



PEP-II Disassembly Technical Systems

PEP-II D&D Review

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Outline

- Project safety
- Disassembly of technical systems
 - Shielding
 - Vac/Mechanical
 - Cable trays and cables
 - RF systems
 - Power supplies
 - Controls
- PEP-Injection
- Cost summary
- Next steps

Basic assumptions

- Only items with general reuse capability will be preserved
- No attempt to prepare a general schedule has been made
- All costs will be expressed in 2007 dollars with SLAC general rate of assigned indirect expenses (38% on labor, 5% on purchases)

Safety Concerns

- It is critical that the dismantling of PEP-II is accomplished while protecting the safety of all workers and the environment.
- Areas of greatest concern
 - Electrical
 - Hoisting/Rigging/Material Handling
 - Fire Protection
 - Construction/Demolition Workplace Hazards
 - Fall Protection, Compressed Gasses
 - Tracking & Management of Activated, Hazardous, & Mixed wastes

Electrical Safety

- Electrical Safety program for Final Focus Test Beam was successful. Experience from this project can be readily applied to PEP-II.
- PEP2 is much more complex than FFTB and has new challenges.
 - Conventional and experimental sources of energy are more numerous. Multiple systems (HER & LER, High- & Low-voltage) are commingled.
 - Some PEP-I cables are abandoned in cable trays and covered with PEP-II cables.
- SLAC has made good progress in identifying and labeling electrical hazards.

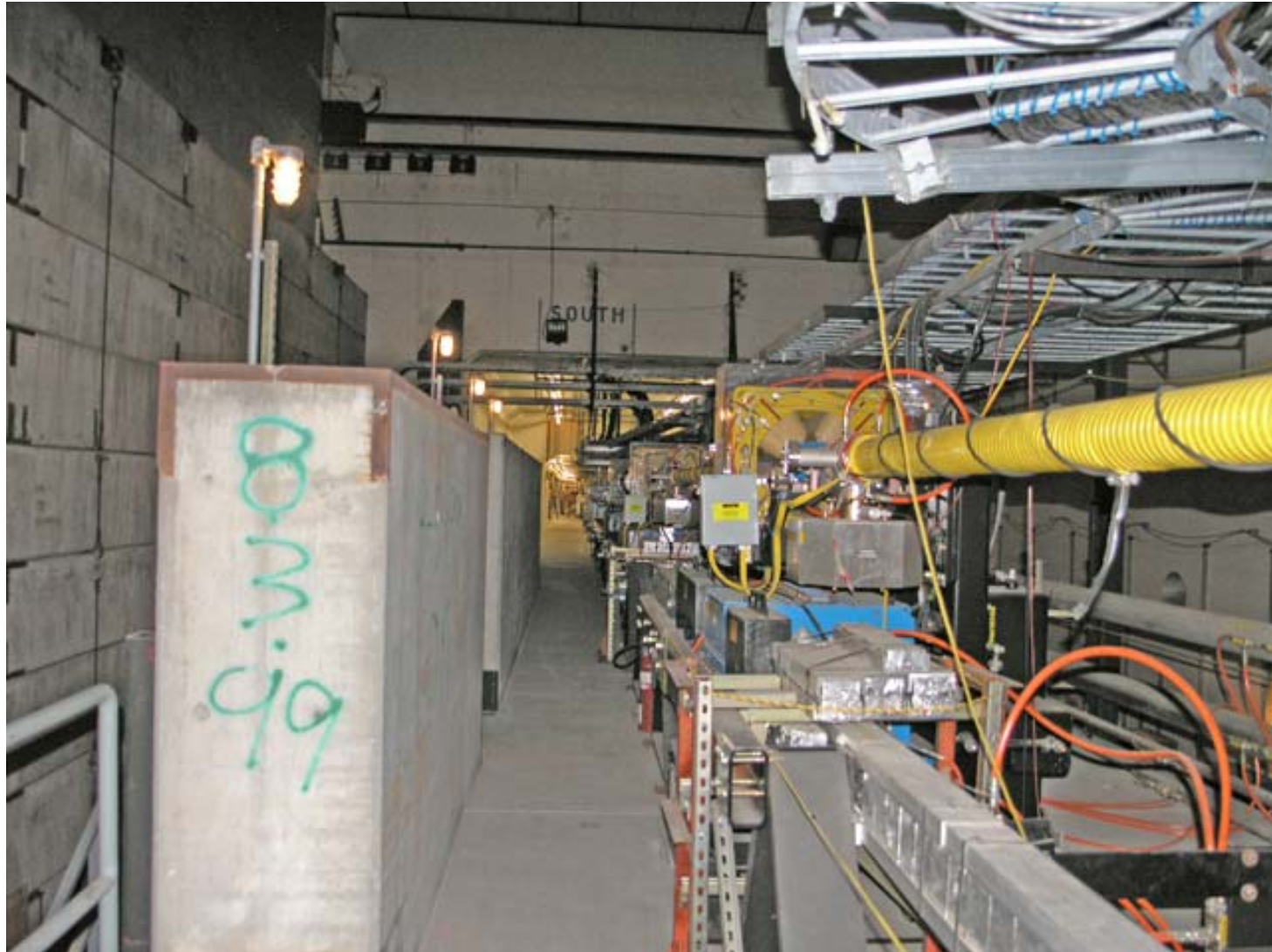


Davis-Bacon Act

- It is assumed that the dismantling of the PEP-II technical systems will be covered by the Davis-Bacon Act.
- Davis-Bacon covered work estimated to be 20.4 M\$
- Certain tasks which require specialized skills will likely be performed by SLAC staff.
- Davis-Bacon exempted work estimated to be 13.4 M\$, mostly in project management

Shielding Removal

- 5 IR shielding walls
- IR-8 & IR-12 bridge shielding walls
- Straight section on-bridge steel & lead
- IR-2 tunnel shielding (A&B sides)
- Estimated cost 217 k\$



LER Magnet Support Raft Removal

- Remove entire rafts including captured beampipes
- Need to design/procure lifting tools
- Recover & store rod ends
- Transport from tunnel to magnet disassembly location
 - Dipole weight: 2200 lbs
 - Quadrupole weight: 1950 lbs
 - Sextupole weight: 370 lbs
- LER vacuum/mechanical removal estimated cost 1,695 k\$



HER Magnet Removal

- Quad rafts to be removed with captured beampipes
- Dipole chambers to be removed separately from dipole magnets
- Need to design/procure lifting tools
- Recover & store rod ends
- Transport from tunnel to magnet disassembly location
 - Dipole weight: 14,750 lbs
 - Quadrupole weight: 4,130 lbs
 - Sextupole weight: 370 lbs
 - Dipole chamber weight: 650 lbs
- HER vacuum/mechanical removal estimated cost 1,615 k\$



