

Self-seeding at 1.5 Å and Harmonic Generation

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LCLS Physics / SLAC

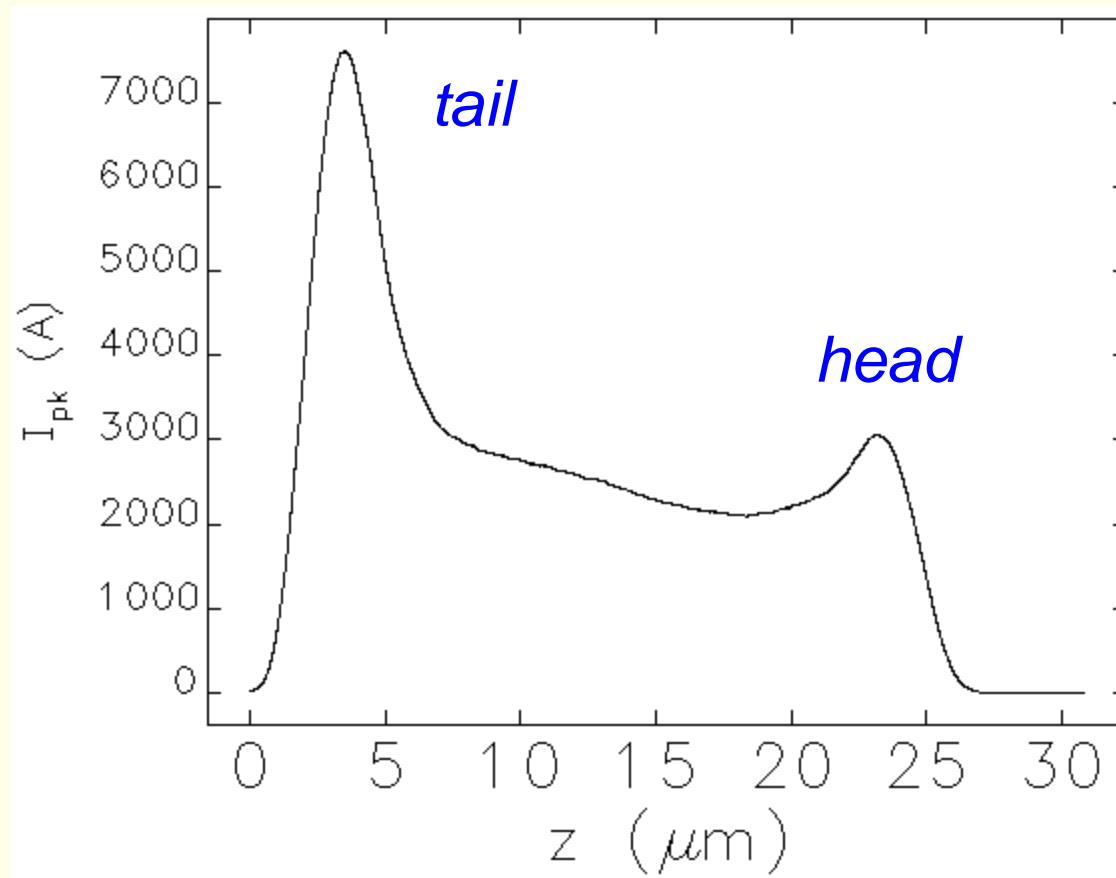
July 29, 2009

Outline

- *Two-stage self-seeding to reduce the FEL bandwidth*
 - *Details of LCLS electron bunch and FEL*
 - *Comparison of single undulator case with the two-stage case*
- *Energy chirped electron bunch can possibly generate ultra-short FEL pulse in this configuration*
- *Possible third harmonic at 0.5 Å as one of the extension of this configuration*

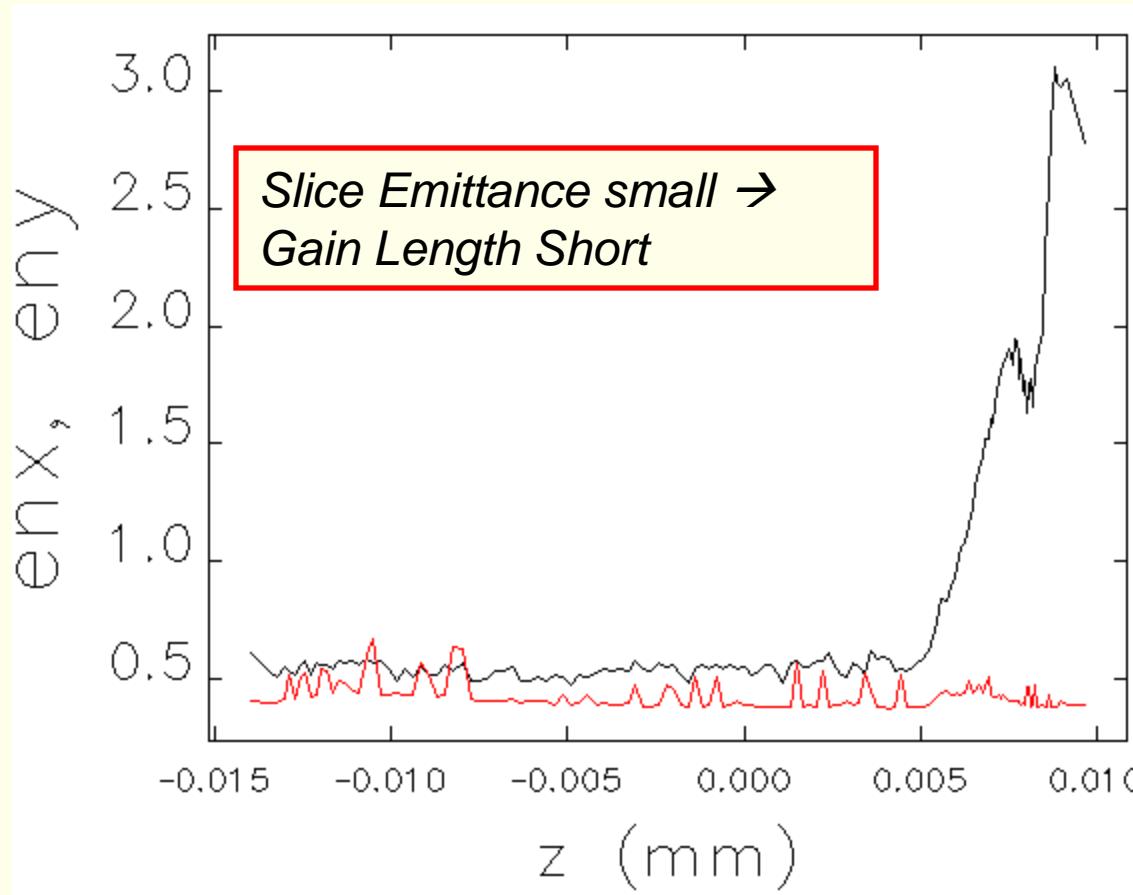
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ Electron current profile entering the undulator



