

# TPC Studies at University of Victoria



ALCPG meeting  
SLAC, January 2004

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University of Victoria / TRIUMF

# Outline

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- Victoria group & TPC
- Reminder of GEM defocusing
  - Results from TRIUMF magnetic field tests
- Update since Cornell
  - Results from DESY magnetic field tests
- Plans for the coming year

# Victoria TPC R&D

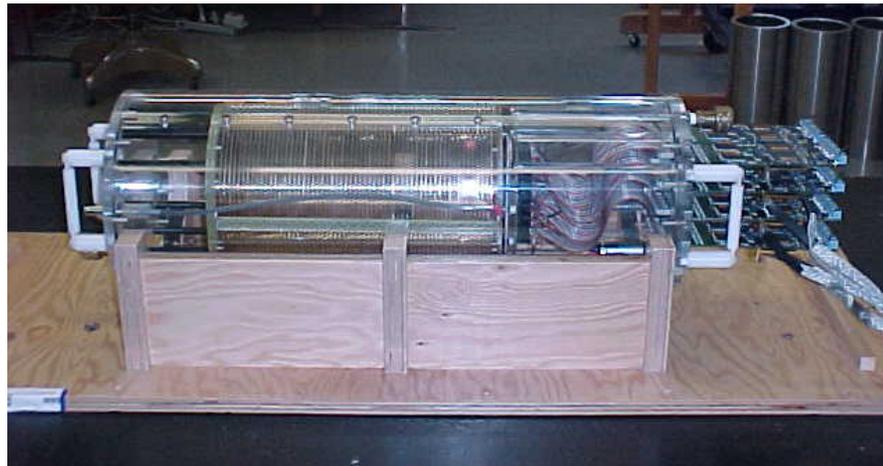
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## □ Victoria TPC Group:

- D.K.
- Research associate: Paul Poffenberger
- Graduate students: Gabe Rosenbaum, Thanos Michailopoulos

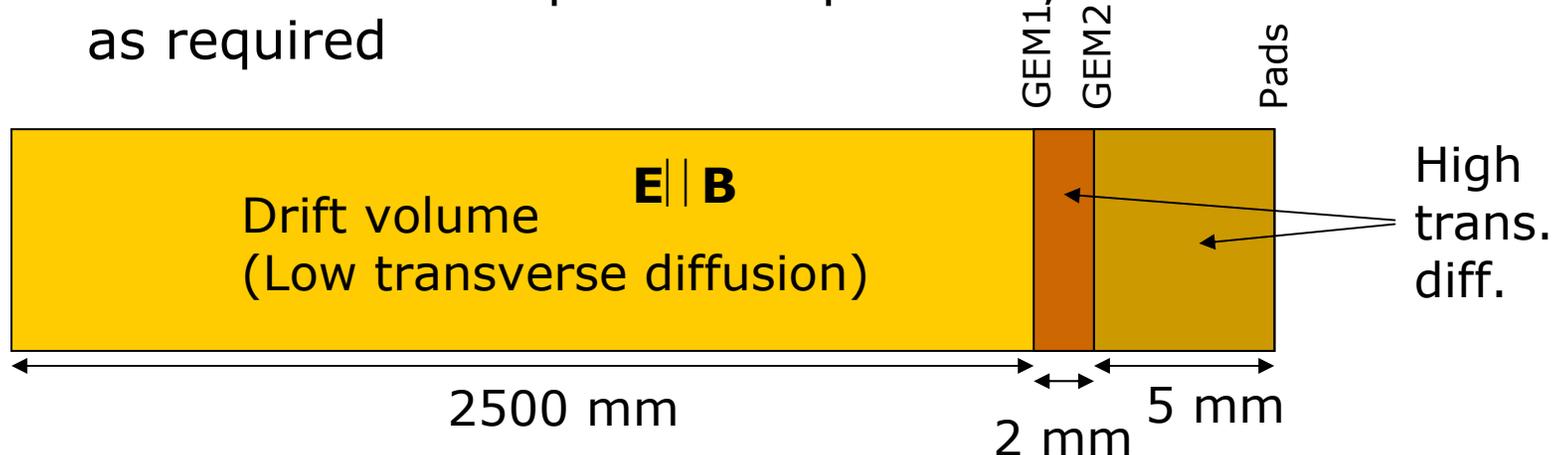
## □ Victoria TPC:

- 30 cm drift, double GEM, 2x7 mm<sup>2</sup> pads, STAR electronics

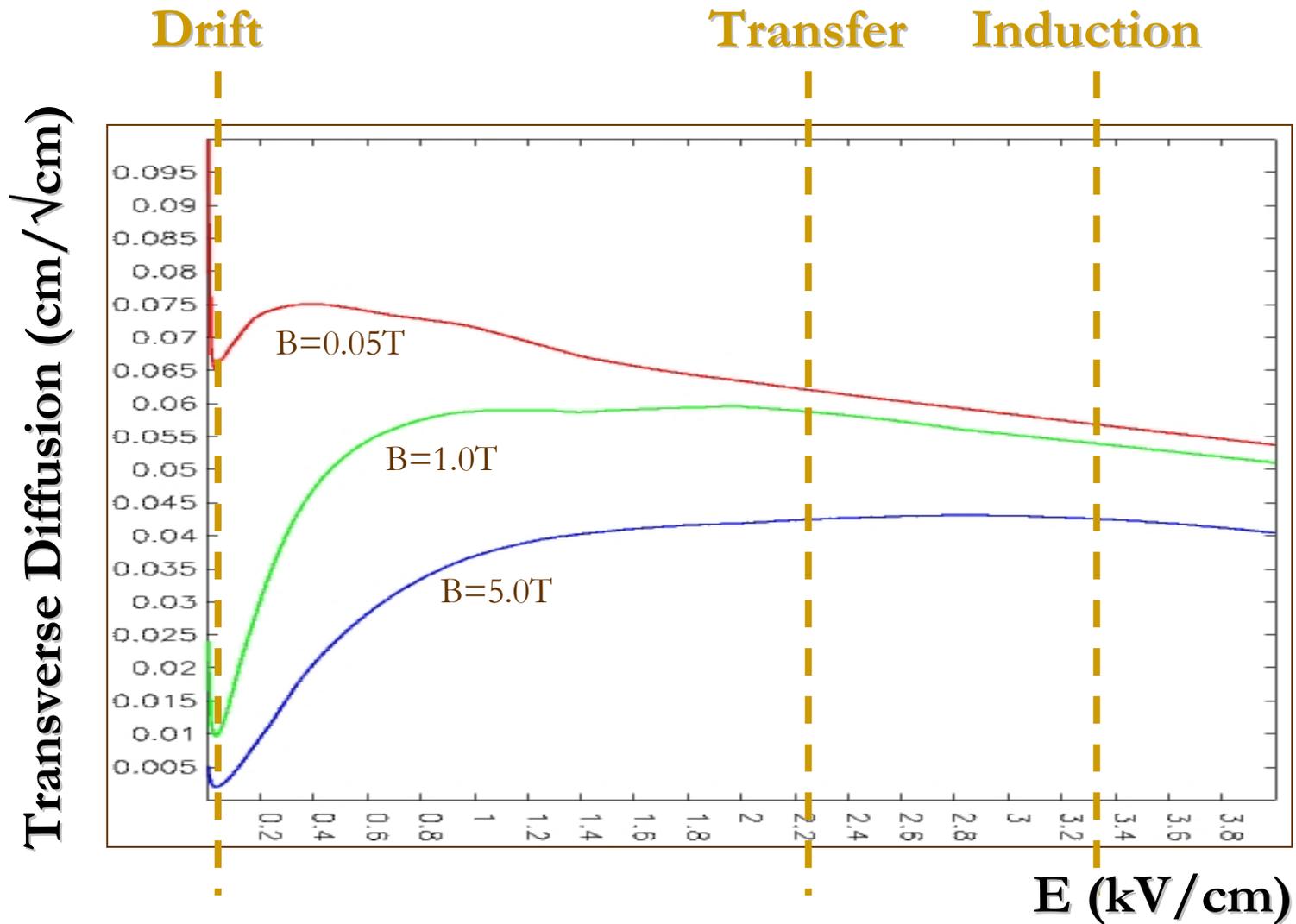


# TPCs with GEM readout

- Even with very low transverse diffusion in the drift volume, relatively wide pads (few mm) can be used with GEM readout:
  - Use gas diffusion between the GEMs to spread the charge over a larger region
    - Since the defocusing occurs during and after the gain stage, the track resolution is not sacrificed
    - For the best two-particle separation, defocus as little as required



