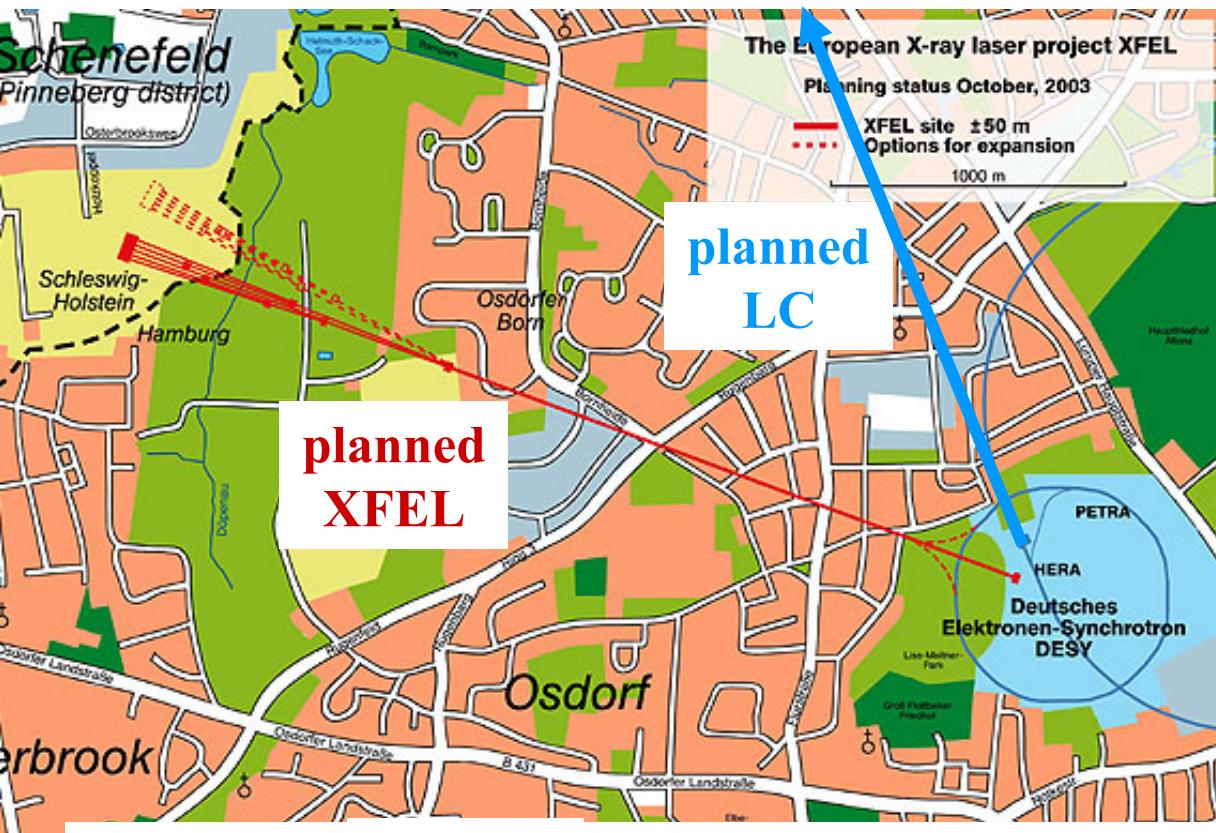


At 35 MV/m this length corresponds to an acceleration of 280 MeV

High Power RF for TTF, XFEL, TESLA



News from the DESY XFEL



- Site for XFEL chosen to maximize use of DESY infrastructure and to avoid interference XFEL/LC.
- European project, 50 % of funding from German government.
- Goal: Start construction in 2005.

