
New Particles

Christopher Hearty

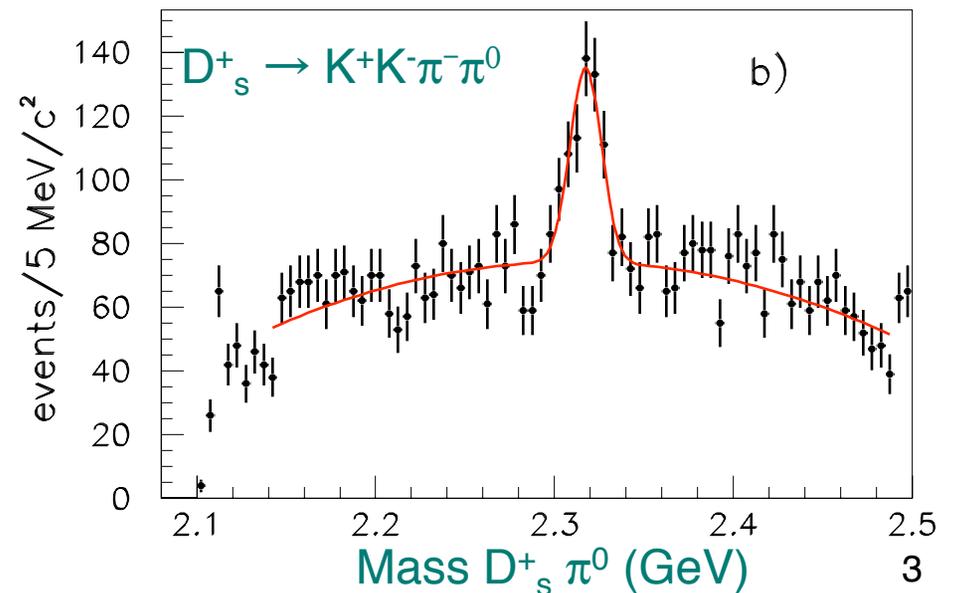
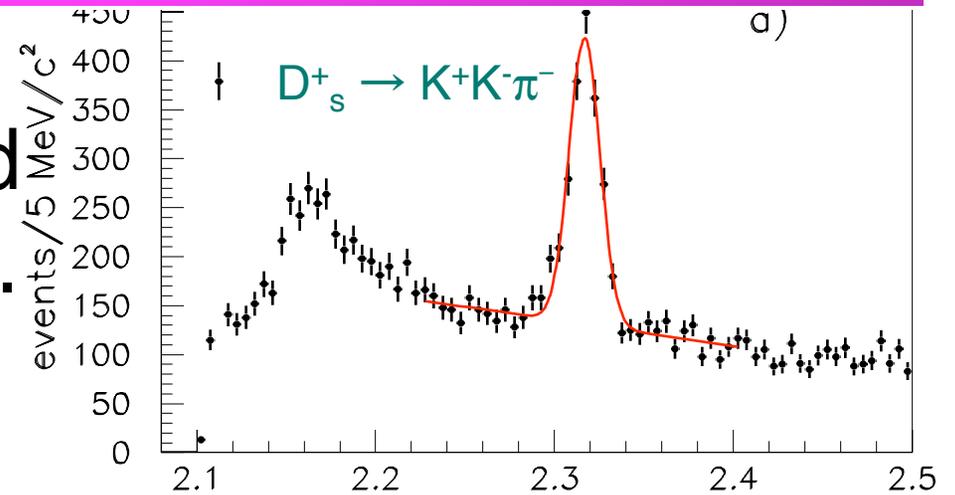
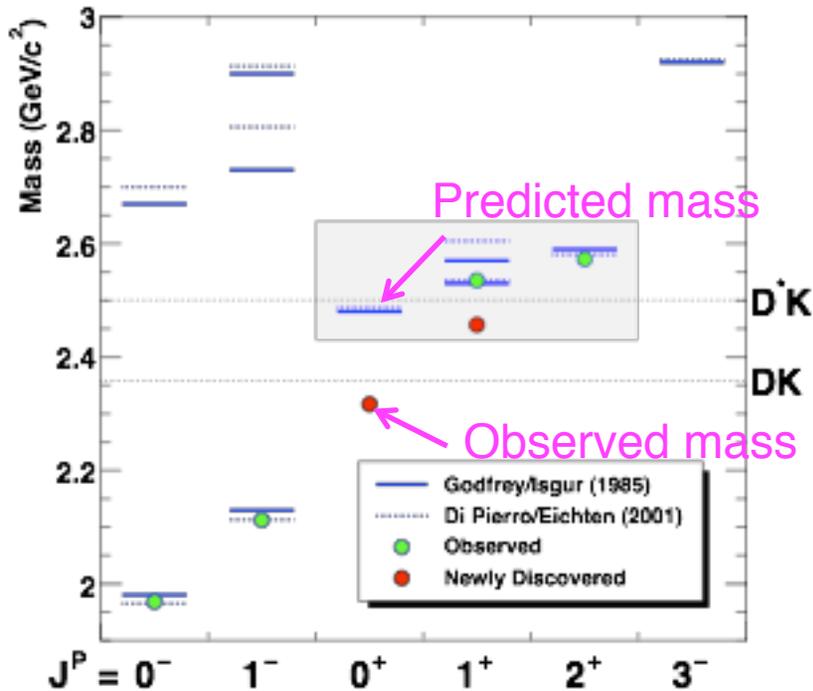
University of British Columbia / IPP