# Example: P5



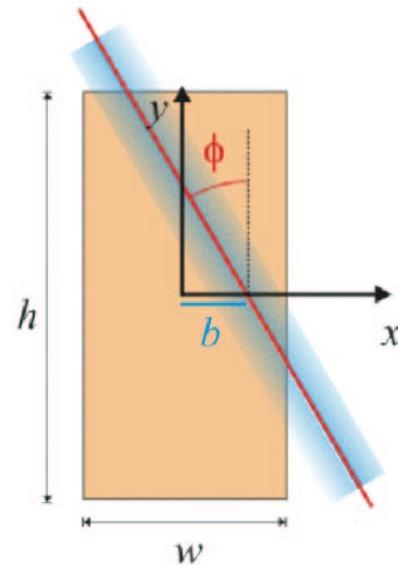
# Limited defocusing

- Minimum defocusing required to retain track resolution:

$$\sigma \approx \frac{1}{4} \text{ pad width}$$

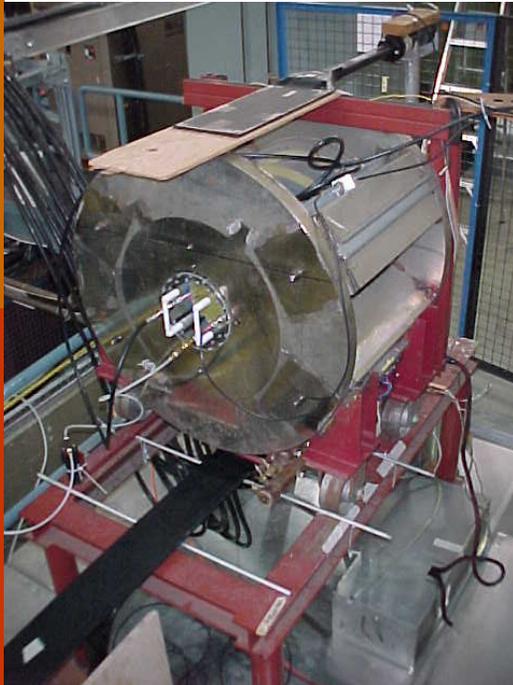
- Charge sharing typically over 2 pads:
  - Important to account for non-linear sharing
  - Track fitting is performed by maximum likelihood:

$$x_0, \phi_0, \sigma, r^{-1}$$



# First GEM-TPC tracking in B fields

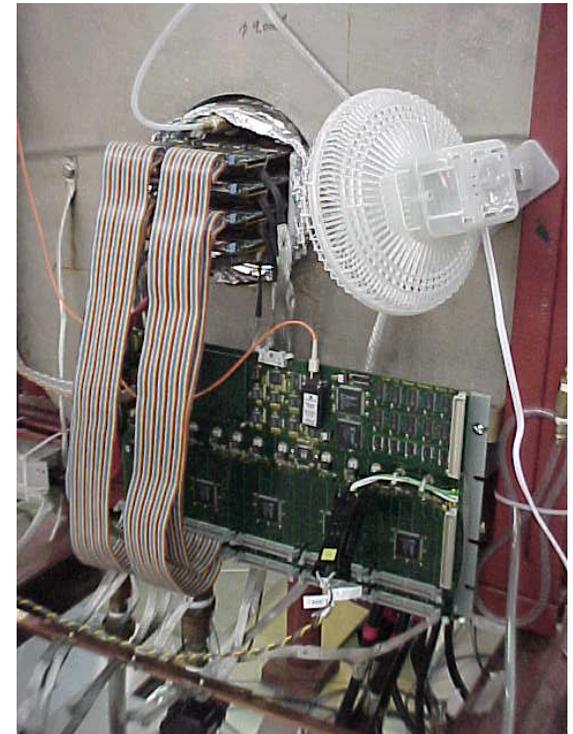
- TRIUMF tests (0 – 0.9 T)