Vacuum Pumps

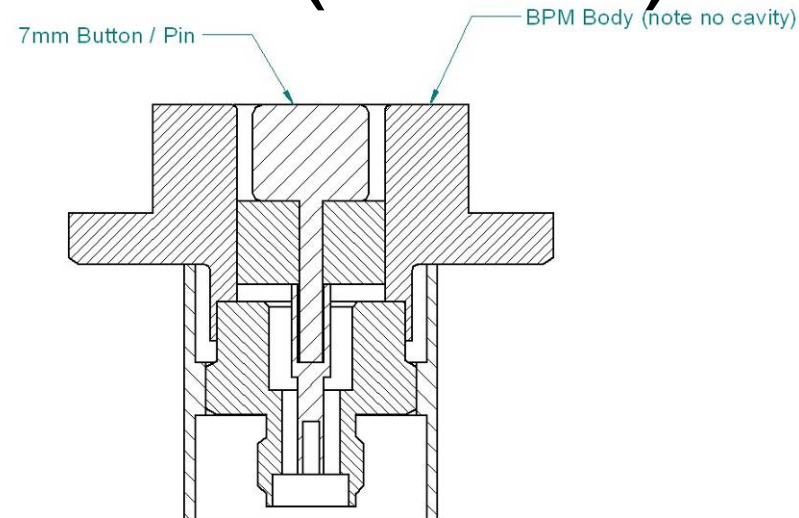
- Vent to dry nitrogen
- Blank off for storage
- Protect HV feedthrough
- Weight of pumps range from 9 lbs. (25 l/s) to 294 lbs. (500 l/s)

Also recover valves, gauges,
& Ti Sub Pumps (TSPs)



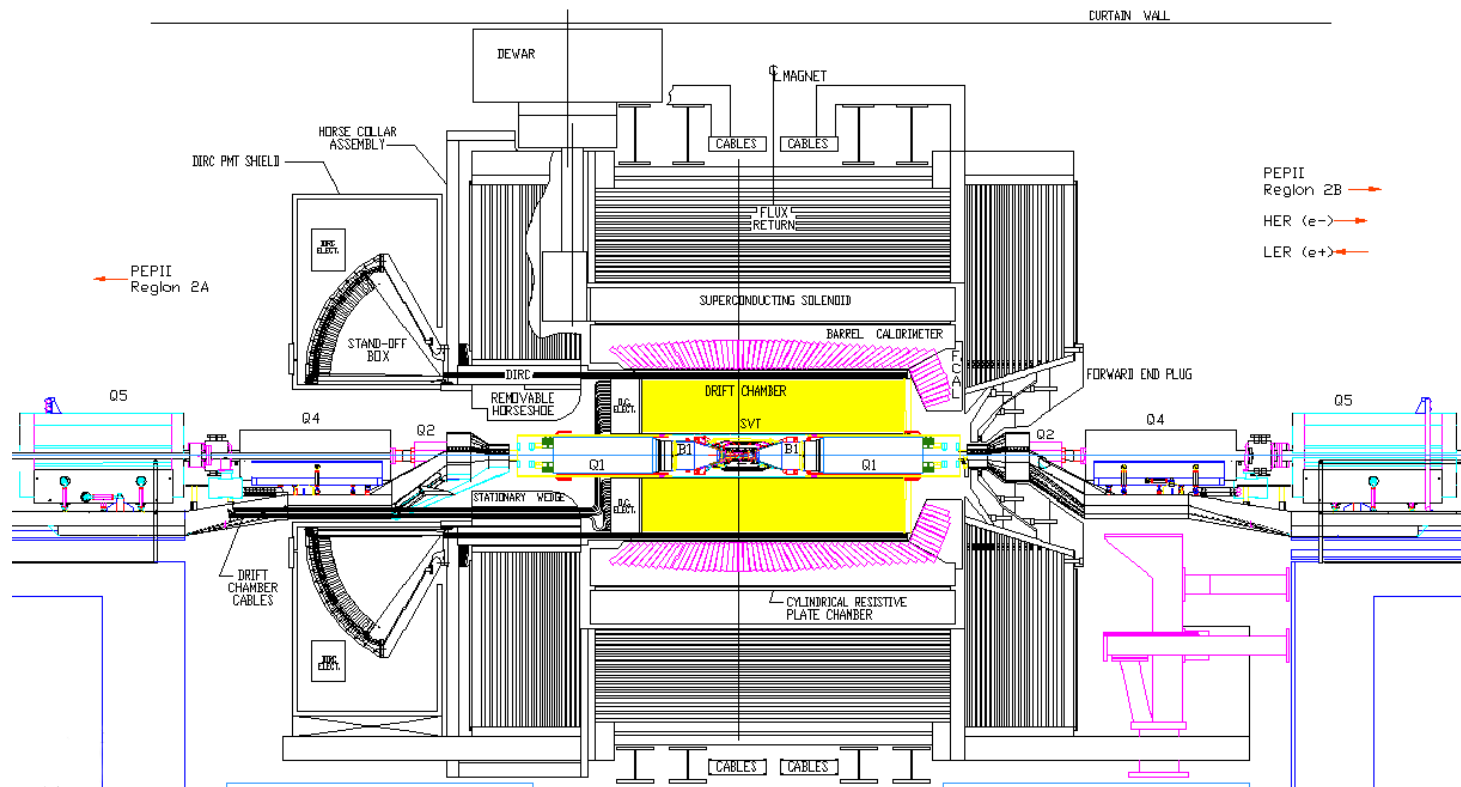
Beam Position Monitors (BPMs)

- Save flanged button/feedthrough assemblies
 - ~900 units @ \$400 each
 - Handle & store as UHV components
- Cut and discard cables
- FIBs, processors have no reuse
 - PEP-II specific designs
 - Technology has progressed since mid 1990's



Interaction Region

- Previously disassembled in 2002 for BaBar SVT change
- One month to remove beamline equipment from $Z = -15$ m to $+8$ m ($IP=0$)
- Requires combined efforts of PEP and BaBar groups