27-Oct-2008

Physics Book

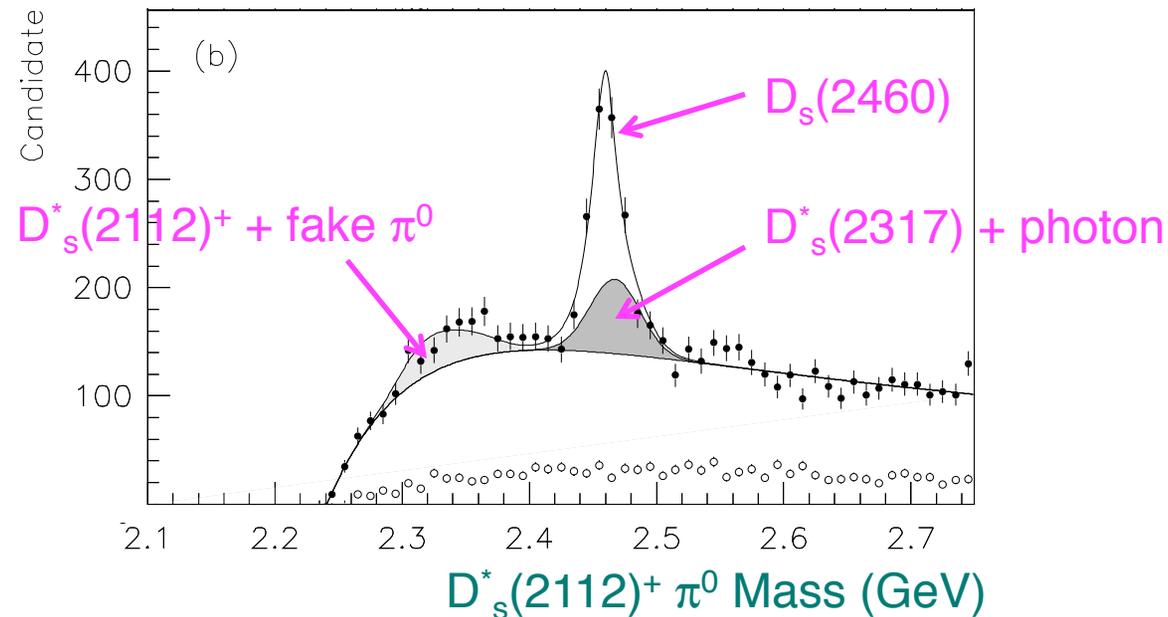
$D_{s0}^*(2317)^+$

- Surprisingly light and narrow resonance found in $D_s^+ \pi^0$ mass spectrum.



$D_{s1}(2460)^+$

- Shortly thereafter, second narrow state observed in $D_s^*(2112)^+ \pi^0$. Initial uncertainty: new particle? Or $D_s^*(2317)^+ + \text{random photon}$?



- More recently, another D_s meson at 2.86 GeV

BABAR Citations

1) Observation of a narrow meson decaying to $D^+(s) \pi^0$ at a mass of $2.32\text{-GeV}/c^2$.

By BABAR Collaboration (B. Aubert *et al.*). SLAC-PUB-9711, BABAR-PUB-03-011, Apr 2003. 7pp.

[Press Release from SLAC](#).

Published in **Phys.Rev.Lett.**90:242001,2003.

e-Print: [hep-ex/0304021](#)

464 citations

TOPCITE = 250+

[References](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [Keywords](#) | Cited **464 times**
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2) Observation of CP violation in the B^0 meson system.

By BABAR Collaboration (B. Aubert *et al.*). SLAC-PUB-8904, BABAR-PUB-01-18, Jul 2001. 8pp.

****Press release****.

Published in **Phys.Rev.Lett.**87:091801,2001.

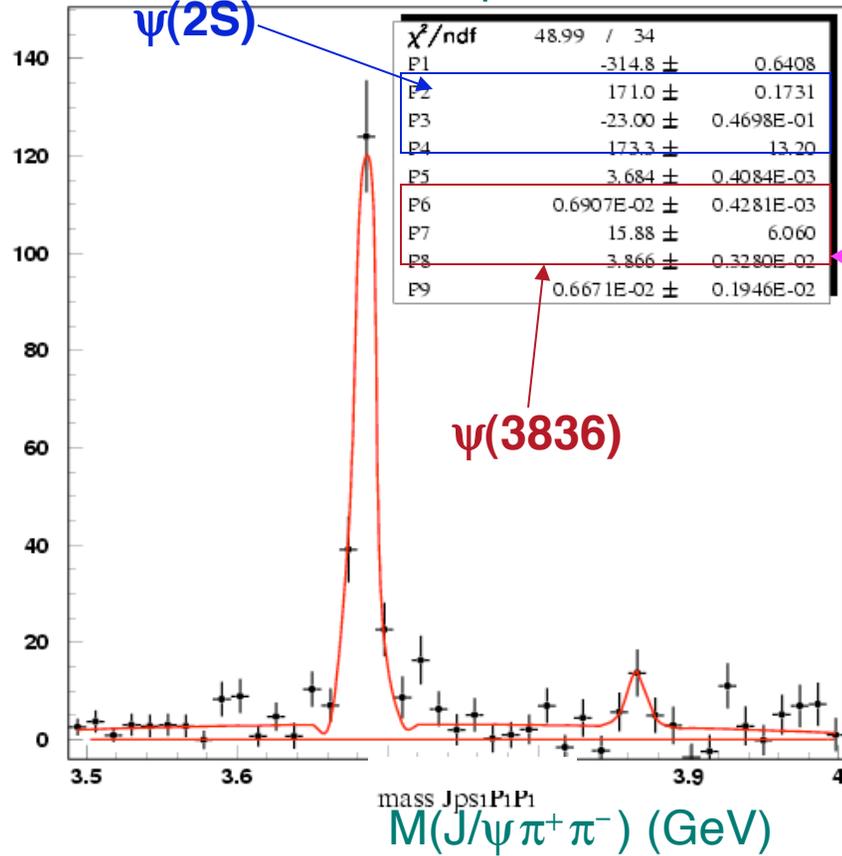
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428 citations

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[References](#) | [LaTeX\(US\)](#) | [LaTeX\(EU\)](#) | [Harvmac](#) | [BibTeX](#) | [Keywords](#) | Cited **428 times**