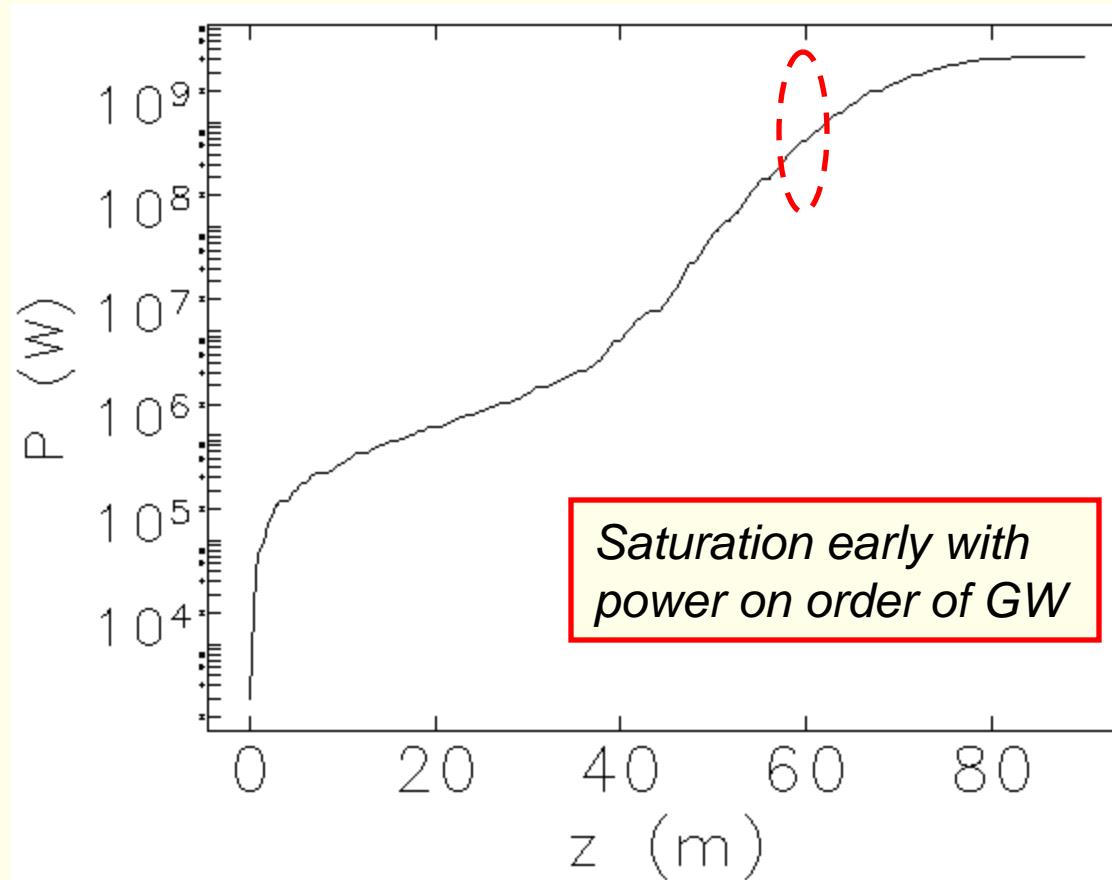
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ Slice emittance entering the undulator



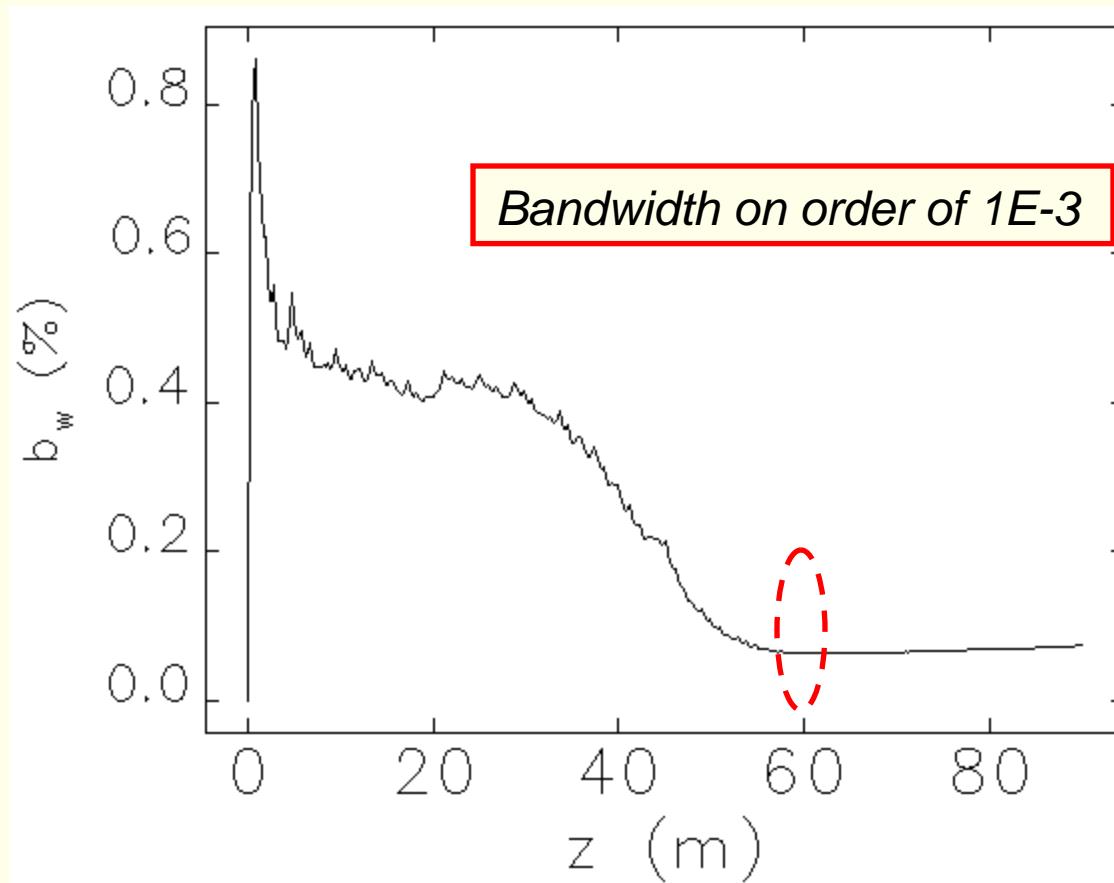
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ FEL power along the undulator



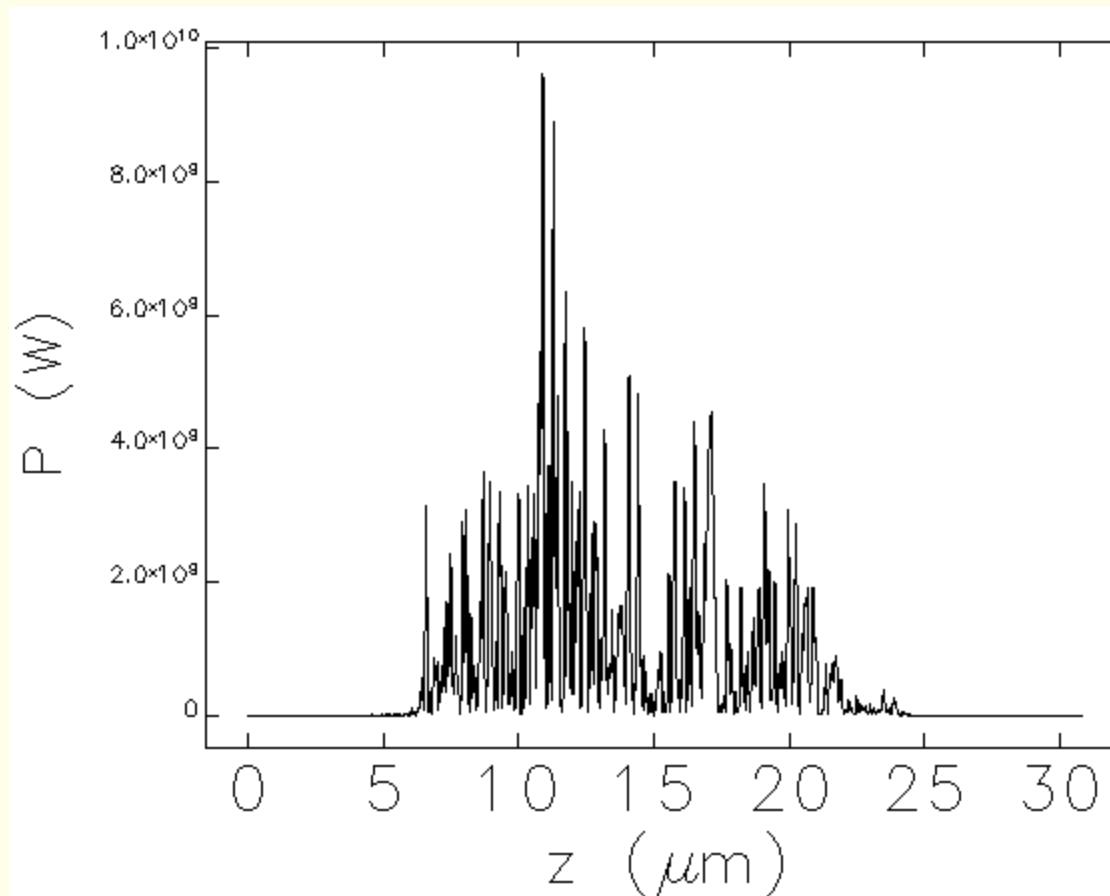
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ FEL bandwidth along the undulator