Section through BaBar & near IR
For information only, do not scale

Acad Drg- BabarSection2
Dwn- S.J.Metcalf
This Revision- 4/23/01

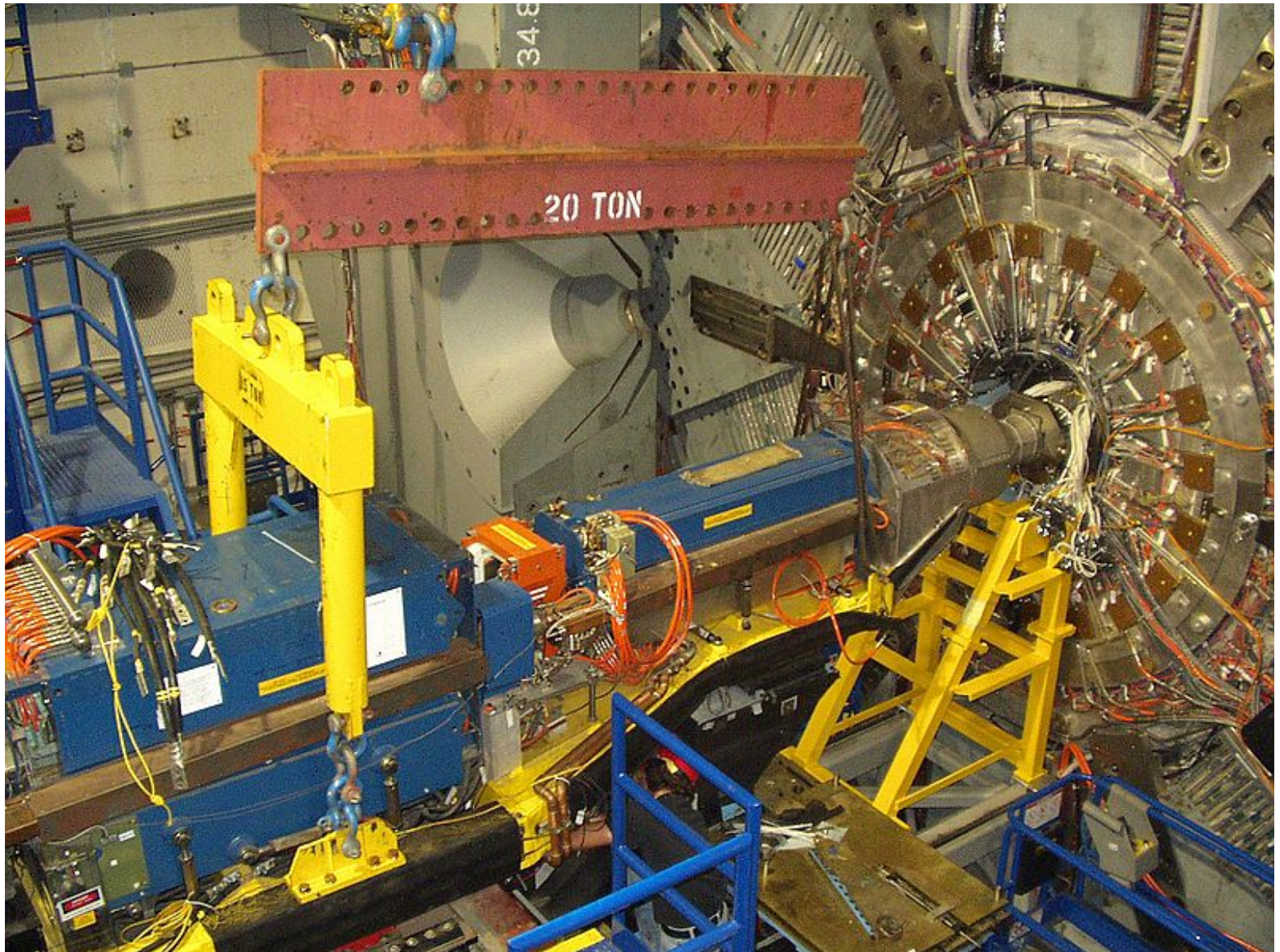
Portion of 2002 IR/BaBar Schedule

Task ID	Task Name	Duration	Start	Finish	Gantt Chart																	
					May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep													
205	⊕ Preliminary work	3.5 days	Mon 7/1/02	Fri 7/5/02																		
210	⊕ BABAR WORK, PHASE 1 (Pre ST Removal)	69 days	Mon 7/1/02	Mon 10/7/02																		
369	⊖ Remove Backward Raft	29.8 days	Fri 7/5/02	Thu 8/15/02																		
370	⊖ Disconnect Backward PEP II Services	4.5 days	Fri 7/5/02	Thu 7/11/02																		
371	Disconnect TC Cables	0.5 days	Fri 7/5/02	Fri 7/5/02																		
372	Disconnect Power Cables	2 days	Fri 7/5/02	Mon 7/8/02																		
373	Secure Cables to Raft	0.5 days	Tue 7/9/02	Tue 7/9/02																		
374	Drain, Disconnect & Plug Water Cooling Systems	2 days	Tue 7/9/02	Thu 7/11/02																		
375	⊖ Disconnect Backward SVT Services	4.35 days	Fri 7/5/02	Thu 7/11/02																		
376	Drain, Flush and Disconnect Cooling System	0.25 days	Fri 7/5/02	Fri 7/5/02																		
377	Disconnect Dry Air Hoses	0.1 days	Fri 7/5/02	Fri 7/5/02																		
378	Disconnect White Cables at Front of Raft	0.5 days	Fri 7/5/02	Fri 7/5/02																		
379	Disconnect White Cables at MUX Racks	3 days	Fri 7/5/02	Wed 7/10/02																		
380	Secure Cables at Raft	0.5 days	Wed 7/10/02	Thu 7/11/02																		
381	⊕ Disconnect Backward DC Services	5.7 days	Fri 7/5/02	Mon 7/15/02																		
395	⊕ Disconnect Backward Vacuum	2 days	Wed 7/10/02	Fri 7/12/02																		
400	⊕ Disconnect ST and Raft, Remove Backward Raft	23.25 days	Mon 7/15/02	Thu 8/15/02																		
413	⊕ Remove Beamlines in Tunnel to -15m from IP	8.75 days	Fri 7/5/02	Wed 7/17/02																		
430	⊕ Remove Forward Raft	15.3 days	Tue 7/9/02	Tue 7/30/02																		
457	Replace Q2 Chamber on Forward Raft	16.81 days	Tue 7/30/02	Thu 8/22/02																		
459	⊕ Install supports and remove Support Tube	2.8 days	Mon 7/29/02	Thu 8/1/02																		
469	⊕ Prepare to close Forward Doors	1.5 days	Thu 8/1/02	Mon 8/5/02																		
475	⊕ BABAR WORK, PHASE 2 (ST Removed)	67.05 days	Fri 8/9/02	Wed 11/13/02																		
640	⊕ ST Repairs	47.9 days	Thu 8/1/02	Wed 10/9/02																		
651	⊕ OPEN FORWARD DOORS	1.5 days	Tue 10/8/02	Wed 10/9/02																		