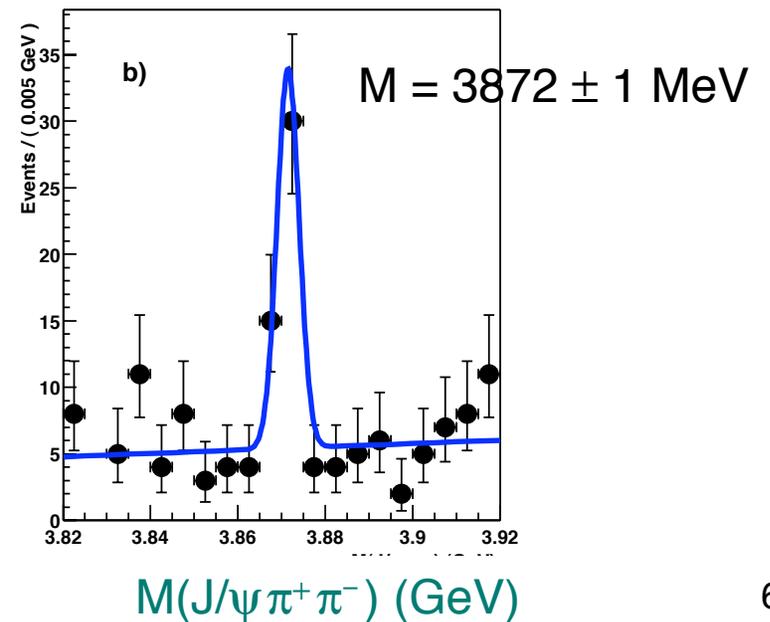
X(3872)



AWG meeting June 2003
motivation: background to
 $J/\psi K_L$; test factorization...

Mass = 3866 ± 6

Belle, later that summer

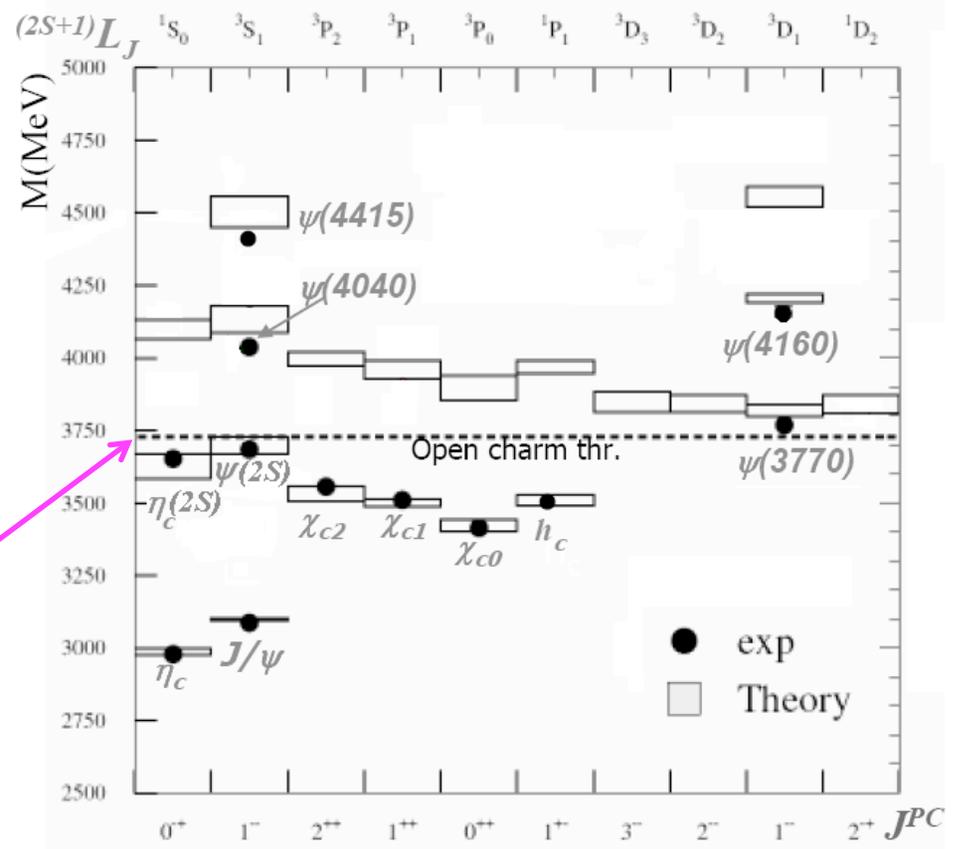


Charmonium

- Two heavy quarks, spins $\uparrow\downarrow$ or $\uparrow\uparrow$ + orbital angular momenta \Rightarrow mass spectrum of states is basically calculable

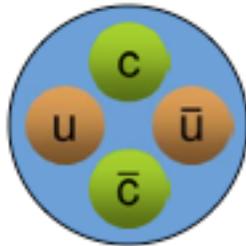
Below $D\bar{D}$ threshold states are narrow; above, generally broad

Charmonium spectrum pre-X(3872)



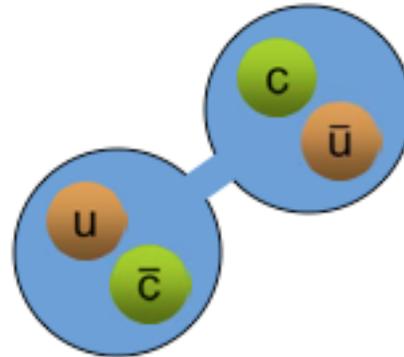
Alternatives

tetraquark



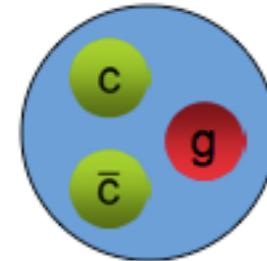
also $[c \bar{d} \bar{c} d]$ 2nd neutral state
 $[c \bar{u} \bar{c} d]$ charged partner