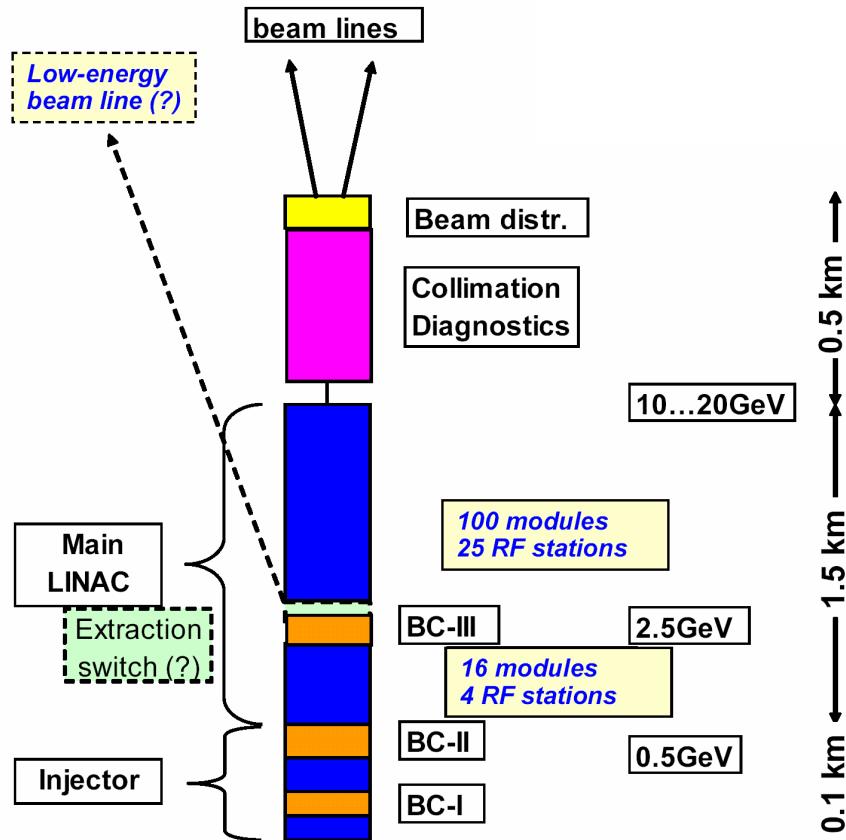
1200 m

2000 m

X-ray laboratory

20 GeV superconducting main linac source

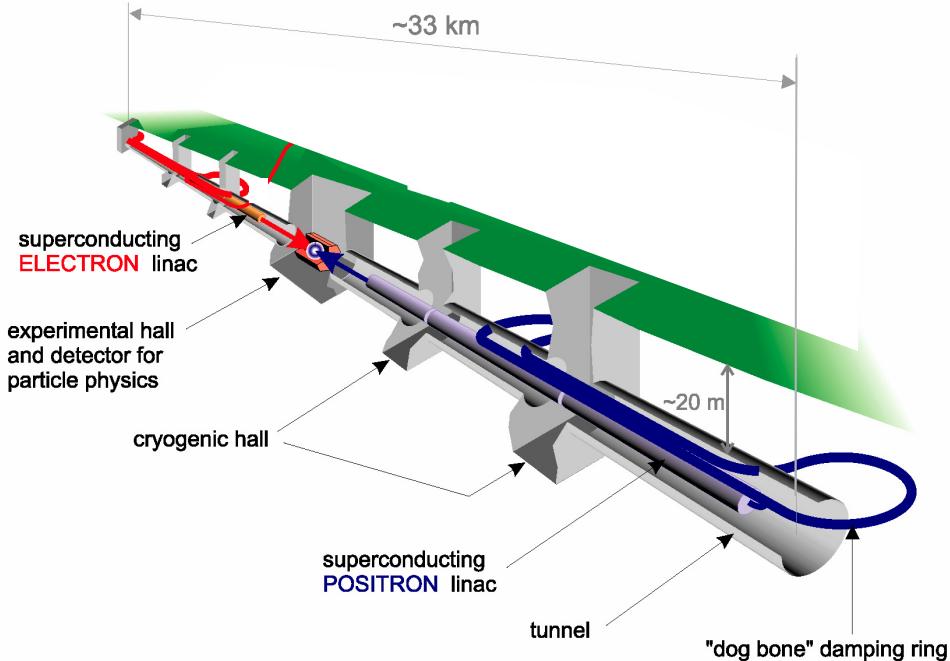
News from the DESY XFEL (2)



- DESY has established a XFEL project group.
- Technical specifications are under discussion.
- Reference parameter:
 - 20 GeV
 - 22.9 MV/m accelerating gradient
 - 116 cryomodules with 8 cavities each
 - 5 mA beam current, 10 rep. rate

Superconducting LC would profit from experience with XFEL.