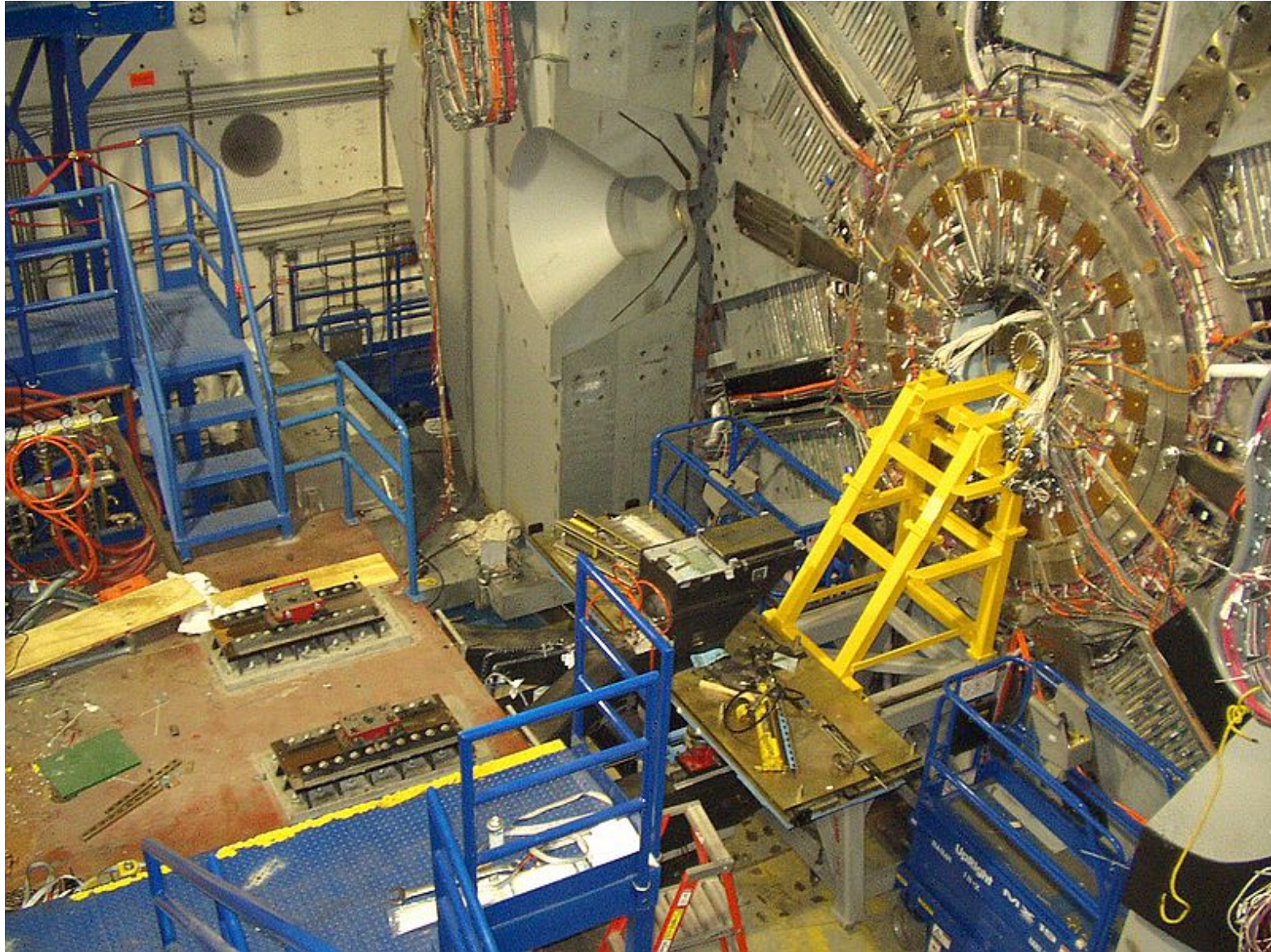
Schedule contains 794 task and roll-up items