DD* molecule



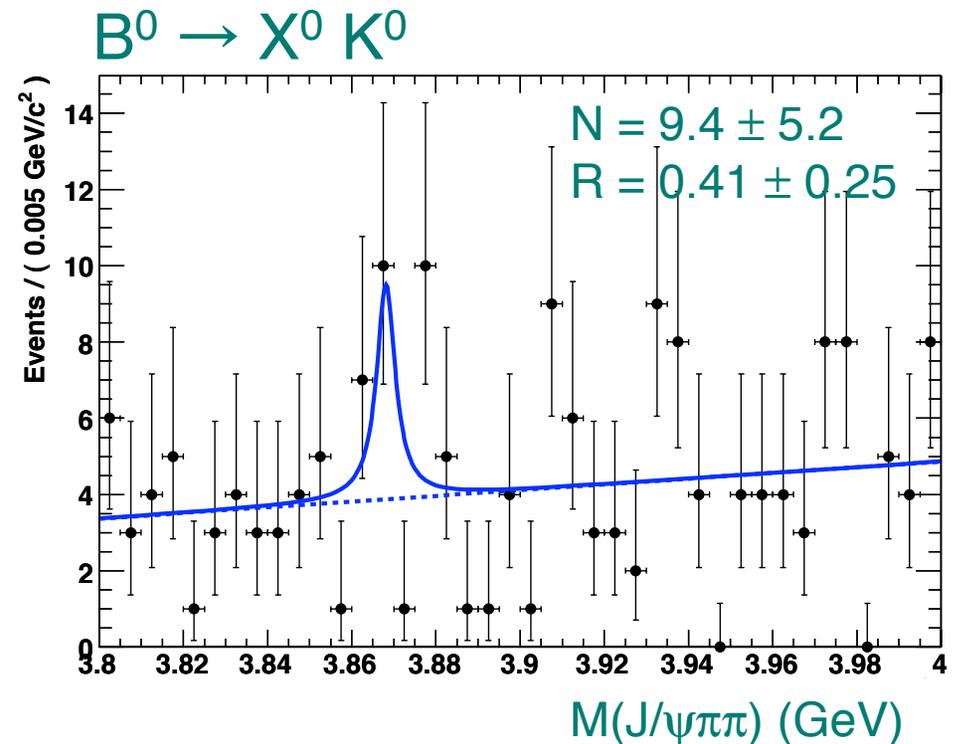
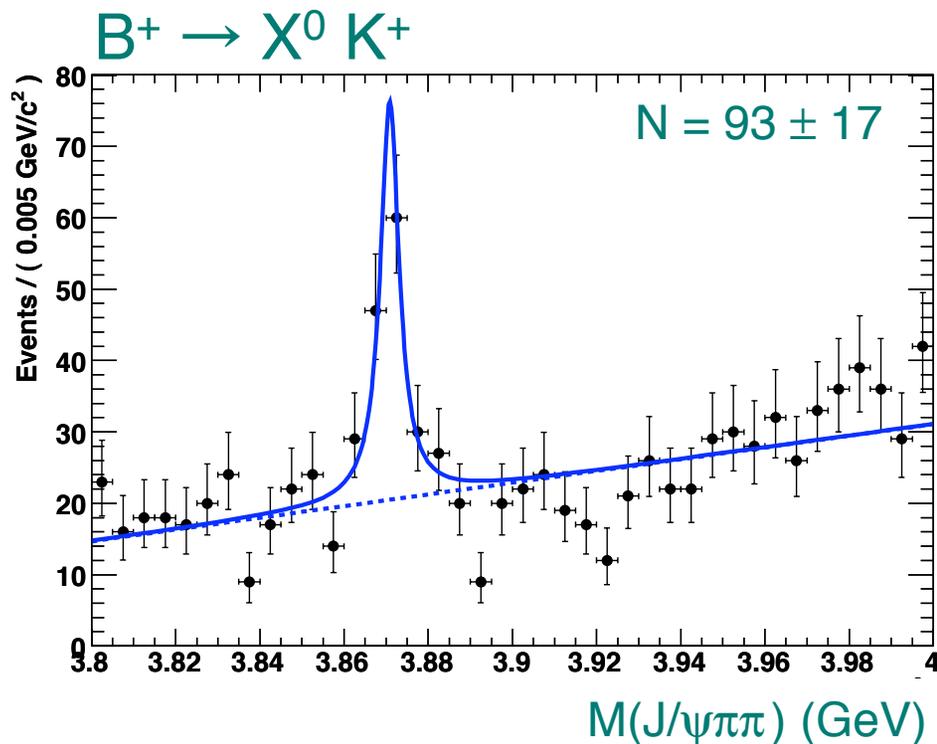
$M_X = 3872.2 \pm 0.8 \text{ MeV};$
 $M(D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}) = 3871.81 \pm 0.36 \text{ MeV}$

hybrid



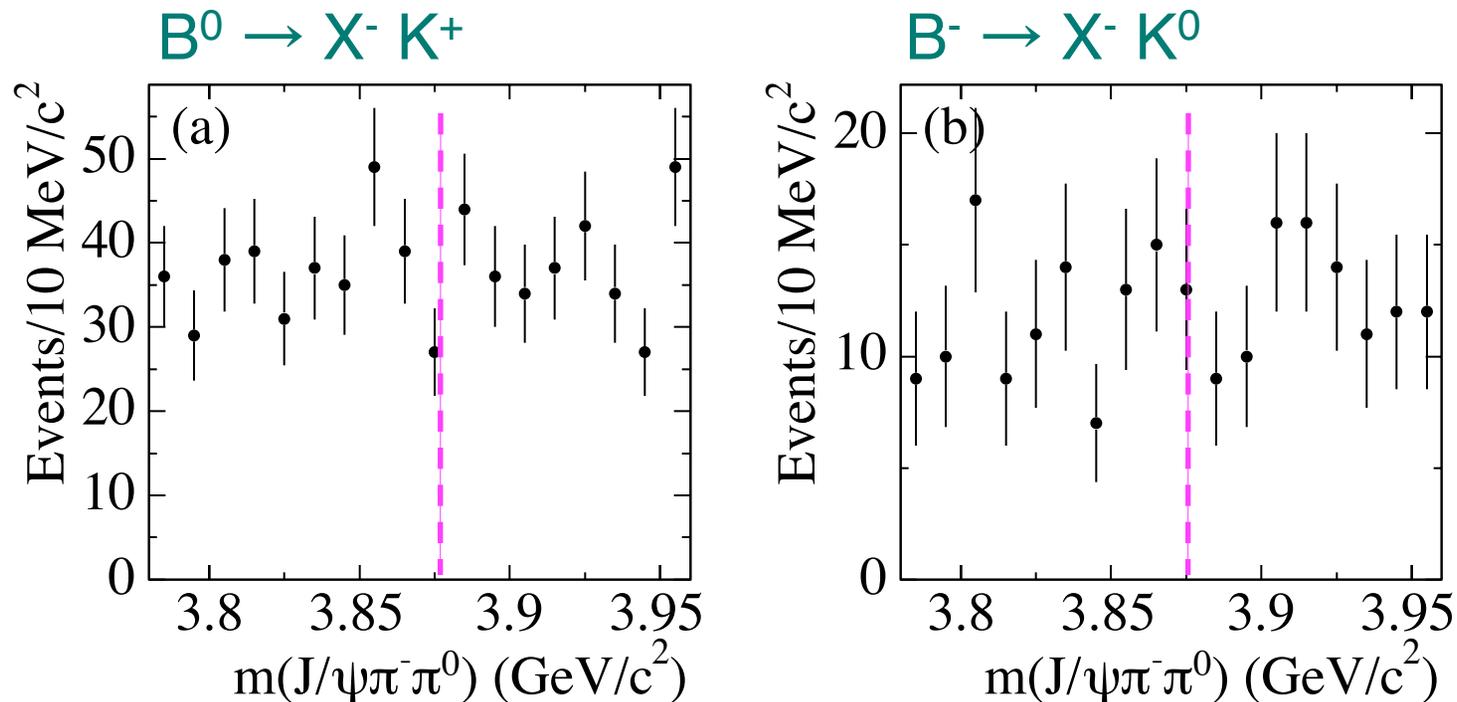
- Distinguish between alternatives by mass; branching fractions; charged or neutral partners; quantum numbers.