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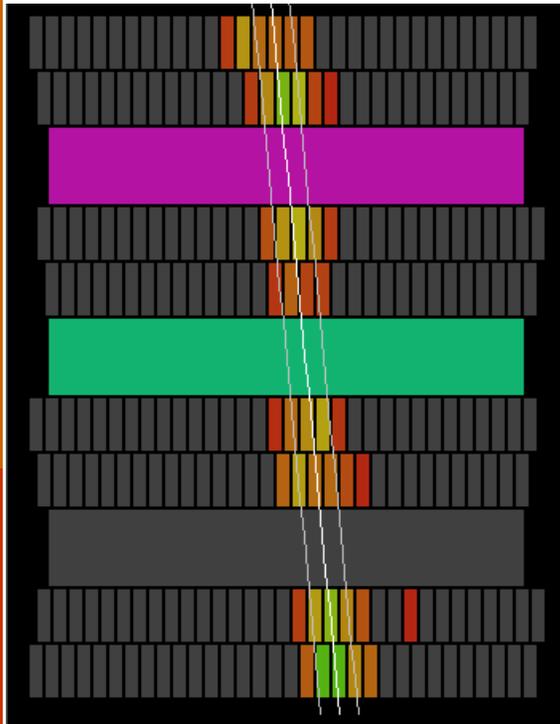
D. Karlen / University of Victoria & TRIUMF