Forward Raft Removal

BaBar doors
opened,
cables and
services
disconnected
to permit
access

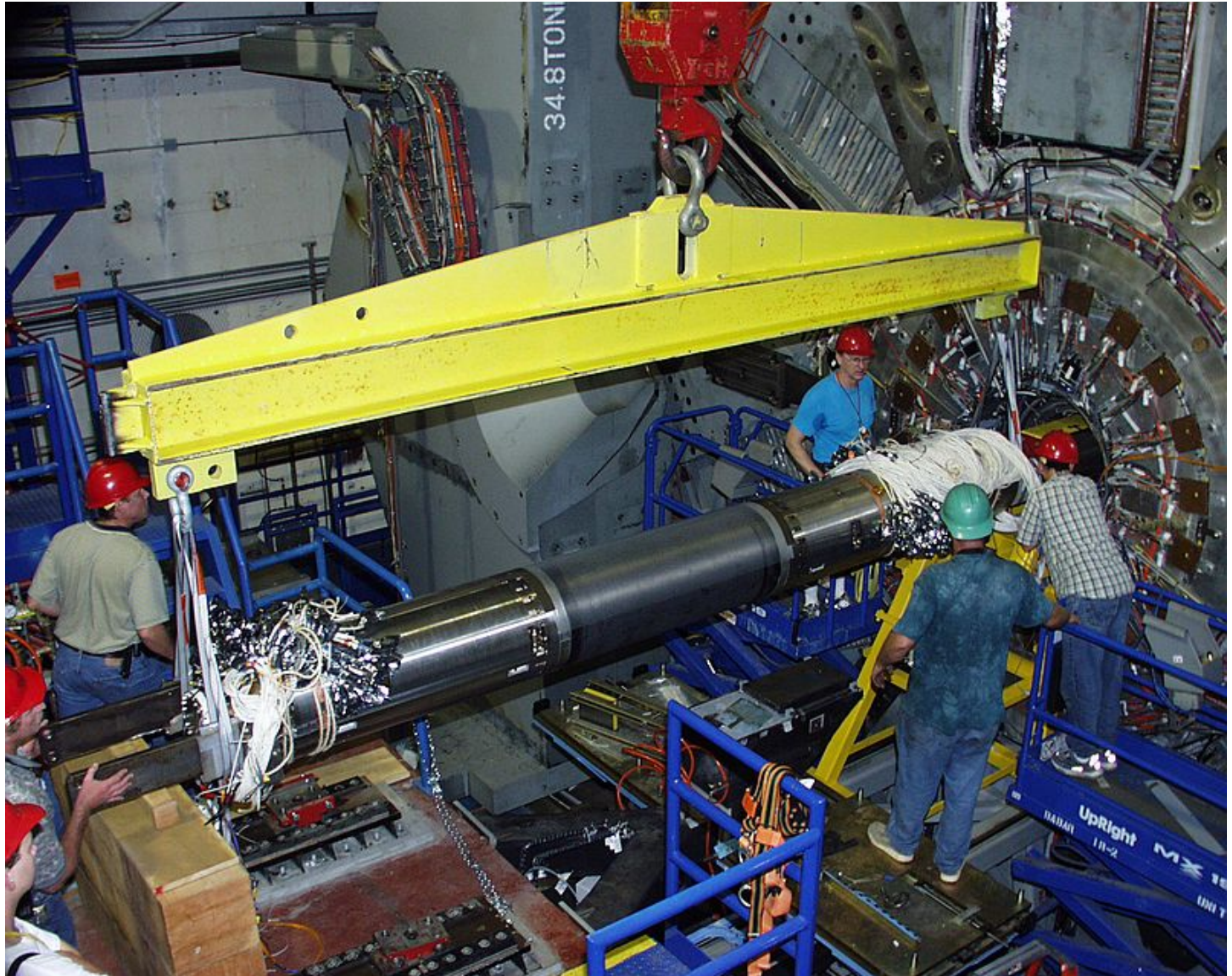


Forward Raft Removed



Support Tube Removal

Carbon fiber center section encloses SVT



Support Tube Disassembly

- Three weeks to remove SVT from support tube
- PEP permanent magnets require special handling during disassembly and storage
- Disassembly and disposal of beryllium central beampipe will require coordination with E,S,&H experts



Photo courtesy of Peter Ginter

Cable Trays- FFTB Experience

- FFTB removed in 2006
- Cable plant deenergized, “arterial cuts” made, then cable tray was cut into manageable sections *in situ* and removed
- 645 feet of beamline, cable trays, & housing removed
- Costs (SLAC + Davis-Bacon contractor) 522 k\$ or ~ \$809/foot

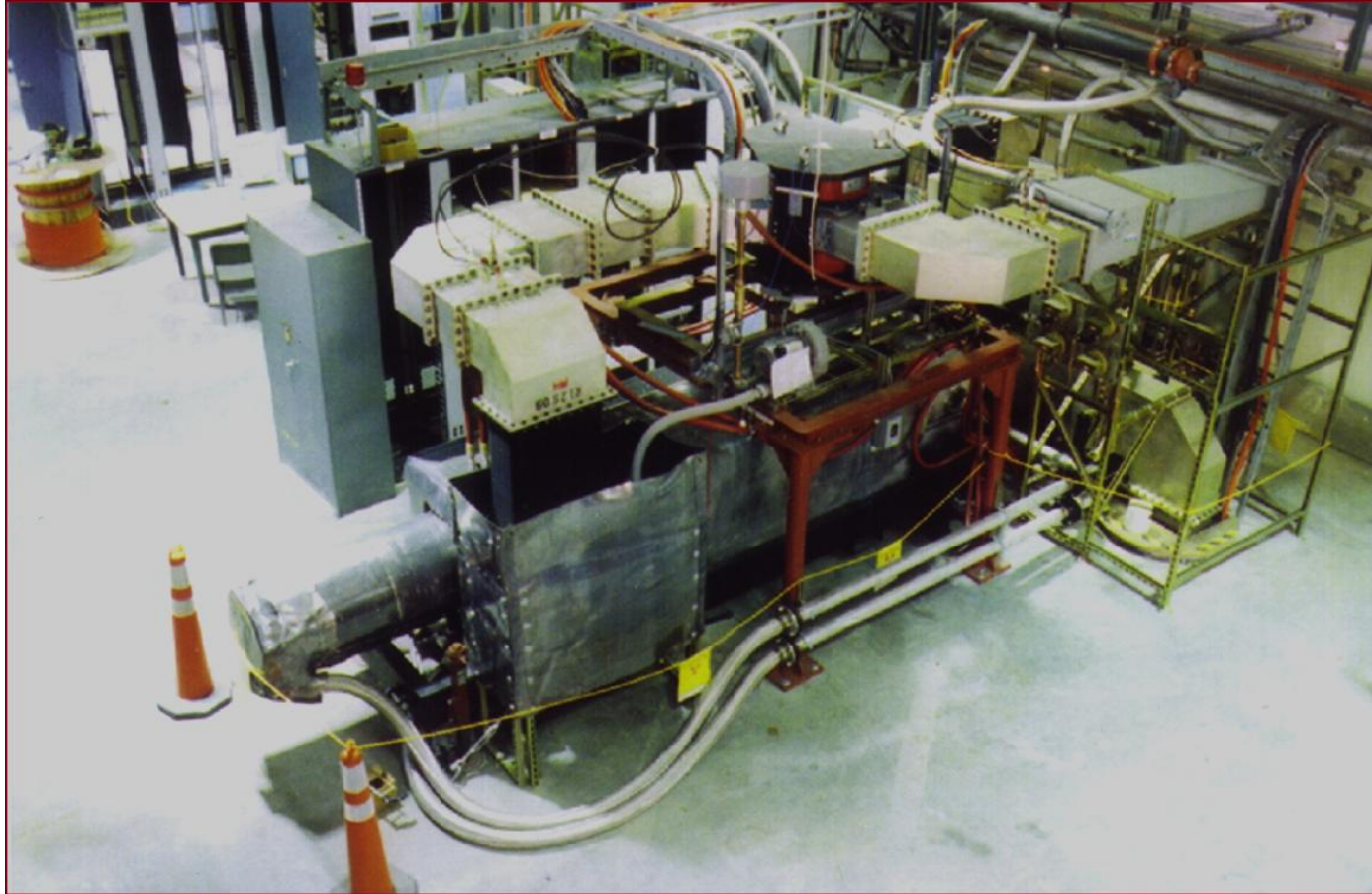


Cable Trays in PEP

- Generally 4 trays (arranged in a 2 x 2 pattern) throughout tunnel
- Each tray much more heavily loaded than FFTB
- Ceiling mounting adds to difficulty of removal
- Using FFTB rate as a baseline:
- \$809/ft x 7200 ft (PEP circumference) x 2.5 (factor for greater amount of PEP-II trays per linear foot) =
~ **14.526 M\$**