$X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^+ \pi^-$



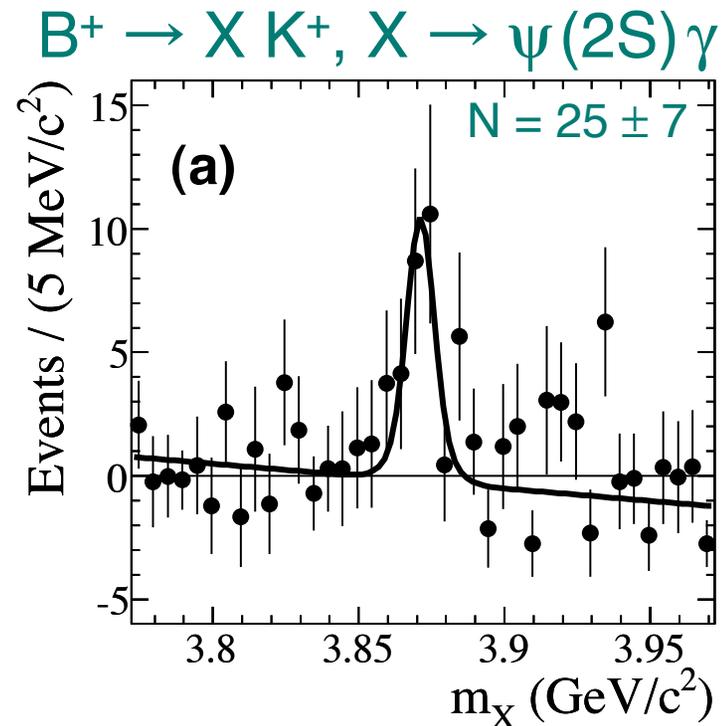
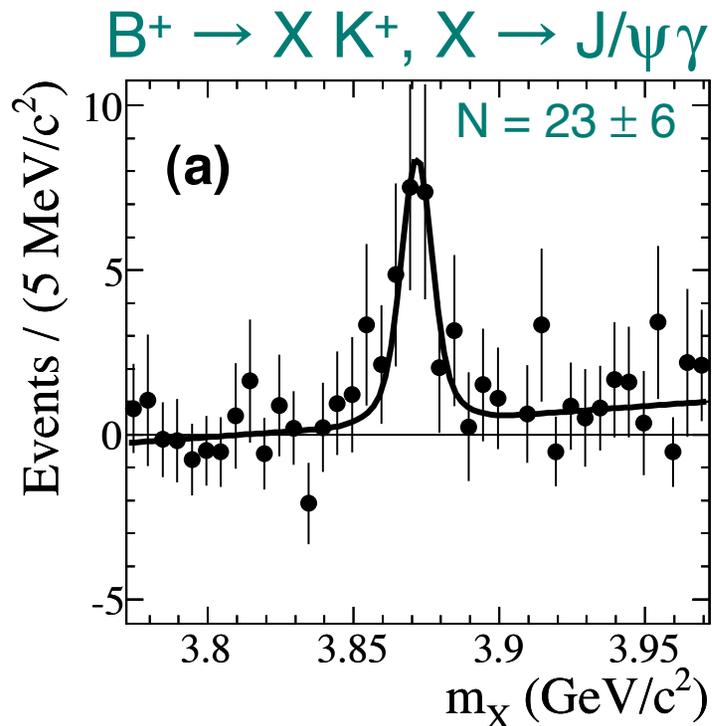
- Are these the same X^0 ? $\Delta m = 2.7 \pm 1.6$ MeV.
- Is the decay $X \rightarrow J/\psi \rho, \rho \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$?
If so, $X \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0 \pi^0$ forbidden.

Charged Partner



- Would seem to rule out tetraquark interpretation
 $B^0 \rightarrow X^- K^+ < 5.4 \times 10^{-6}$ vs
 $B^+ \rightarrow X^0 K^+ = (11.4 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-6}$