# Example events at ~ 25 cm drift

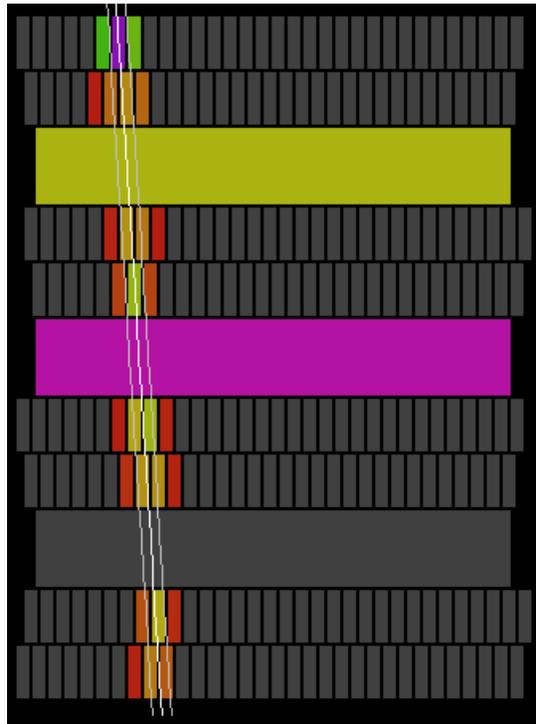
## □ Gas: P10

0 Tesla



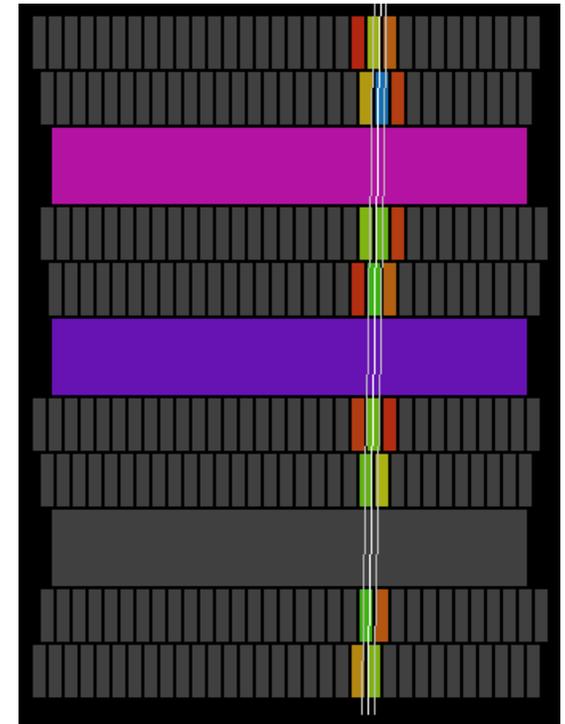
$\sigma = 2.3$  mm

0.45 Tesla



$\sigma = 1.2$  mm

0.9 Tesla

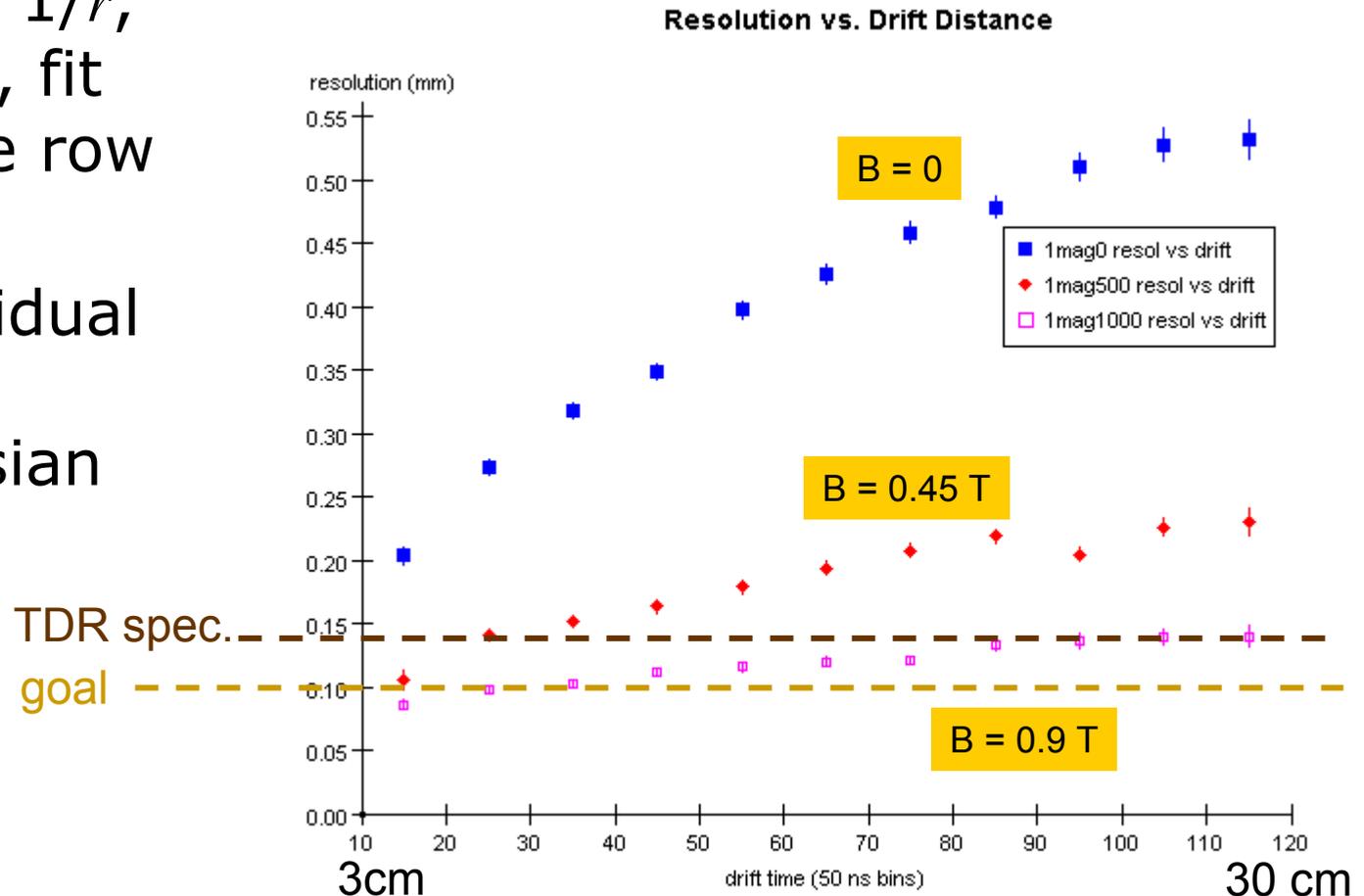


$\sigma = 0.8$  mm

# Tracking resolution (preliminary)

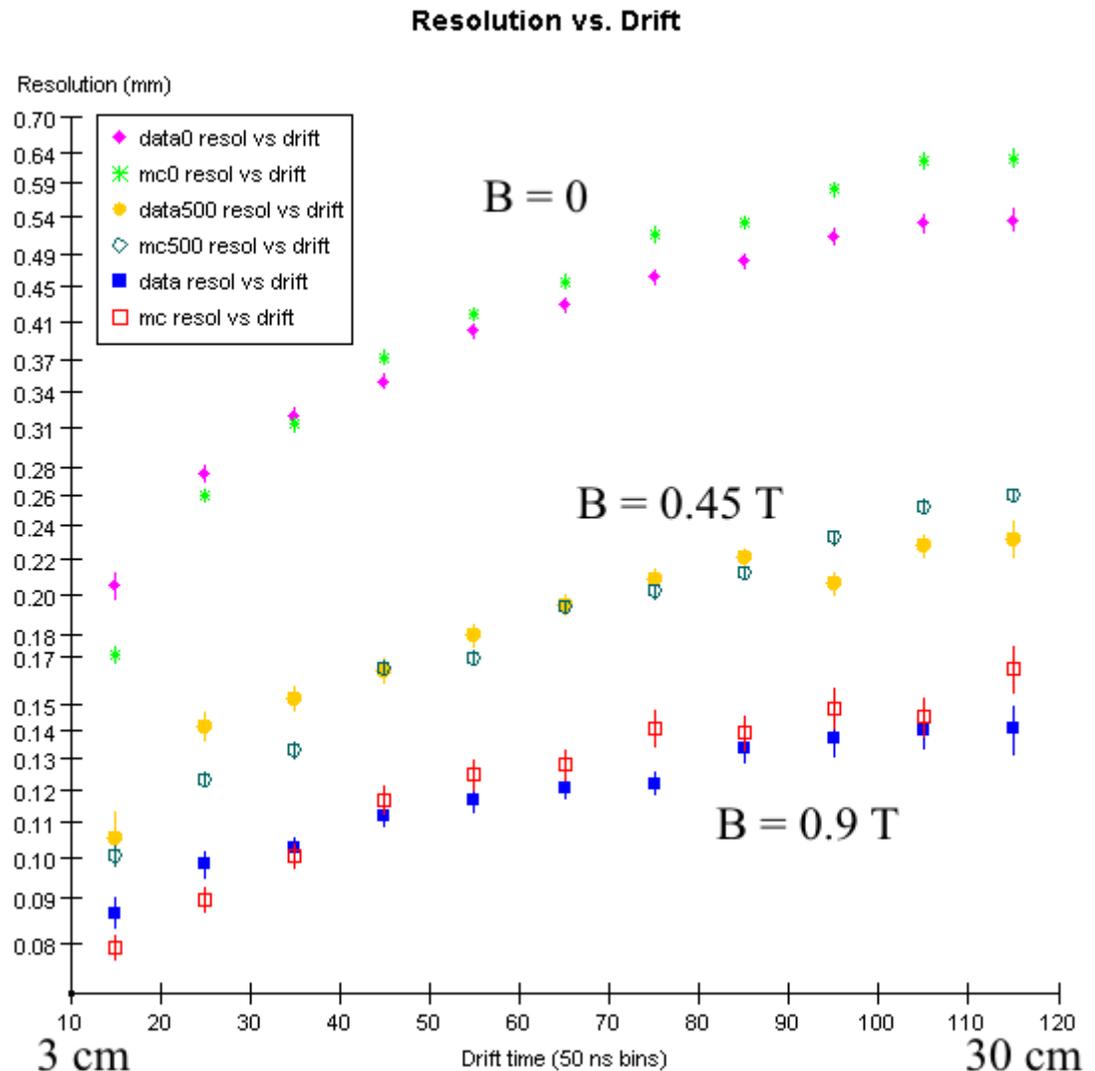