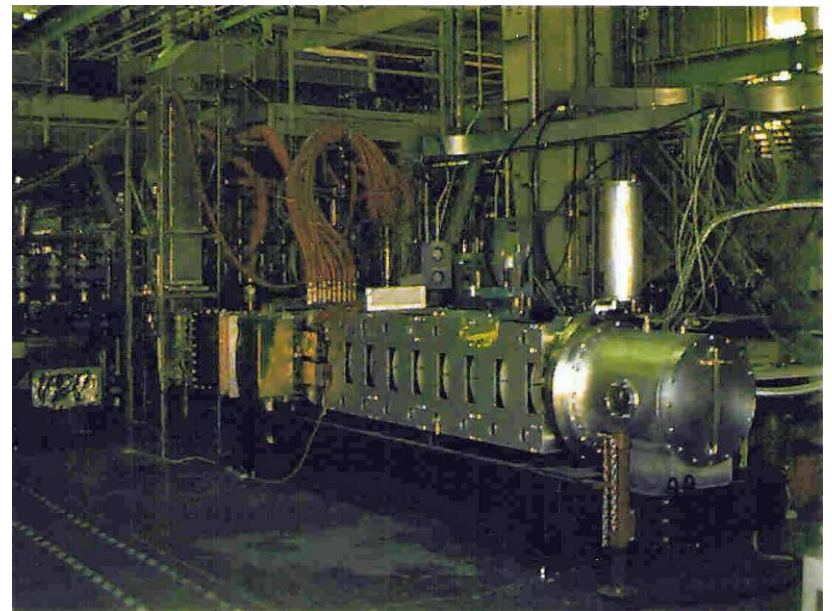
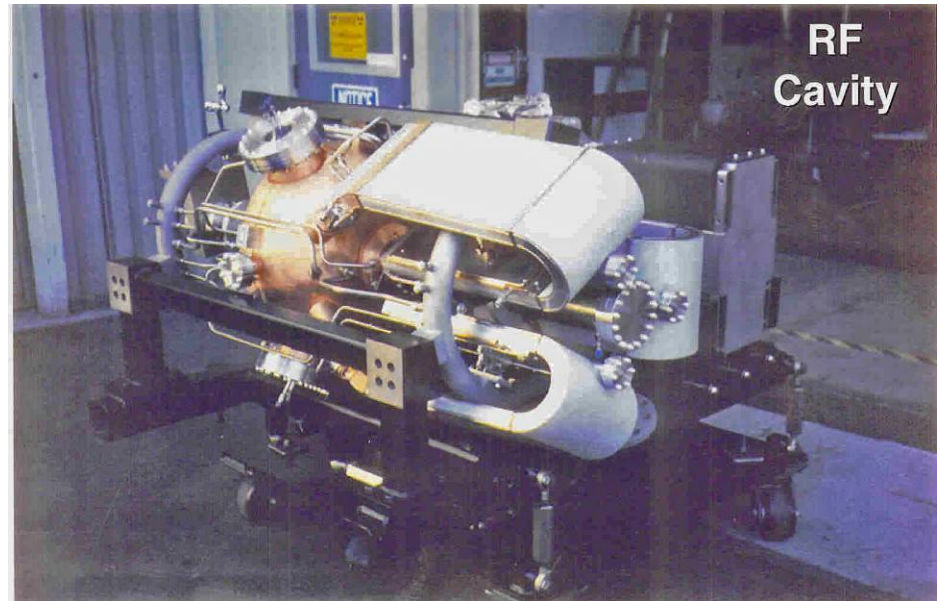
RF Systems



- Many items identical to SPEAR RF
 - Major components to recover:
 - Klystrons
 - Circulators
 - Waveguide
 - Low Level RF
 - Water racks
- 15 stations to dismantle and store

RF Systems

- Components designed for transport on supports
- LLRF can be transported in existing racks
- Recent experience with installation gives good confidence in disassembly plans
 - Disassembly estimated to require 220 days and 966 k\$.
 - Parallel work possible (Components installed in three PEP Regions)



RF Removal Schedule

Task ID	Task Name	Duration	Predecessors	Remaining Cost	Resource	Jul 22, '07									
						S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S		
1	PEP RF Removal and Storage	220 days		\$699,791.52											
2	Coordinate PEP RF Removal	220 days		\$114,470.40	KLYC										
3	Provide UTR support	220 days		\$151,307.20	CEFE										
4	Region 8 (3 Stations)	49 days		\$120,266.60											
5	LOTO power, water, pressurized air	0.5 days		\$1,003.46											
6	Remove the fuses from 12kv switchgear	0.5 days		\$448.00	CEFFPM										0%
7	Loto RF system water pumps on pad	0.5 days		\$448.00	CEFFPM										%]
8	LOTO pressurized dry air system	0.25 days		\$107.46	KLYT										
9	Remove 3 klystrons from B685 and store	4 days	5	\$5,464.98											
10	Disconnect water	1 day		\$896.00	CEFFPM										200%]
11	Disconnect HV cable	0.5 days		\$520.32	PEM TE										200%]
12	Disconnect waveguide	0.5 days		\$429.84	KLYT[2]]
13	Disconnect LLRF cables	0.25 days		\$107.46	KLYT										
14	Move klystrons to storage	1 day	10,11,12,1	\$1,792.00	CEFFPM										IR[400%]
15	Store klystrons under vacuum	2 days	14	\$1,719.36	KLYT[2]										KLYT[200%]
16	Remove 3 circulators from B685 and store	5.5 days	9	\$5,678.72											
21	Remove 3 water racks from B685 and store	12 days	28	\$10,752.00											
28	Remove 3 waveguide systems from B685 and store	20 days	16	\$21,140.80											
35	Remove Cabling and trays from B685	40 days		\$35,840.00											
42	Remove 12 RF cavities from PR08	30.5 days		\$32,395.28											
47	Remove LLRF equipment	9 days		\$7,991.36											
52	Region 12 (6 Stations)	66 days	4	\$156,873.66											
53	LOTO power, water, pressurized air	1 day		\$1,451.46											
57	Remove 6 klystrons from B725 and store	8 days	53	\$10,033.96											

RF High-Voltage Power Supplies

- 15 HVPSs installed in PEP (one for each Klystron)
- Secondary containment required if stored while filled with oil
- Cost to disassemble, transport, & store estimated at 689 k\$