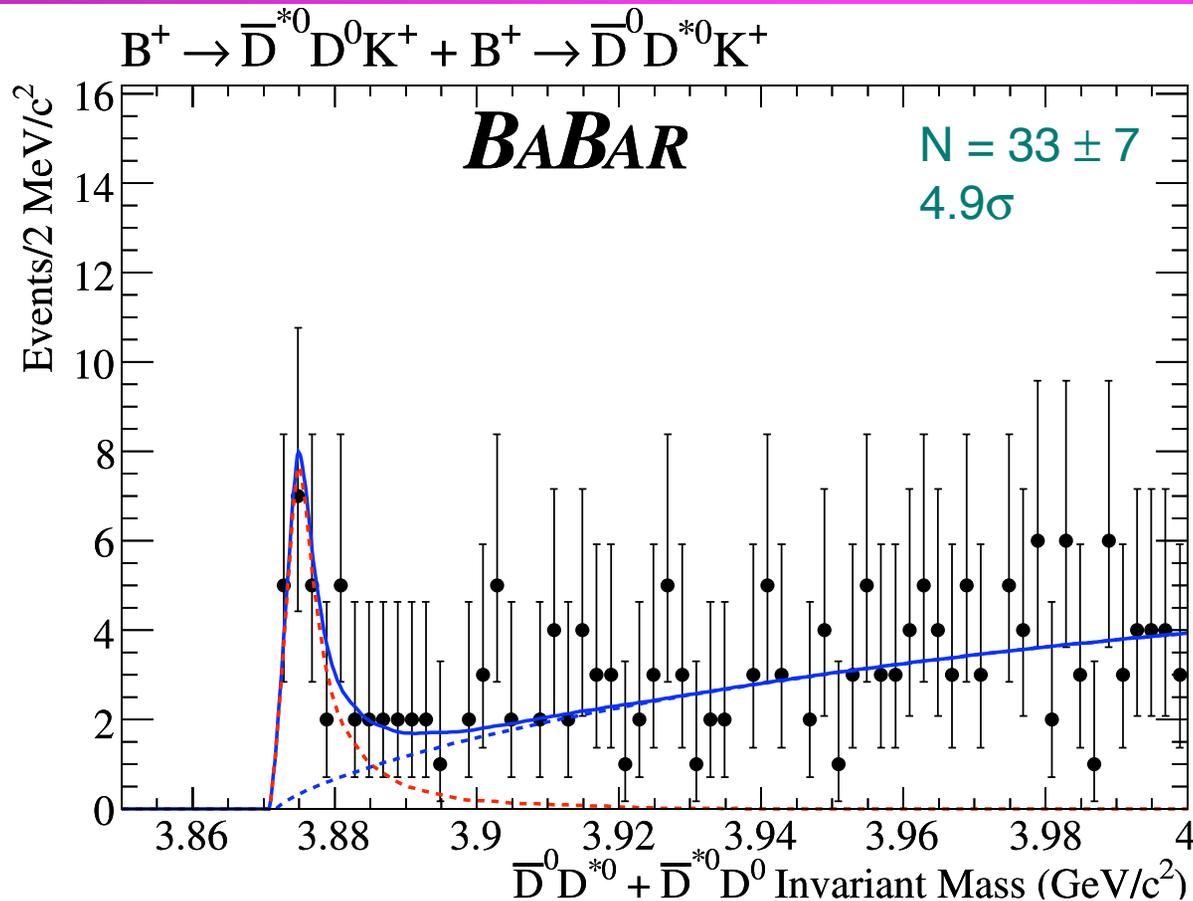
$X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma$ or $\psi(2S) \gamma$



$$X \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma / X \rightarrow J/\psi\gamma = 3.5 \pm 1.4; \quad X \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma / X \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^- = 1.1 \pm 0.4$$

- Establishes one quantum number: $C = +1$
- $X \rightarrow \psi(2S)\gamma$ suppressed for $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ molecule?

$$X(3872) \rightarrow D^0 \bar{D}^{*0}$$



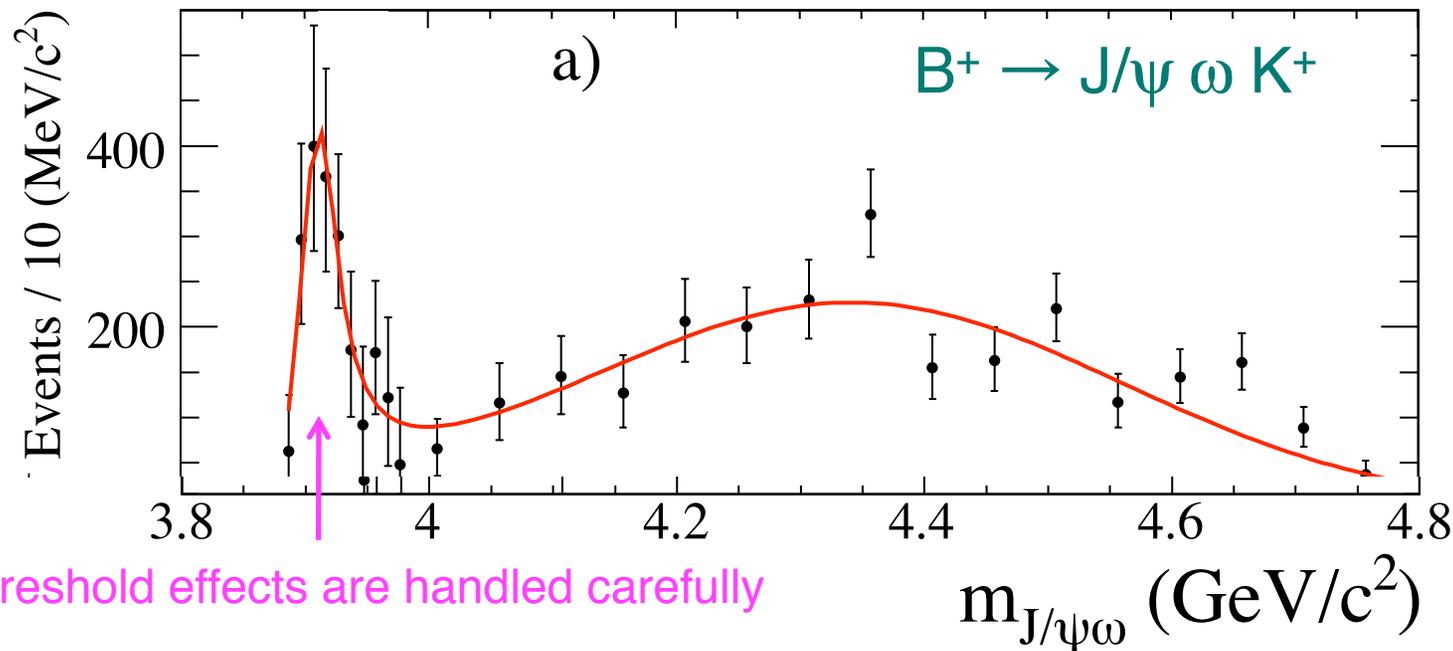
Tremendous effort to correctly handle impact of threshold on mass and width

- Mass is 4σ higher than $J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$, but could be threshold effect.

What is the X(3872)?

- CDF angular analysis: $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$ or 2^{-+} . Belle analysis favors 1^{++} .
 - » 1^{++} : would favor molecule;
 - » 2^{-+} : would favor charmonium;
 - » but decay rates are also relevant.
- Still an open question...