## □ Fit track to all but one row:

- fix  $\phi_0$ ,  $1/r$ , and  $\sigma$ , fit to one row alone
- $x_0$  residual fit to Gaussian

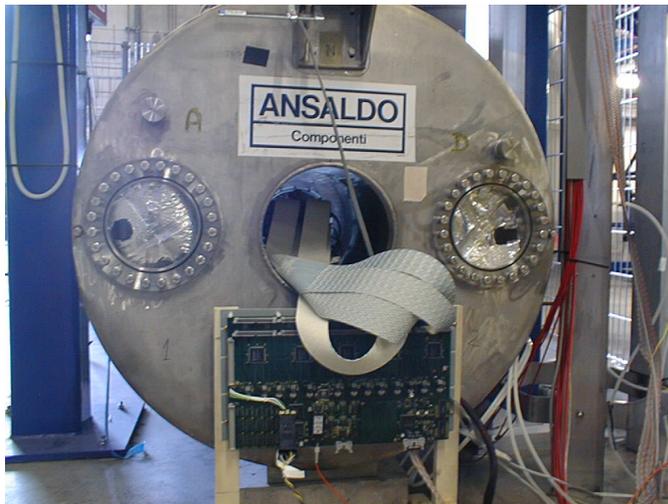


# Comparison with MC simulation

- Simple simulation of GEM operation
- Good agreement with data
- Preliminary results...