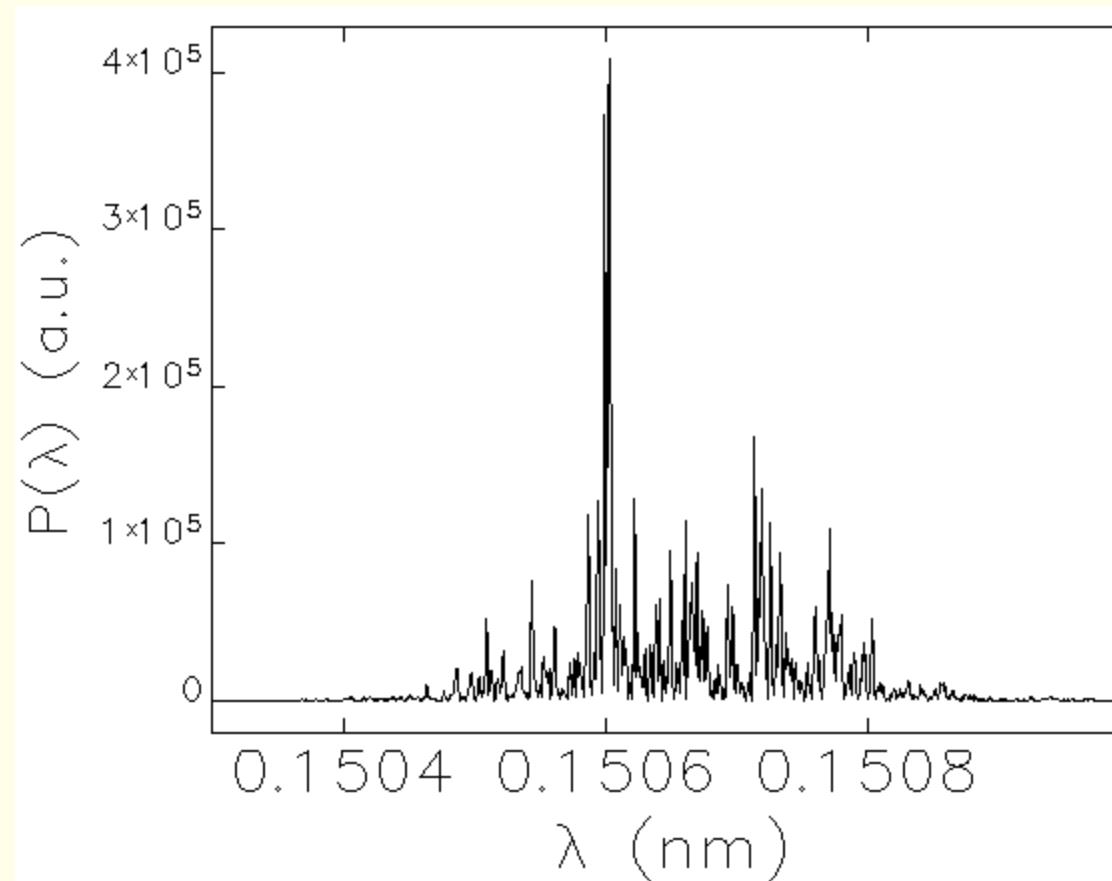
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ *FEL temporal profile at 60 m*



LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ *FEL spectrum at 60 m*



Transform limited

- For a Gaussian photon beam

$$\sigma_\omega = 1/(2\sigma_t)$$

- LCLS electron bunch flat top, $\sigma_z \sim 10 \mu m$
- Transform limited $\sigma_\omega / \omega_0 \sim 2E-06$
- Room to improve the coherence → bandwidth reduces by 2 order of magnitude (?)

Two-stage FEL with monochromator

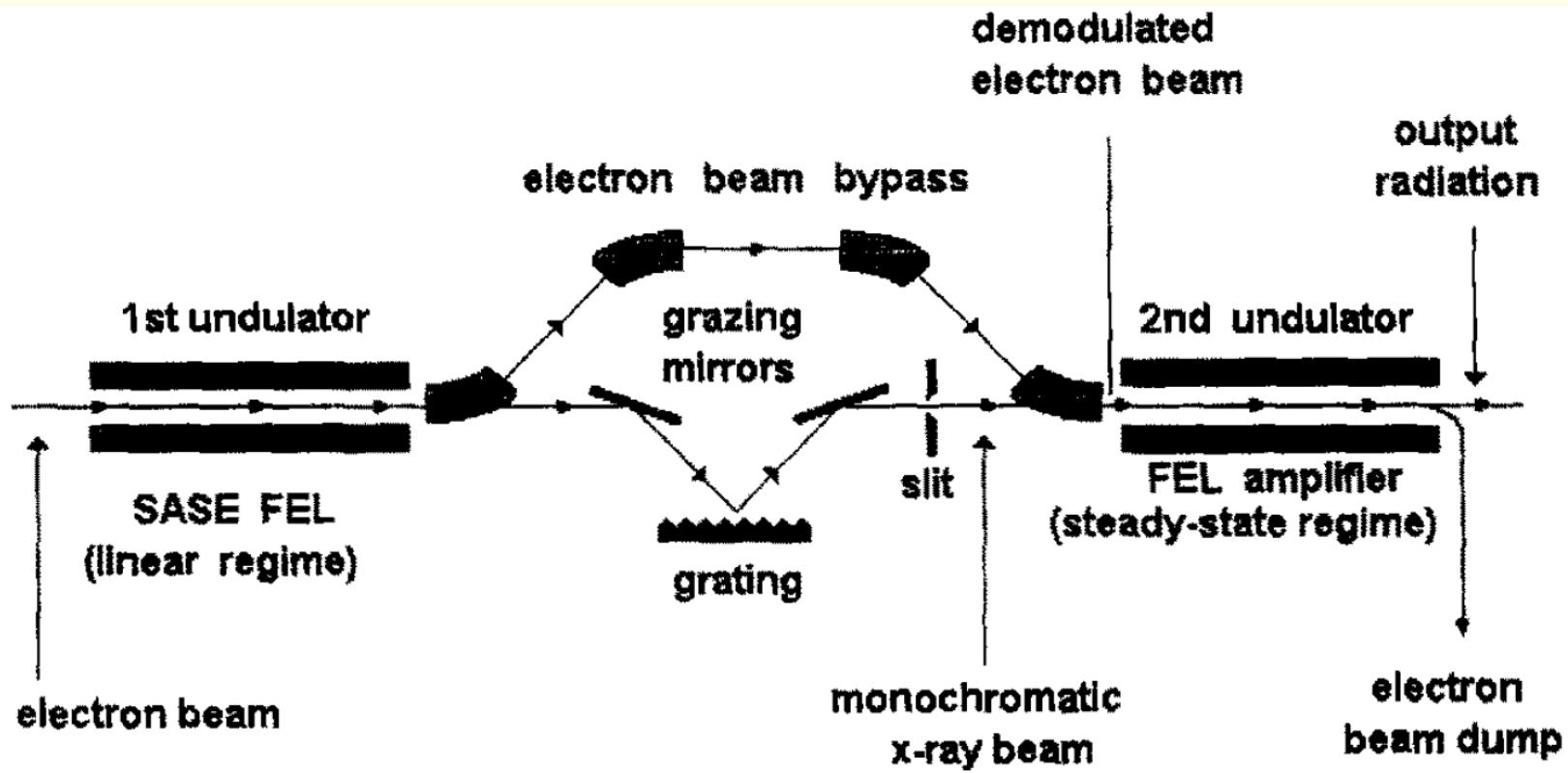


Fig. 3. The principal scheme of a single-pass two-stage SASE X-ray FEL with monochromator.

J. Feldhaus, E.L. Saldin, J.R. Schneider, E.A. Schneidmiller, M.V. Yurkov,
*“Possible application of X-ray optical elements for reducing the spectral bandwidth
 of an X-ray SASE FEL”*, Optics Communications, V.140, p341 (1997) .