$Y(3940) \rightarrow J/\psi \omega$



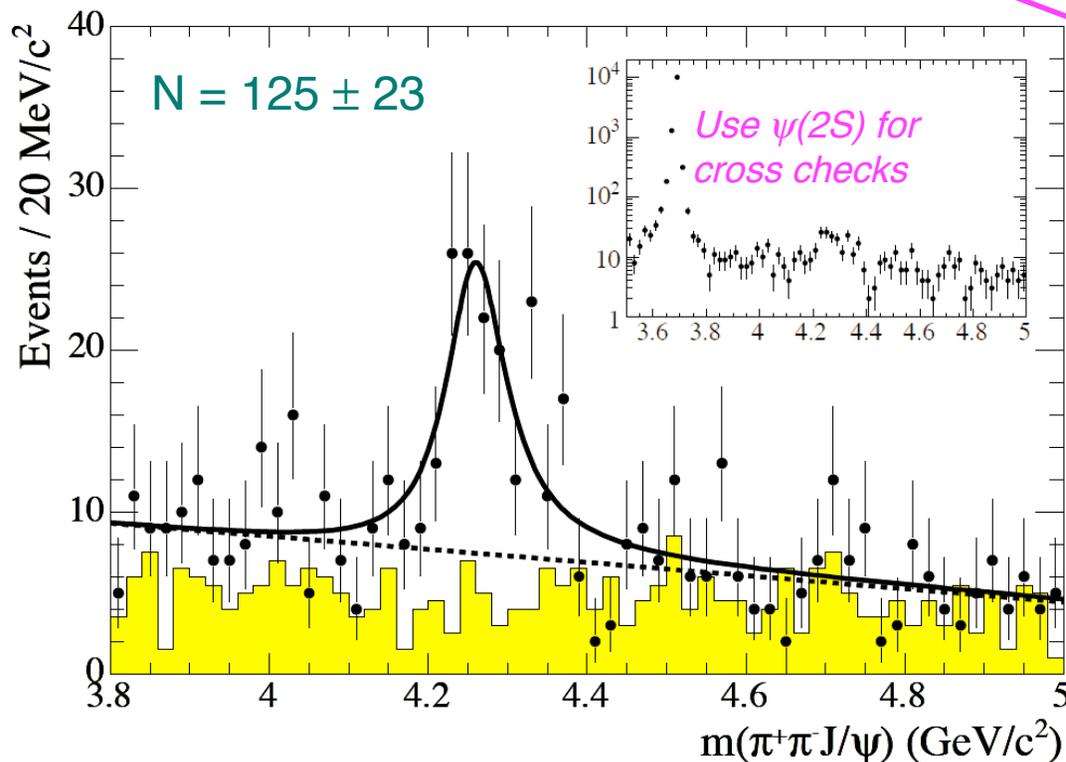
Threshold effects are handled carefully

$M = 3915 \pm 4$ MeV (vs $M = 3943 \pm 20$ MeV Belle)

- May be $\chi_{c1}(2P)$, standard charmonium,
 - » might expect larger DD^* decay rate and radiative decays

$Y(4260)$

- ISR production: $e^+e^- \rightarrow (\gamma)\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi \Rightarrow J^{PC} = 1^{--}$.