News from TESLA LC View by the German Government



“The German government has decided ... not to proceed nationally and at this moment not to propose a German site for TESLA. We have to wait for the international development. But we will continue our efforts to be able to participate in a global linear collider project. Let me underline: my (German) government is the first one to have announced to be principally committed to participating in the project.”

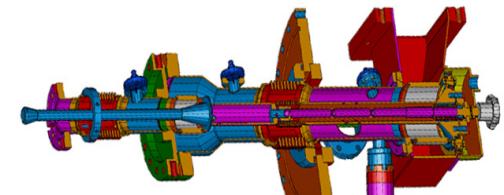
(Dr. H. Schunck)

See LC as global project. ⇒ Importance international consensus.

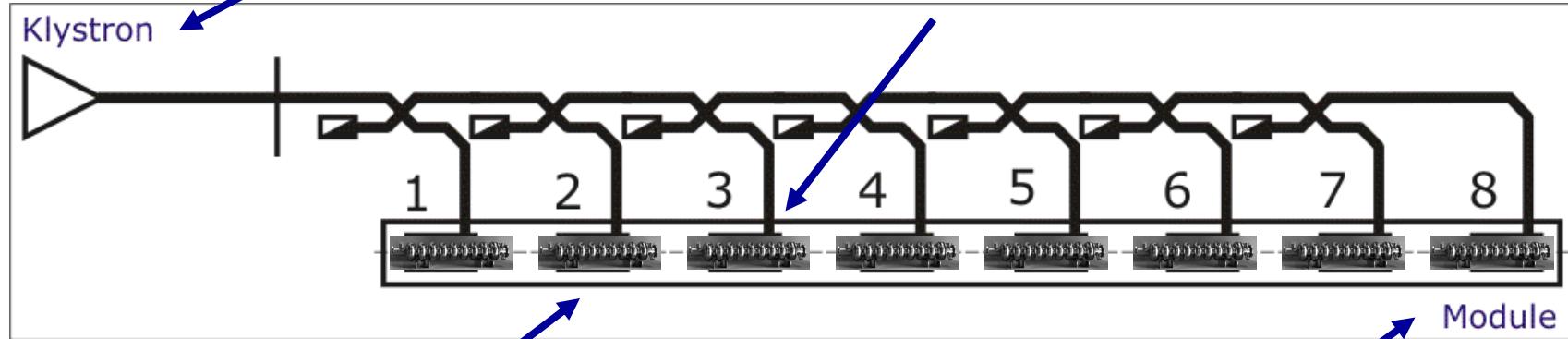
Components for the TTF/XFEL/TESLA Main Linac



- 10 MW Klystrons and modulators built by industry.



- Input coupler built by industry.
- Tested to > 1 MW.



- Cavities built by industry.
- EP done in industry.
- Reach 35 MV/m.

- Parts for cryomodule built by industry.
- Assembly done at DESY.

Conclusion

- TESLA800 gradients (35 MV/m) have been achieved repeatedly in 9-cell cavity tests.
- The EP system at DESY is in operation and the *a* 9-cell cavity reached an cw accelerating gradient of 40 MV/m.
- The high cw cavity performance of cavities can be preserved:
 - BCP cavities in the TTF linac show performance similar to their cw test results. The BCP cavity module #4 and #5 with eight 9-cell cavities each reached TESLA500 performance.
 - Two out of two EP cavities reached 35 MV/m in a full system high power test. Only minimal cavity processing was required. Stable long term operation at 35 MV/m was demonstrated.
- TTF II and the XFEL will give valuable information for a superconducting LC.