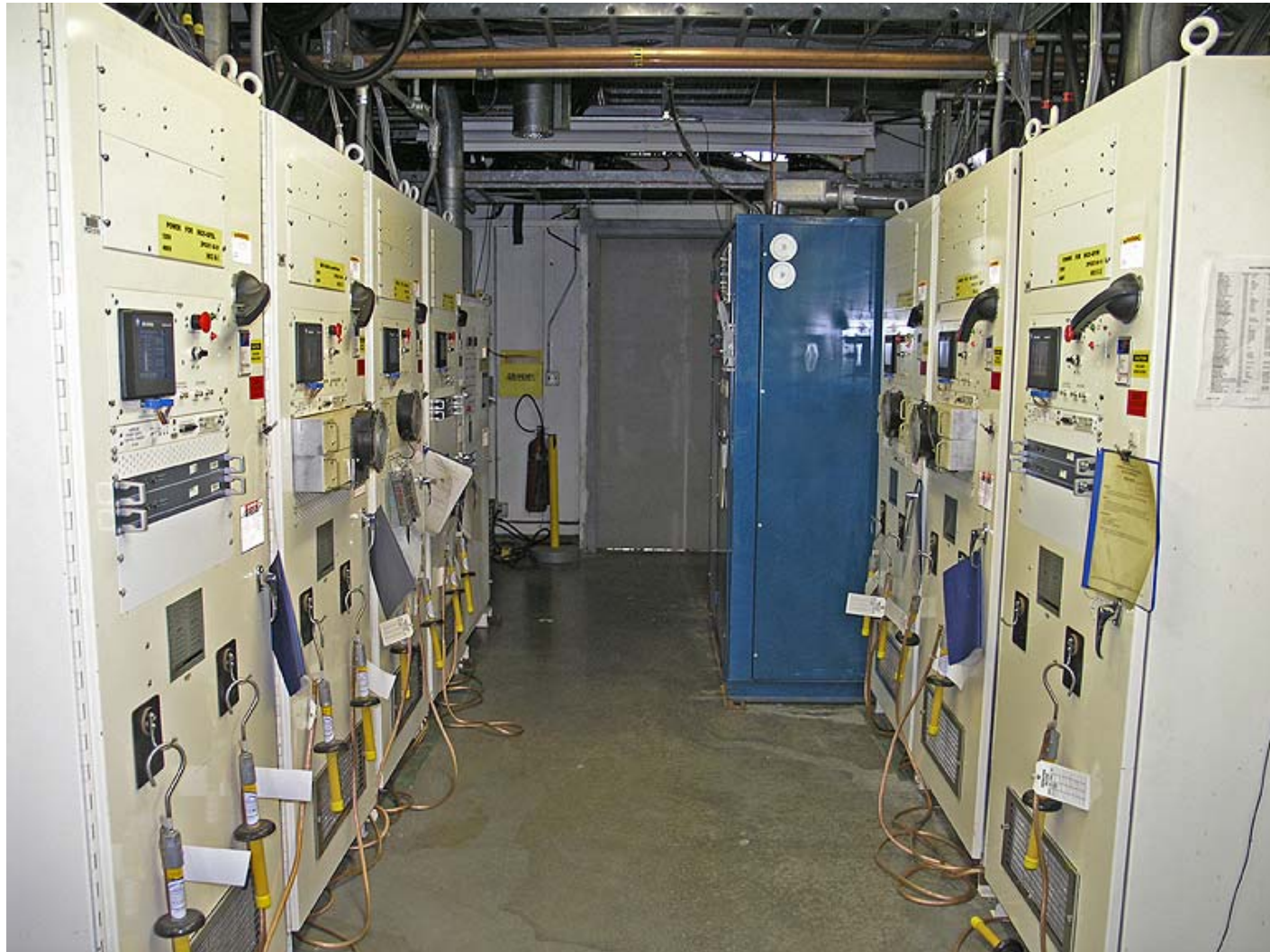
Power Supplies

- Experience from recent FFTB work
- Similar to Electrical Work Plan “*FFTB Beam Line Magnet Disconnection for Removal ...*”, CPE 0129
- Rack mounted power supplies (321)
 - Most use BITBUS interface
 - Identical to SPEAR power supplies
 - MCORs can replace existing SCORs deployed in many areas at SLAC
- Free standing power supplies (15)
 - Can all be used as spares for LCLS



Power Supplies

- Experience from recent FFTB work
- Similar to Electrical Work Plan “*FTTB Beam Line Magnet Disconnection for Removal ...*”, CPE 0129
- Rack mounted power supplies (401)
 - Most use BITBUS interface
 - Identical to SPEAR power supplies
 - MCORs can replace existing SCORs deployed in many areas at SLAC
- Free standing power supplies (35)
 - Can all be used as spares for LCLS
- Estimated cost 955.2 k\$