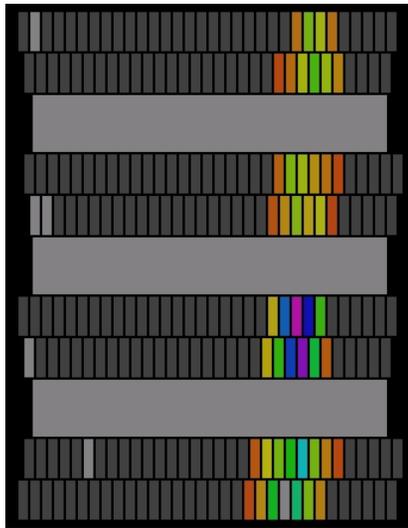


# DESY tests (0 – 5.3 T)

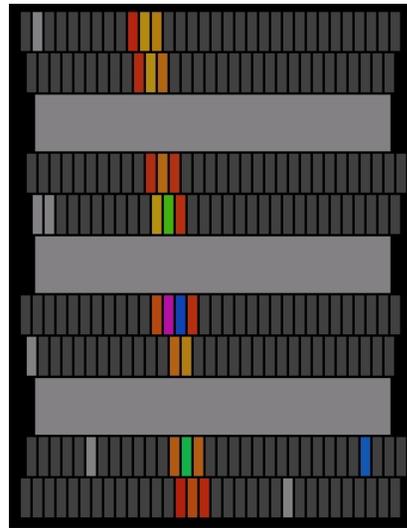


# Example events at $\sim 25$ cm drift

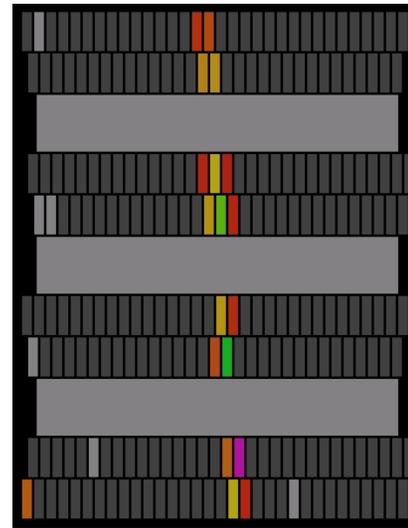
□ Gas: P5



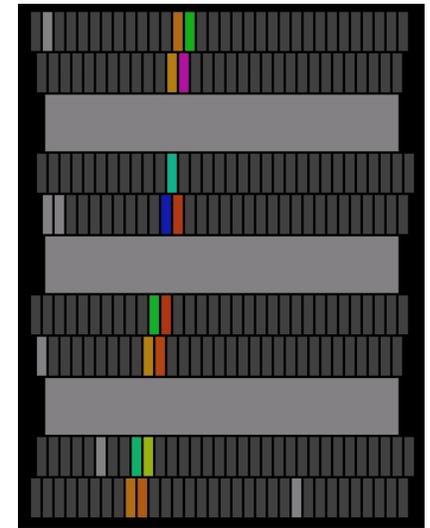
$B=0T$



$B=0.9T$

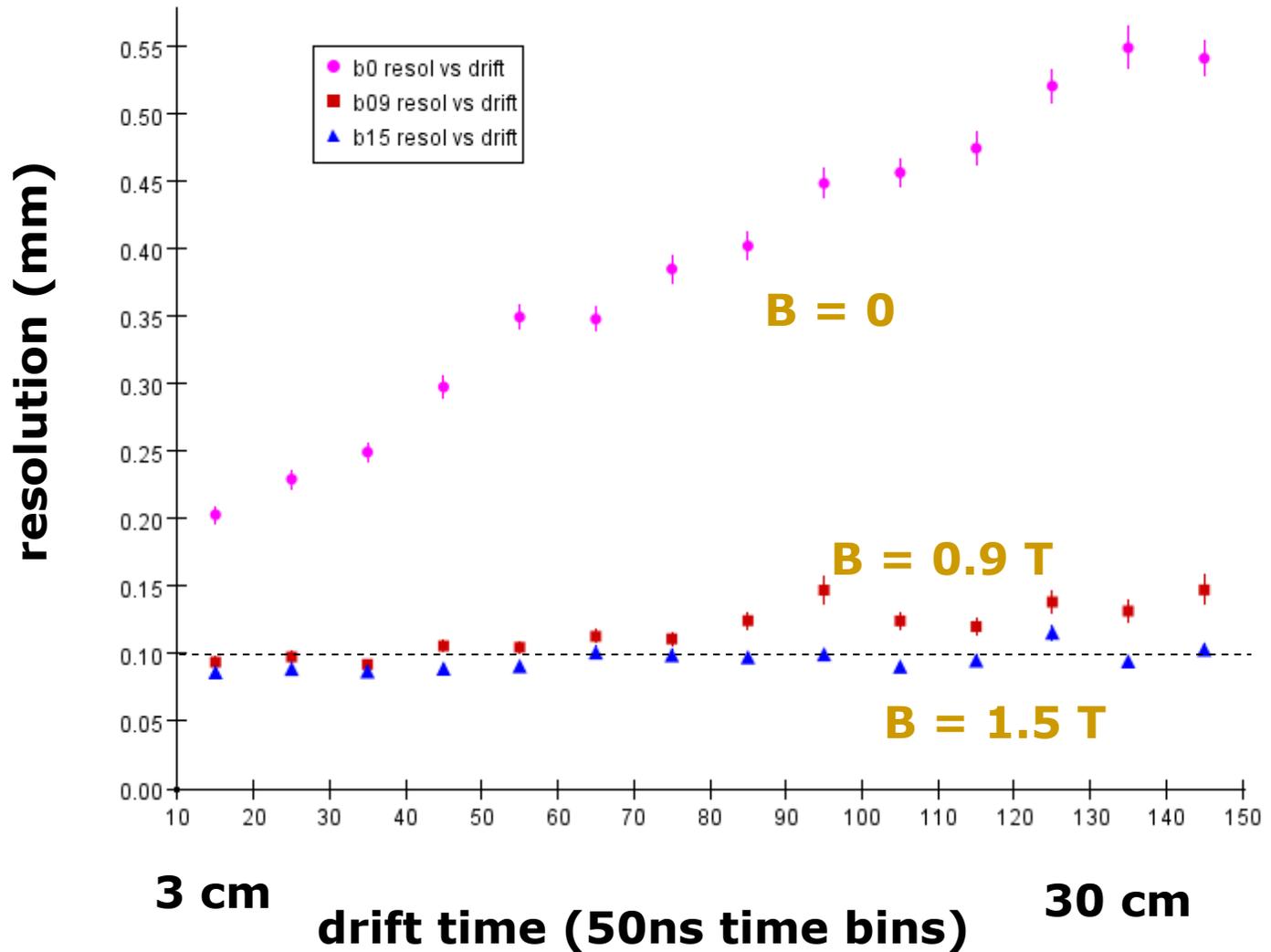


$B=2.5T$



$B=4.5T$

# Tracking resolution (preliminary)



# Preliminary results

- Tracking resolution  $\leq 100 \mu\text{m}$  for all drift distances for  $B \geq 1.5 \text{ T}$ 
  - Further improvement for higher fields not yet realized...
- Defocusing values larger than expected
  - Maintain  $\sigma \approx \frac{1}{4} w$

B(T)	$\sigma_0$ (mm)	sim $\sigma_0$ (mm)
0.	1.14	0.21
0.9	0.66	0.43
1.5	0.60	0.42
2.5	0.52	0.40
3.5	0.53	0.38
4.5	0.55	0.36
5.3	0.51	-

# Plans for the coming year...

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- Full analysis of DESY/TRIUMF data sets
- Further modification of STAR readout electronics:
  - Remove baseline ramp-up during first  $0.5 \mu\text{s}$ 
    - Remove reset of preamp at each trigger
  - Remove ion tail correction
- Try out micromegas readout (Purdue/3M), with resistive anode to spread signal
  - Build a second readout endplate for quick change between GEM and micromegas

# Plans for the coming year...(cont.)

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- Prepare for laser tests in 5T DESY magnet
  - Build a new outer acrylic cylinder with quartz windows
  - Design remote laser transport optics for use in DESY magnet (2 cm clearance)
  - Perform laser tests without field in Canada
  - If all goes well, bring system to DESY (late summer 2004?)
    - Study distortions with single tracks: calibration
    - Demonstrate 2 track resolving power
    - Examine distortions from ion feedback
    - Compare GEM and micromegas readouts