Two-stage FEL with monochromator

- Seeding the second undulator vs. single undulator followed by x-ray optics
 - Power loss in the monochromator is recovered in the second undulator (FEL amplifier)
 - The shot-to-shot FEL intensity fluctuation reduced due to the nonlinear regime of the FEL amplifier
 - The peak power after the first undulator is less than the saturation power, the damage to the optical elements is reduced

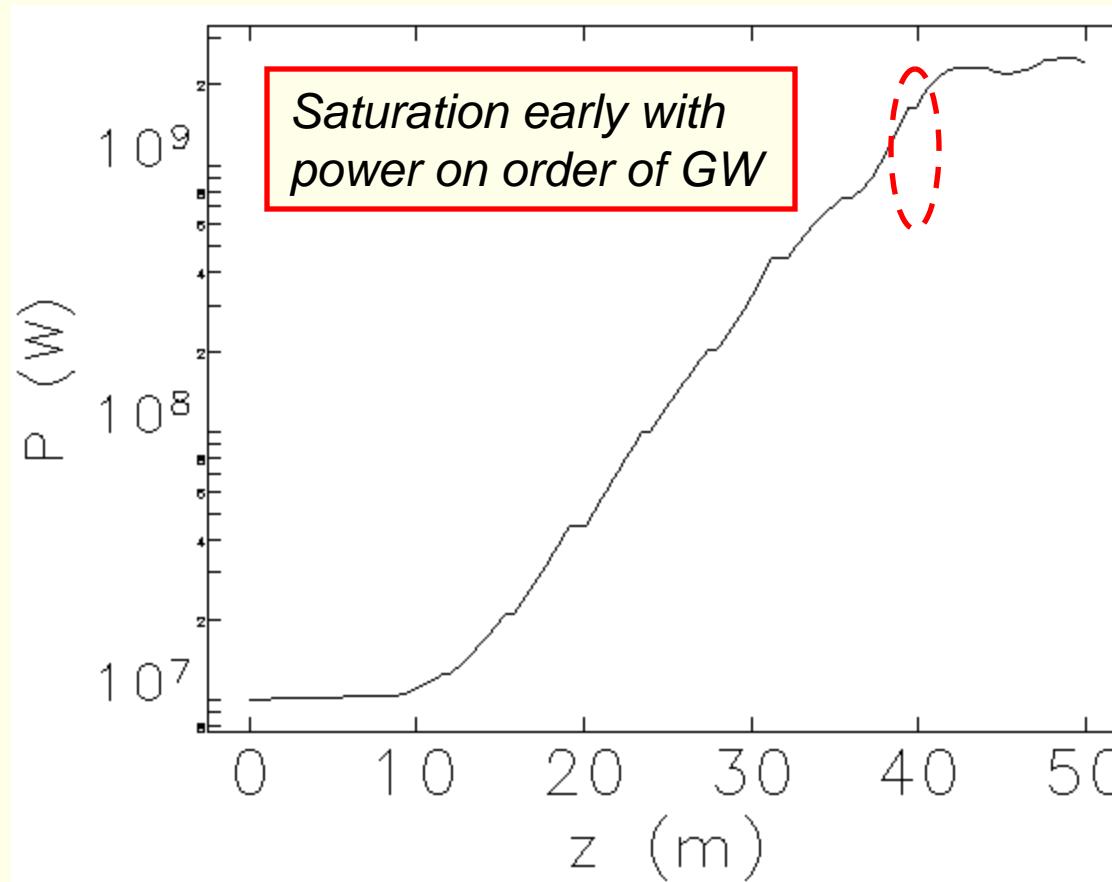
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Possible Monochromator

- J. Hastings suggested monochromators as $Si(111)$, $Si(220)$, and $Si(444)$
 - $Si(111)$ path length difference (PLD) 3 mm, bandwidth 10^{-4}
 - $Si(220)$ PLD 4.7 mm, bandwidth 5×10^{-5}
 - $Si(444)$ PLD 12 mm
- Assume FEL (self-seed) into the second part of the undulators
 - Peak power only 10 MW
 - Light pulse longer than the electron pulse

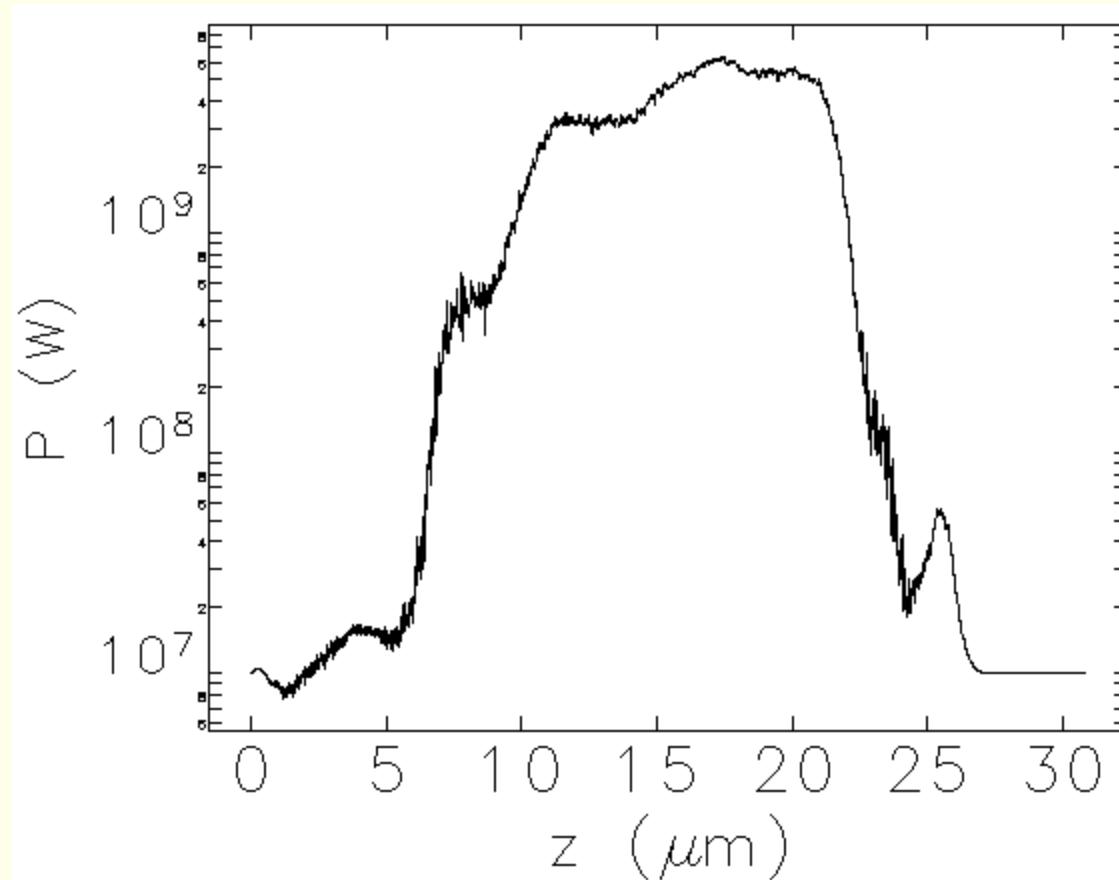
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ FEL power along the undulator



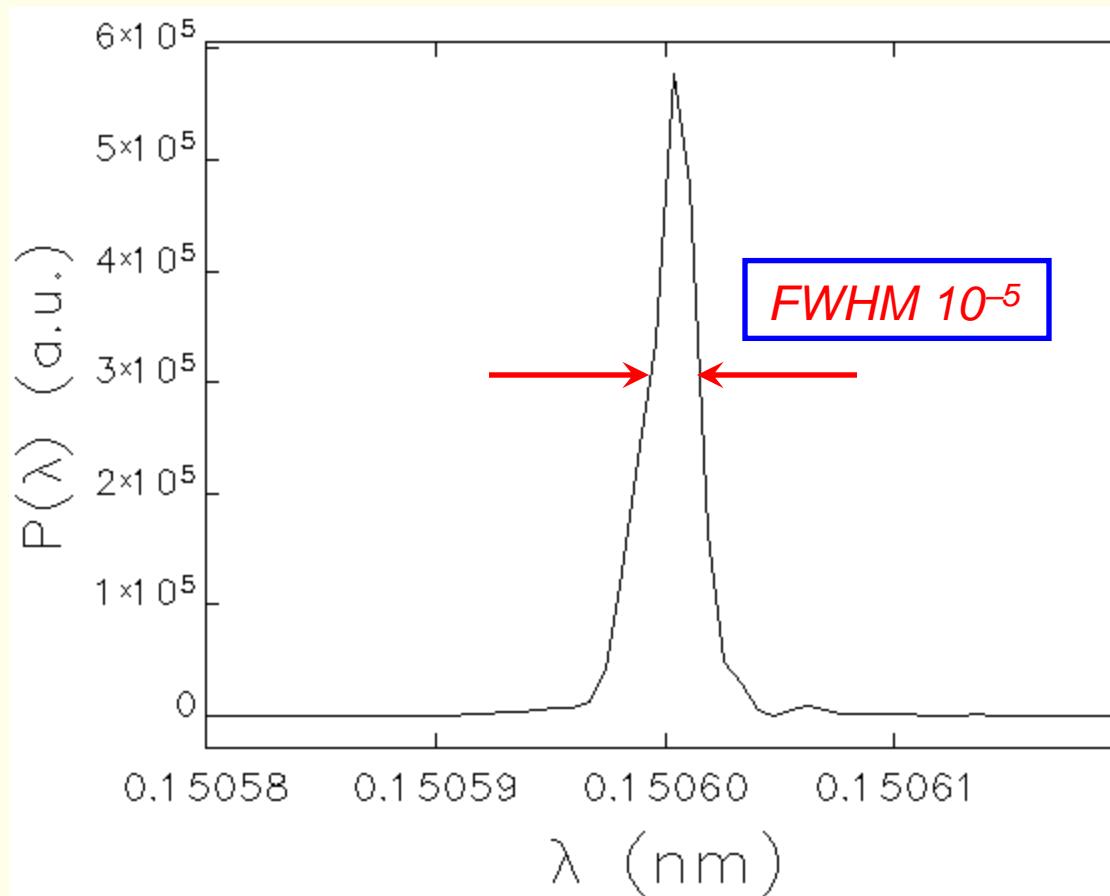
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ *FEL temporal profile at 40 m*



LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ FEL spectrum at 40 m



Two-stage chirp FEL

- *Energy chirped electron bunch → FEL from the first undulator will be frequency chirped*
- *Through the monochromator, only part of the FEL will propagate through due to the time-frequency correlation*
 - *Control of the radiation-pulse duration*
 - *Stabilize the shot-to-shot fluctuation of the central wavelength*

C.B. Schroeder, C. Pellegrini, S. Reiche, J. Arthur and P. Emma, “*Chirped-beam two-stage free-electron laser for high-power femtosecond x-ray pulse generation*”, J. Opt. Soc. Am. B. V. 19, p. 1782 (2002).

Two-stage chirp FEL

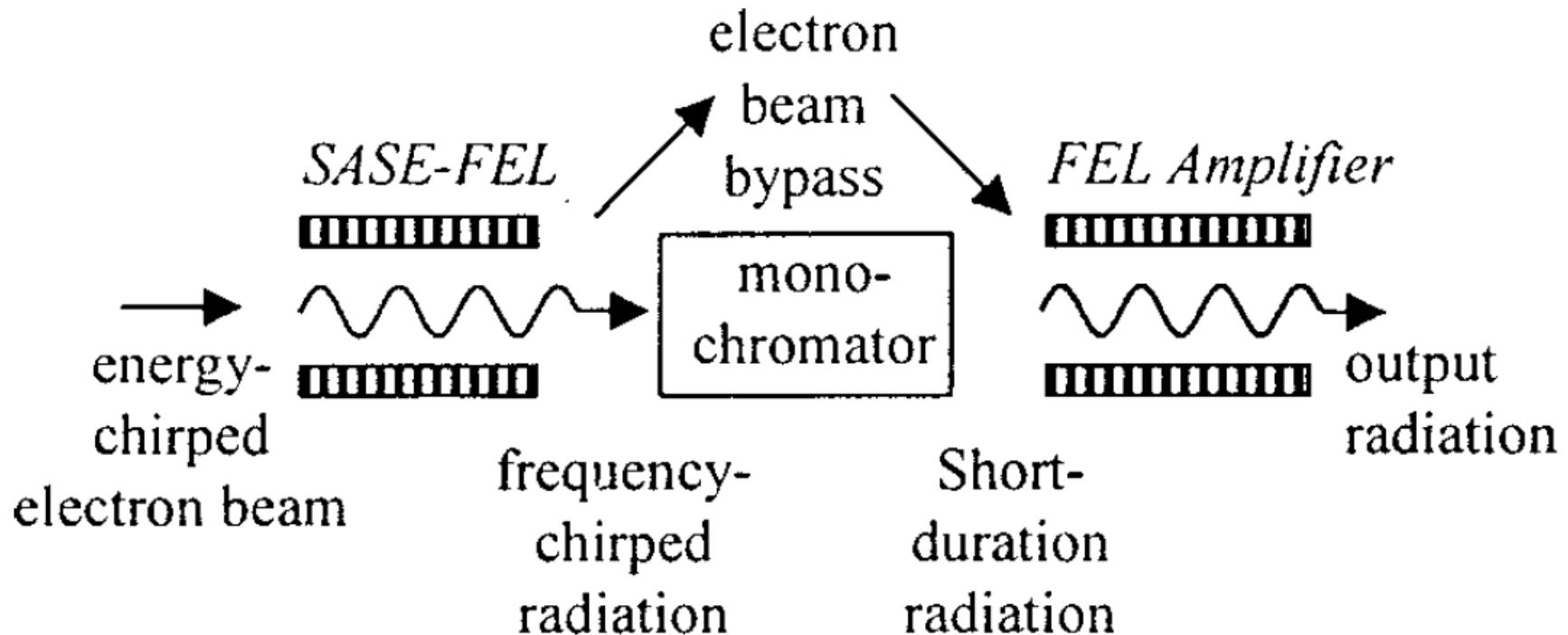


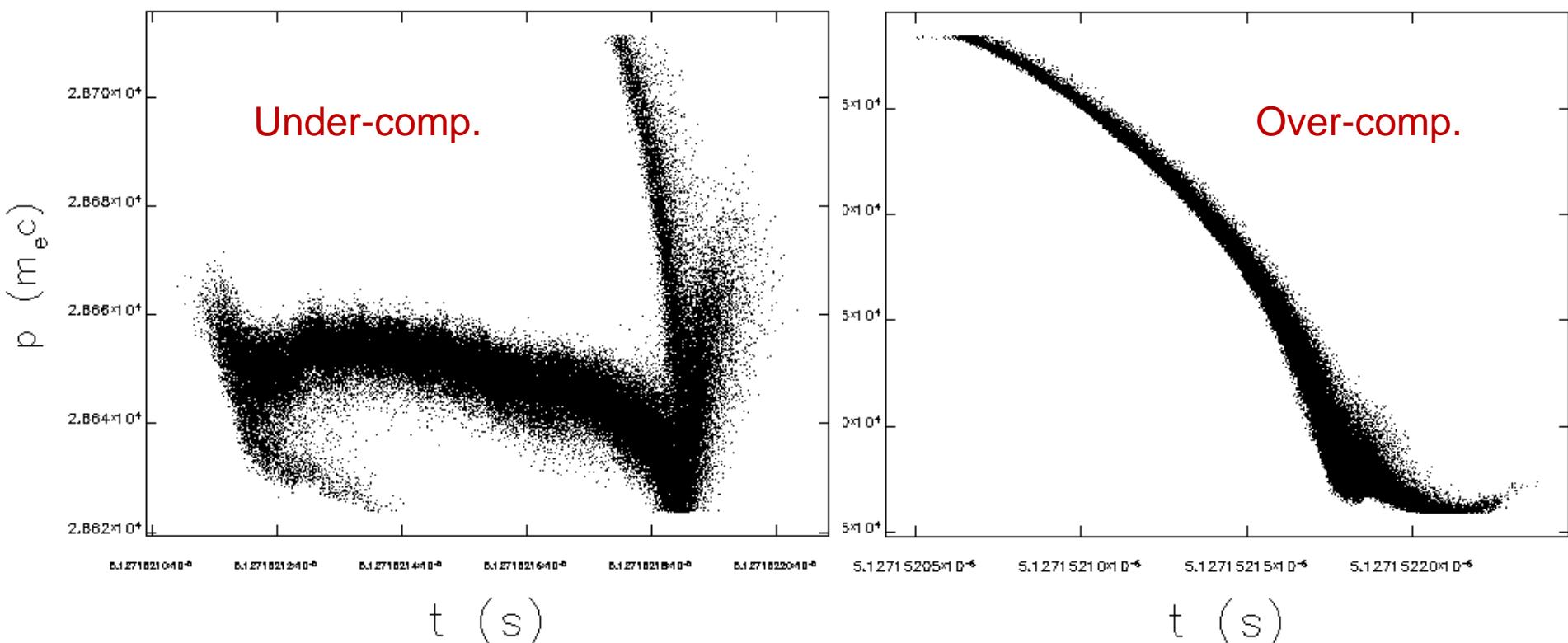
Fig. 1. Schematic of chirped-beam two-stage FEL for short-duration x-ray generation.