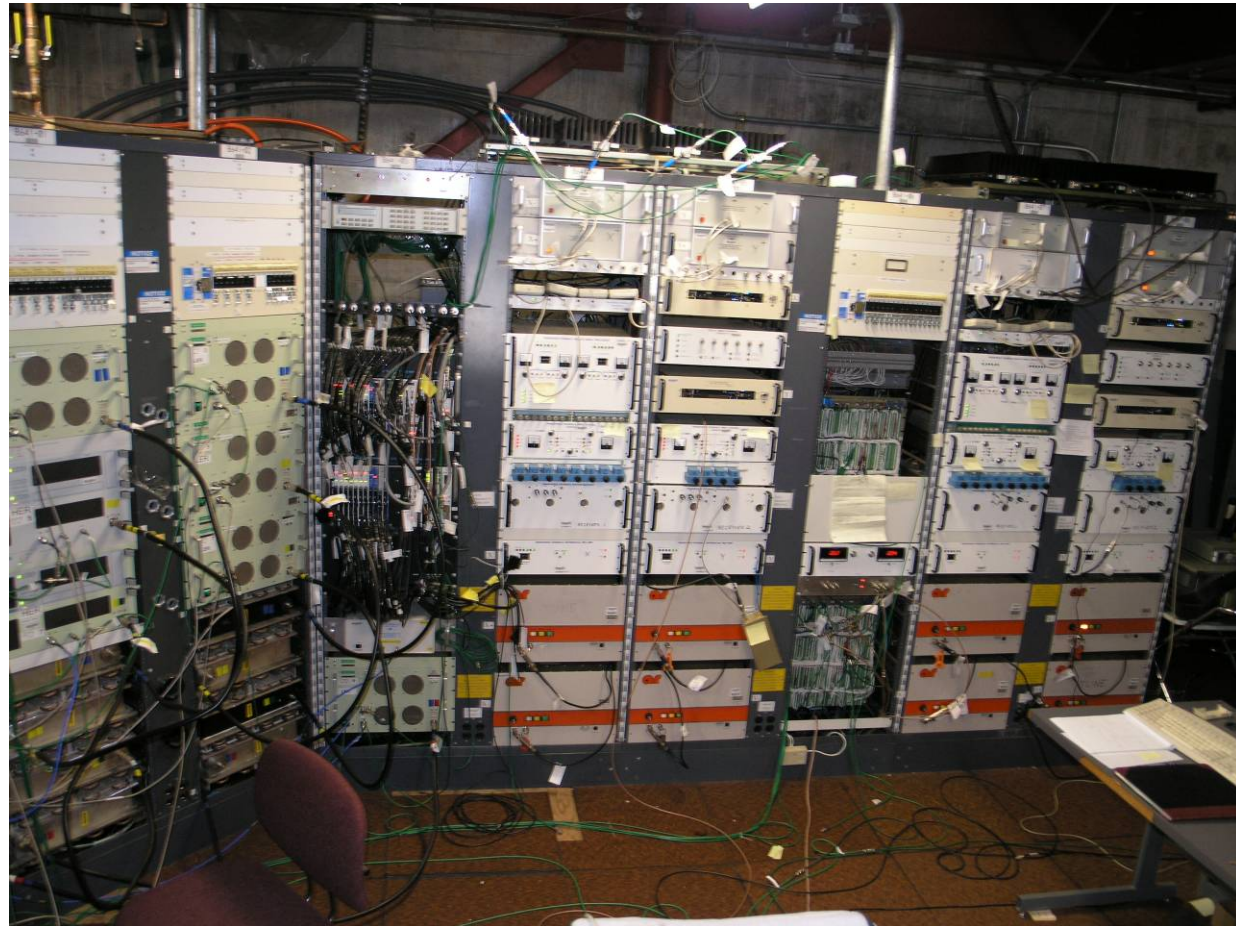
PPS Systems

- Beamline devices (stoppers, current monitors, ...) to be preserved
- PPS keybanks to be recovered for use at other locations at SLAC



Feedback systems

- Beamline devices to be preserved
- Power amplifiers (10 @ 150 k\$ ea. purchase price) should be preserved.
- Other system elements to be discarded
 - Technology has evolved
 - Components no longer available



Vacuum System Controls

- Most items have application at other projects at SLAC
 - Ion pump power supplies (188 total)
 - Vacuum gauge controllers (142 total)
 - Valve controllers (14 total)
 - Valve pneumatic panels (61 total)

Computing/Controls/Network Infrastructure

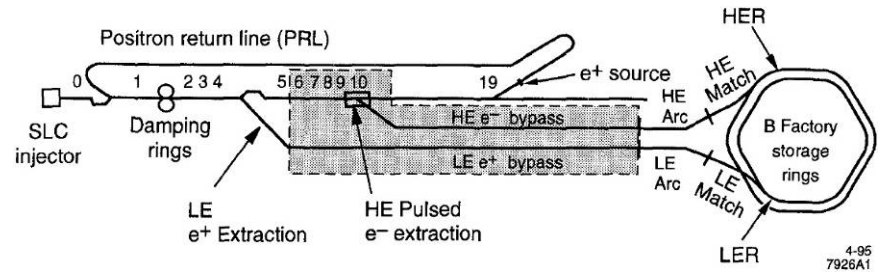
- Equipment to be preserved as useful for other projects at SLAC
 - Wireless Access Points (~10)
 - Public switches (6)
 - VME crates (4)
 - VXI crates (15)
 - Allen Bradley (15)
 - GPIB (~5)
 - Solaris servers (3) and Linux servers (2)
- Accelerator switches are obsolete, but can be removed for a trade-in rebate (16)
- Alphas and RMX (eg. PR*) micros to be retired
- Voice trunk cabling goes through the tunnels to each IR hall. There will be a major impact to the **CEH voice trunk cables** (ties into the IR-2 hall) **and the Alpine Gate** (ties in the IR-4 hall).
- Fiber-optic cabling is routed through conduits not in the PEP tunnels and should not be impacted.
- Controls systems removal estimated cost 175.5 k\$

PEP Injection Lines

- Located in the Accelerator Housing
- Extract & transport e^- and e^+ from the accelerator to PEP
- Much lower equipment density than that found in the PEP rings
- e^- transport 7200 ft., e^+ transport 8500 ft.
 - NIT & SIT lines add ~730 ft to each line
- Existing drift tubes of up to 150 feet in length were assembled in place, will have to be cut to remove
- Magnets, BPMs, bellows, to be recovered
- In general, a single 9" x 9" cable tray to be removed
- **Transport lines could have use in other, non-PEP programs**



PEP Injection Complications



- Removal activities can only proceed when the Linac is not in operation
- Congestion increases where beamlines diverge and head to PEP
 - Equipment removal in this area has a high risk of collateral damage to accelerator components
- Beam switchyard (BSY) and Tune-Up Dumps present a radiological challenges
 - High radiation and contamination areas



Storage Space

- Existing PEP tunnel of 79,200 sq. ft. is filled with beamline components, cable trays, supports, & conventional services to a moderate density
- PEP support buildings house many racks of recoverable electronics and power supplies
- There will be a need for interim component disassembly space
- There will be a need for extended storage space for recovered components



Project Management

- Area Managers (3 F.T.E.)
- Technical System Managers
 - Power Conversion (2 F.T.E.)
 - RF System (1 F.T.E.)
 - Vacuum/Mechanical System (3 F.T.E.)
 - Controls Infrastructure (1 F.T.E.)
- UTRs & Contractor management (15% of awarded contract value)
- Safety Oversight (6 F.T.E.)

Project Cost Summary

	PEP Rings	PEP-Injection	Total
Vac/Mech	3,310.2	1,003.5	4,313.8
Controls	131.9	43.6	175.5
RF Systems	1,656.1	0.0	1,656.1
Shielding Removal	217.0	0.0	217.0
Power Supplies	761.1	194.1	955.2
Cables & Cable Trays	14,526.0	2,663.1	17,189.1
Subtotal	20,602.4	3,904.3	24,506.7
Project Oversight			8,951.4
Subtotal			33,458.2
50% Contingency			16,729.1
Project total			50,187.2

Next steps

- Secure guidance on critical topics
 - Identify projects which could reuse surplus PEP equipment, verify interest with project management
 - Determine fate of PEP-Injection lines
 - Should project be optimized for cost? Duration? Non-interference with other programs?
 - Storage locations, disposal requirements
- Investigate technical systems further, identify components for reuse/spares
- Investigate cable removal numbers from FFTB experience. As projected, these represent 34% of the estimated costs to remove the PEP technical systems
- Prepare schedule including task dependencies
- Prepare project management tools (labels, travelers, EWPs, H&R Lift Plans, ...)