C.B. Schroeder, C. Pellegrini, S. Reiche, J. Arthur and P. Emma, "Chirped-beam two-stage free-electron laser for high-power femtosecond x-ray pulse generation", J. Opt. Soc. Am. B. V. 19, p. 1782 (2002).

Under- and Over-compression

Phase space

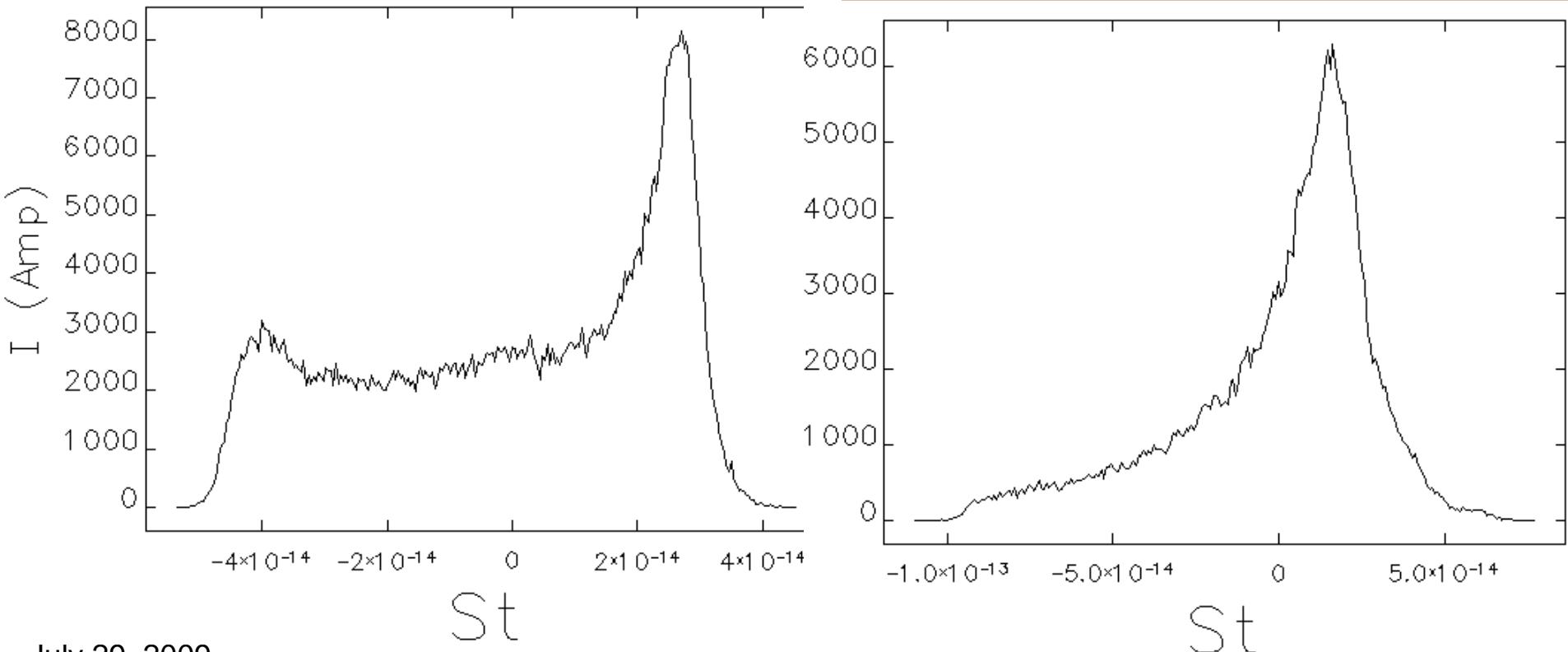
- Under-compressed case — central part is flat
- Over-compressed case — central part is quite steep



Under- and Over-compression

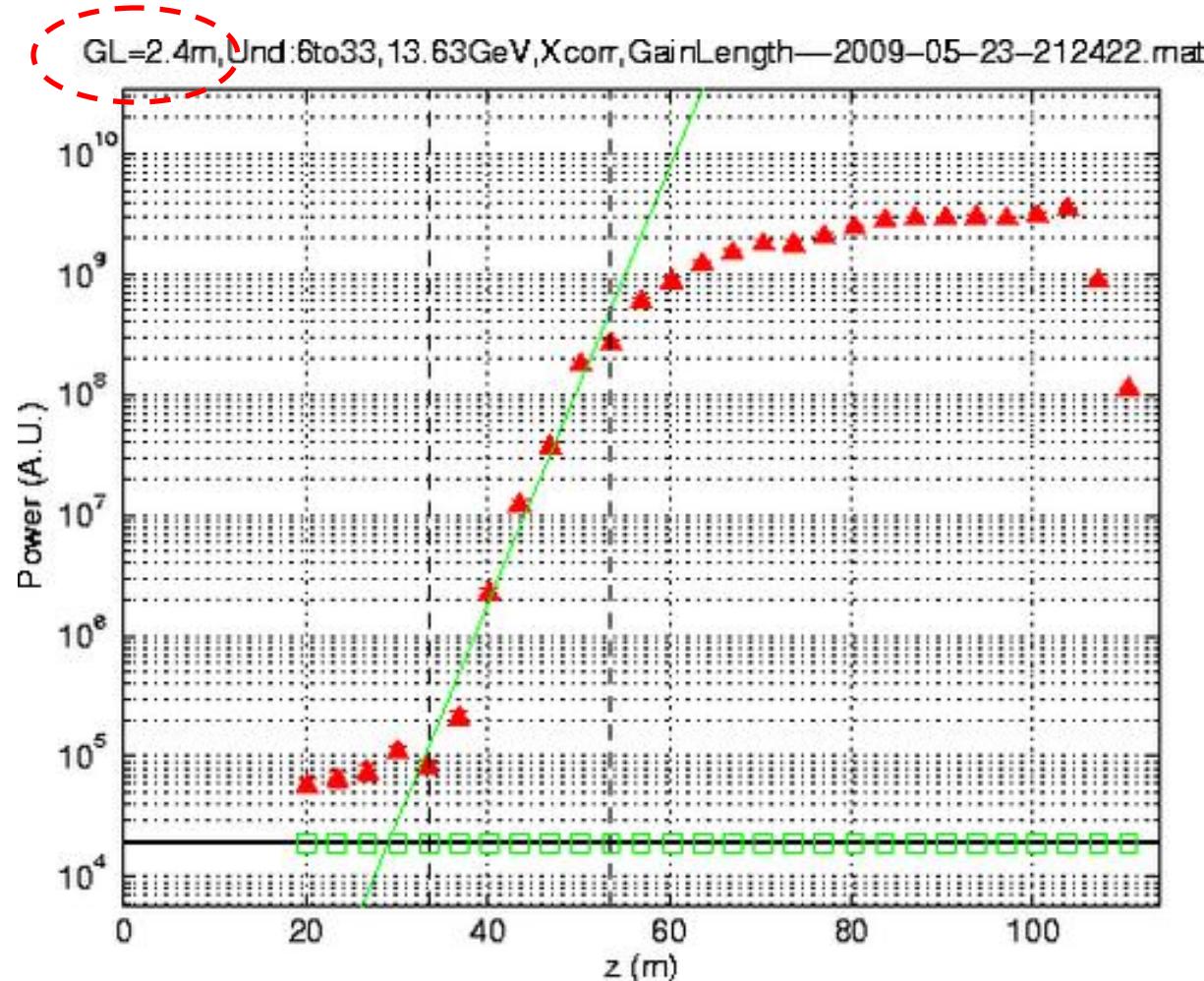
➤ Current profile

- Under-compressed case — double-horn — horns: **high** peak current, **high** emittance, **high** energy spread
- Over-compressed case — more or less Gaussian — central part: **high** peak current, **low** emittance, **low** energy spread



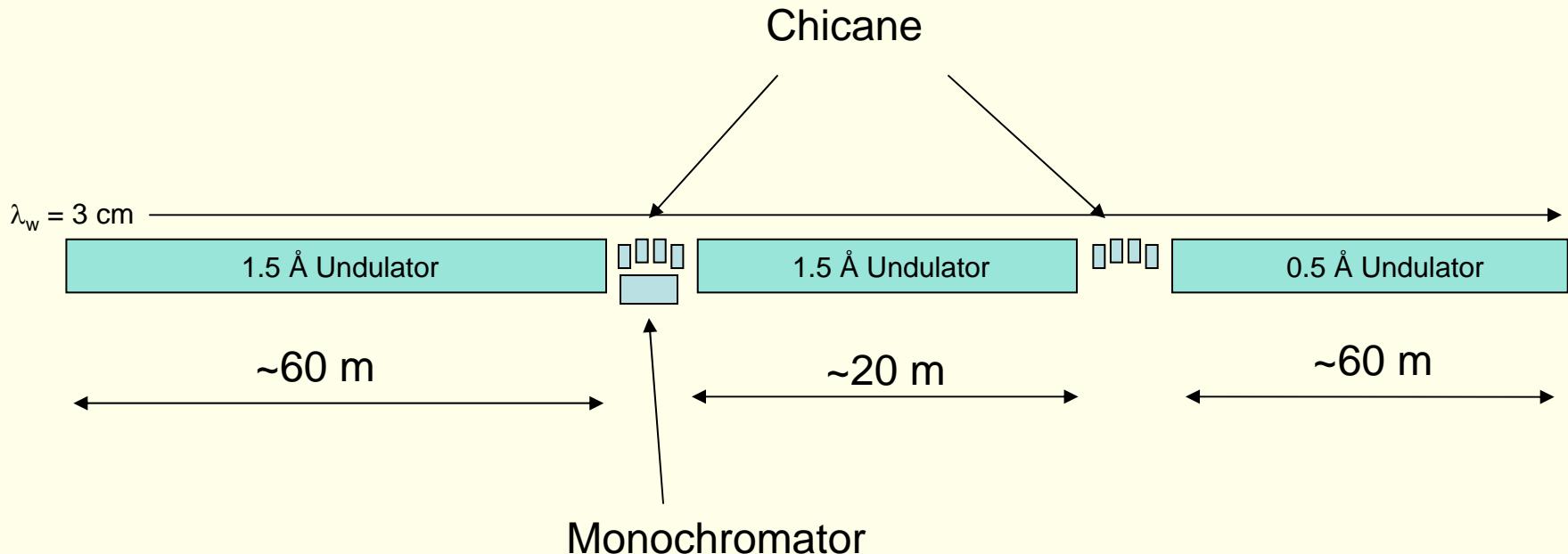
Under- and Over-compression

➤ Example: over-compress with 2.5 kA



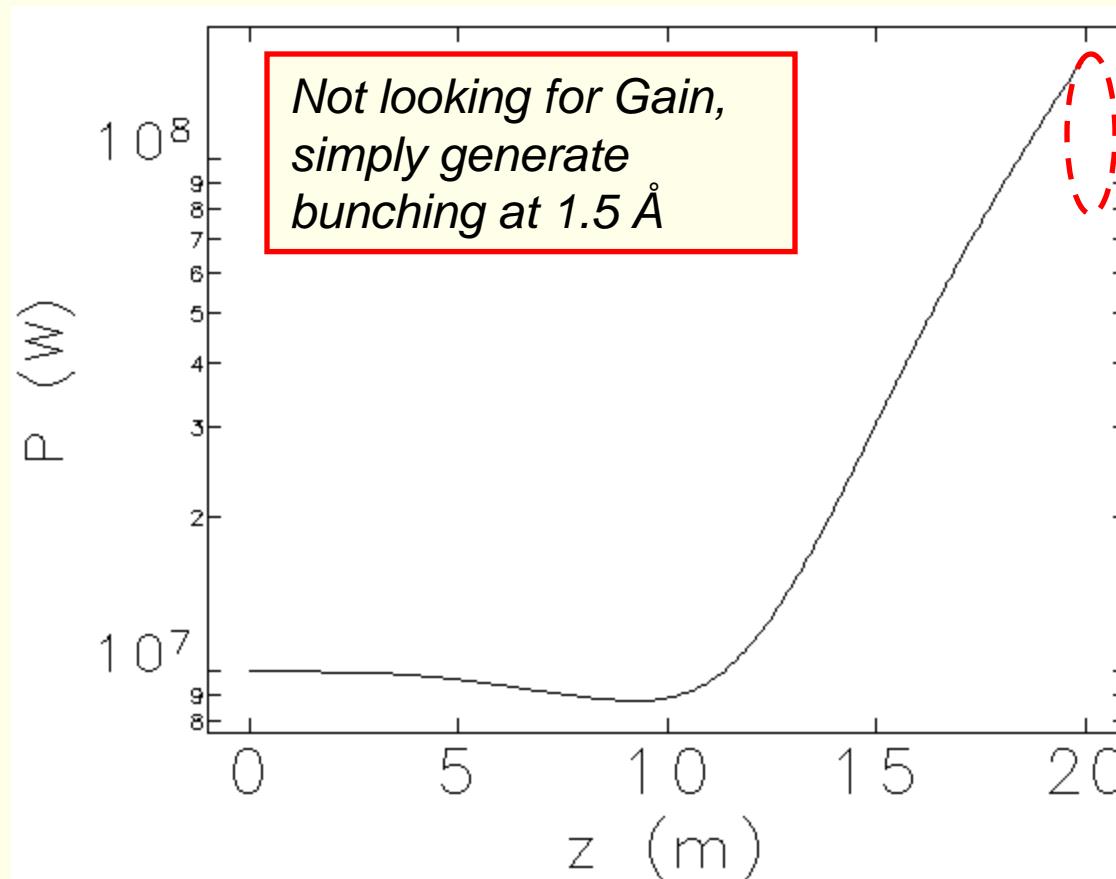
Harmonic Generation

- With a Self-seeding cleaned up 1.5 FEL, one can consider Harmonic Generation
 - Open gap for harmonic generation
 - Same LCLS measured electron parameters



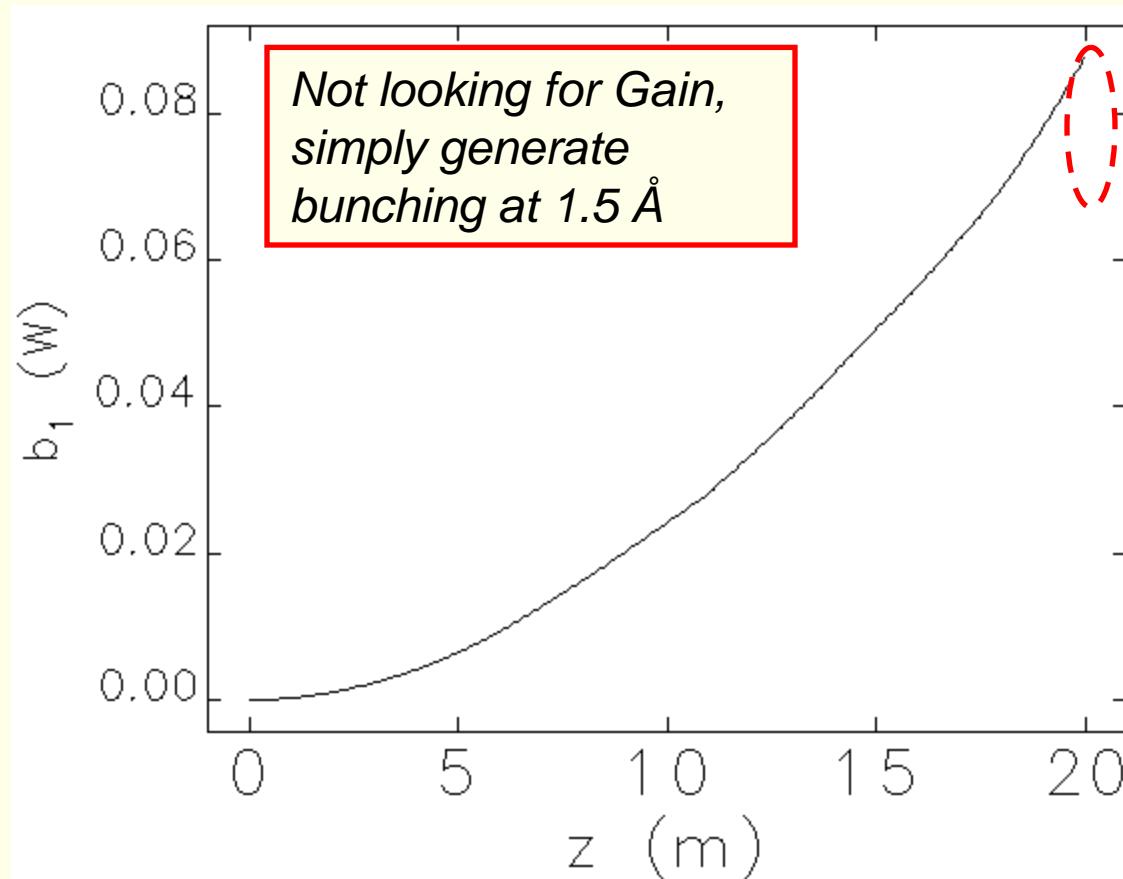
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

- FEL power along the second 1.5 Å undulator



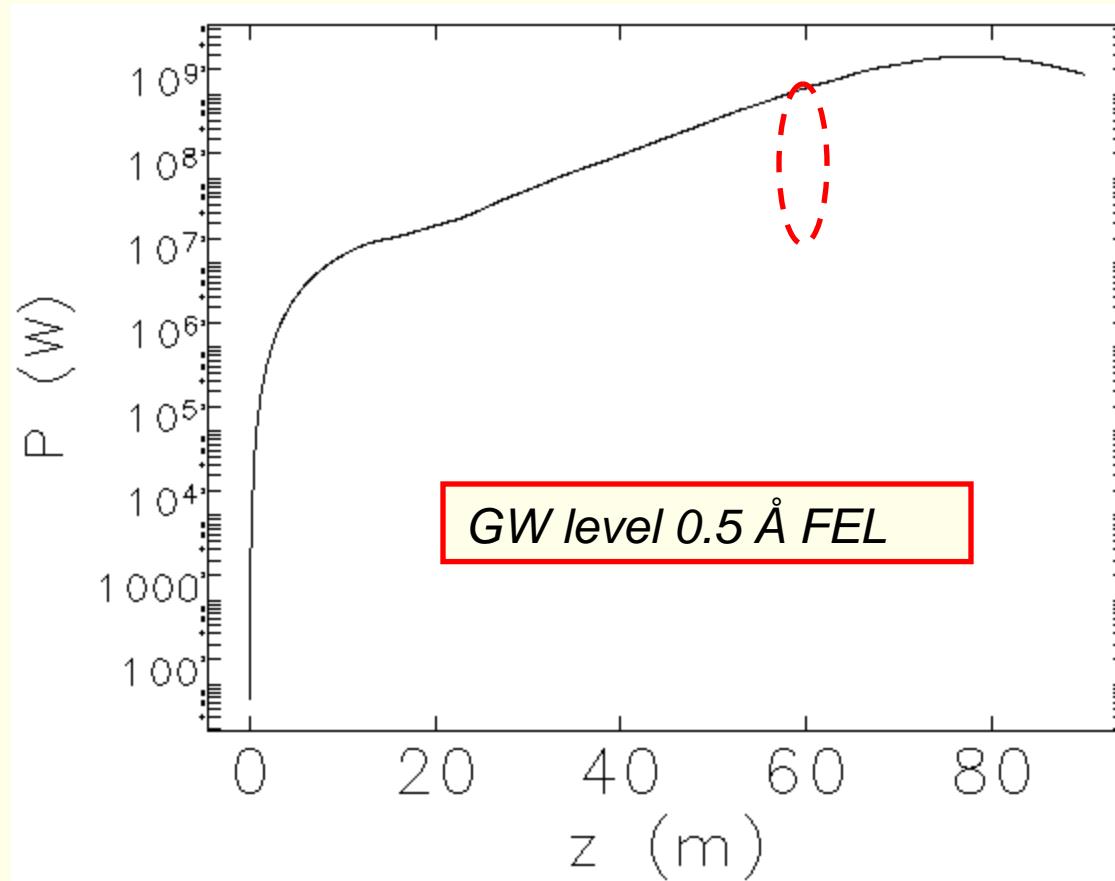
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

- Bunching factor along the second 1.5 Å undulator



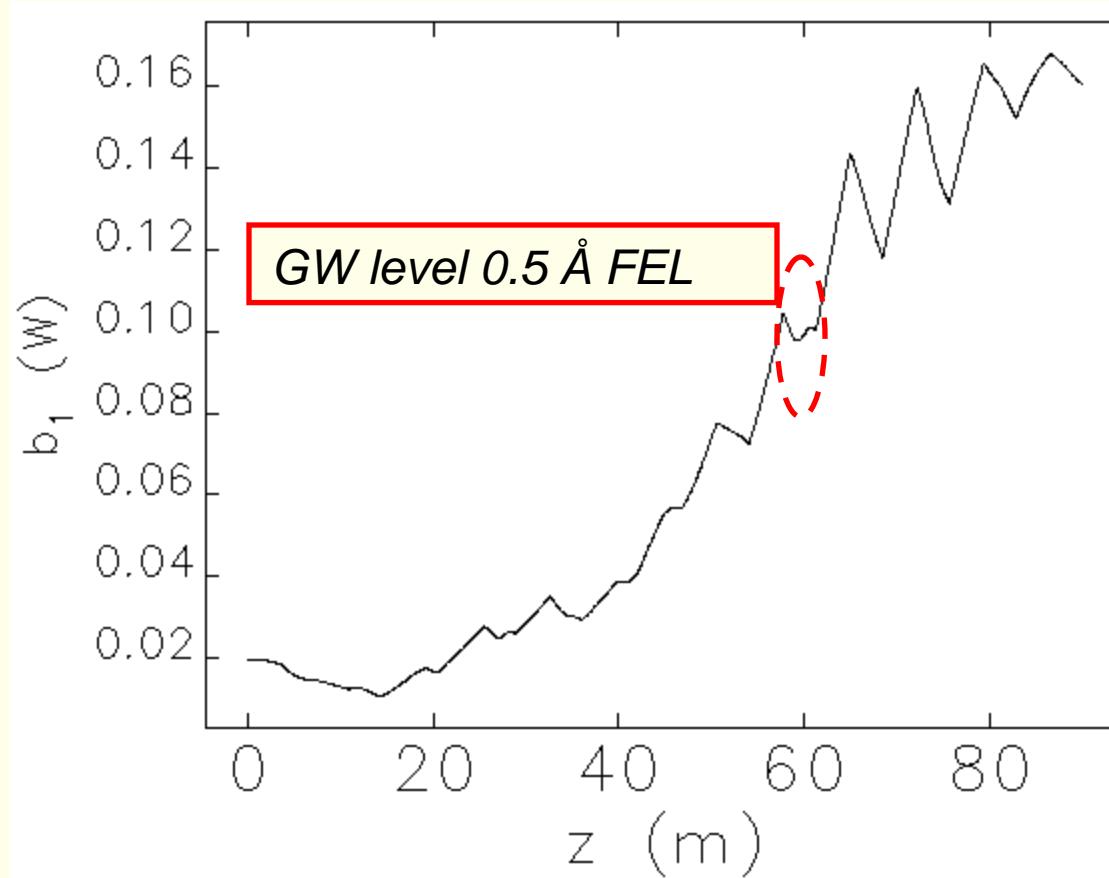
LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ *FEL power along the 0.5 Å undulator*



LCLS SASE FEL Parameters

➤ Bunching along the 0.5 Å undulator



Summary

- *LCLS excellent electron beam quality leads to short gain length, early saturation. This makes possible to add more functions*
- *Two-stage FEL with monochrator reduce the bandwidth from 1E-3 to a few 1E-5 with similar peak power → increase the brightness*
- *With energy chirped electron beam, it is possible to select part of the pulse → ultra short FEL down to femtosecond or even attosecond*
- *Also possible to get third harmonic at 0.5 Å.*

Thanks for your attention!

Special thanks to:

P. Emma, Y. Ding, Y. Feng, J. Frisch, J. Hastings, Z. Huang, B. Jia (Duke), H. Loos, A. Lutman (FERMI), H.-D. Nuhn, C. Pellegrini (UCLA), S. Spampinati (FERMI), J. Welch