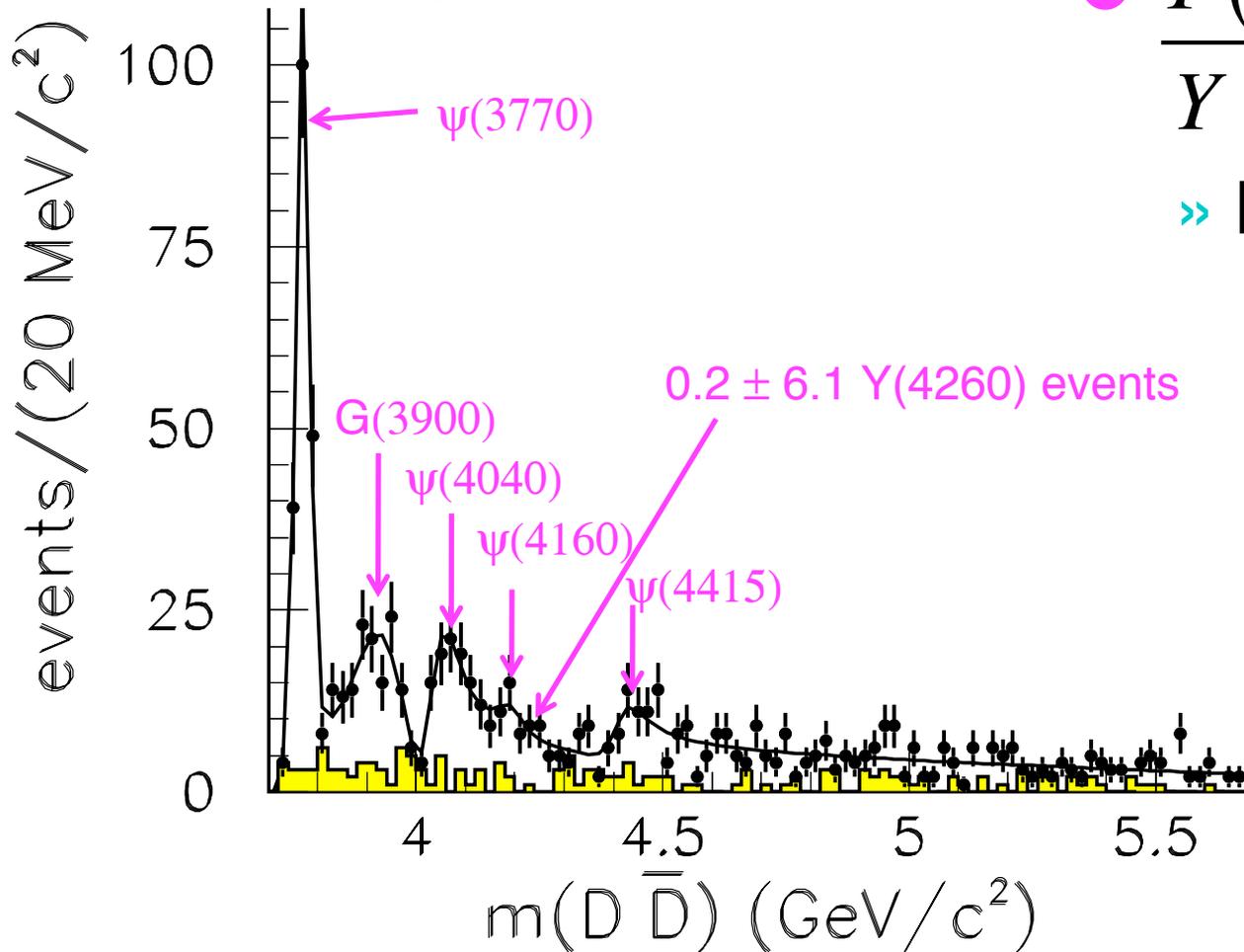


Observe 25% of γ

- All 1^{--} states accounted for in charmonium spectrum

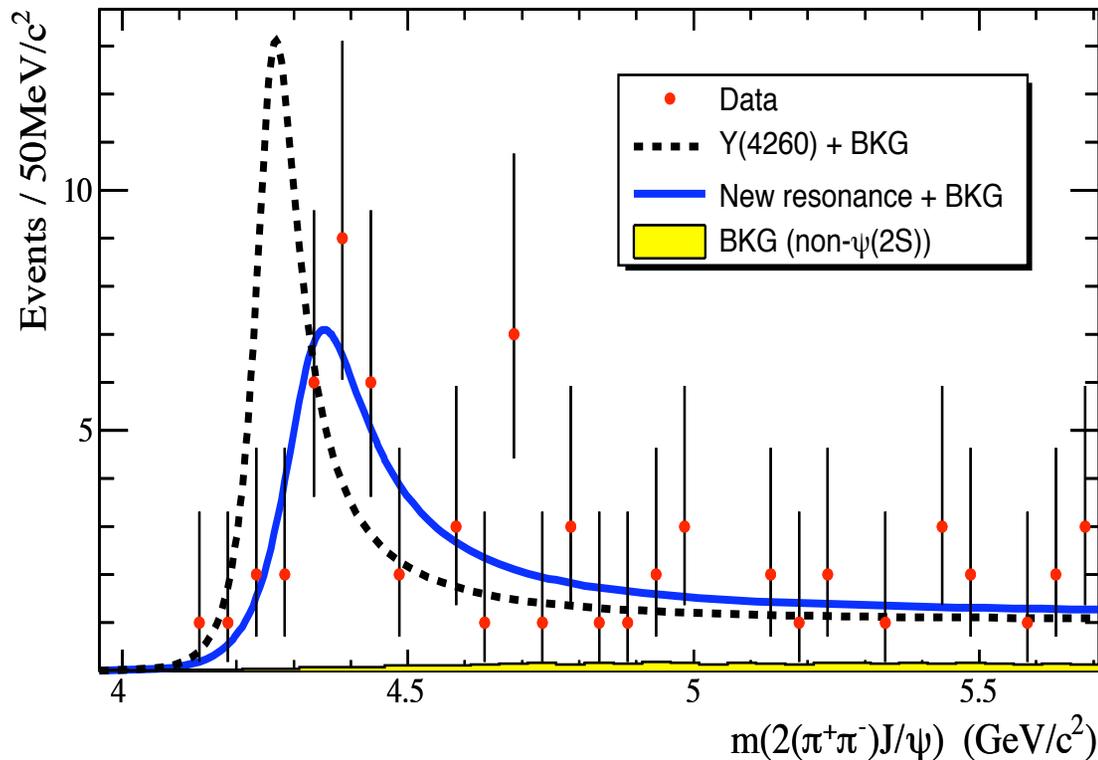
$Y(4260) \rightarrow D\bar{D}$

Mass of $D\bar{D}$ produced in ISR



- $\frac{Y(4260) \rightarrow D\bar{D}}{Y \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J / \psi} < 1$
- » For $\psi(3770)$, ≈ 450 .

Y(4324)

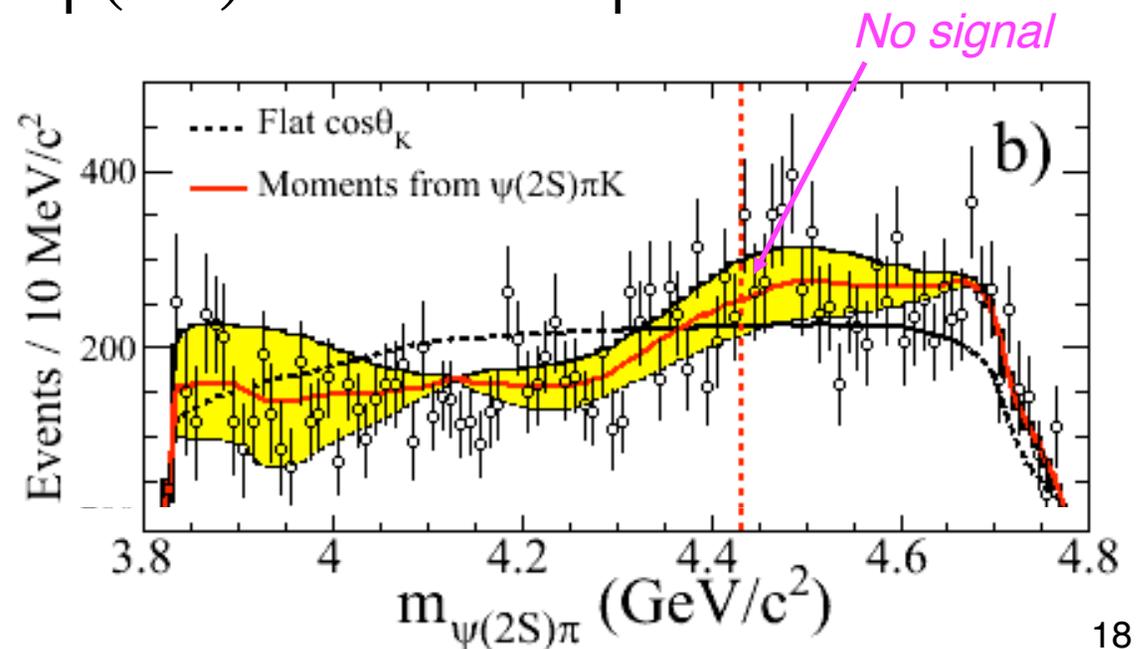
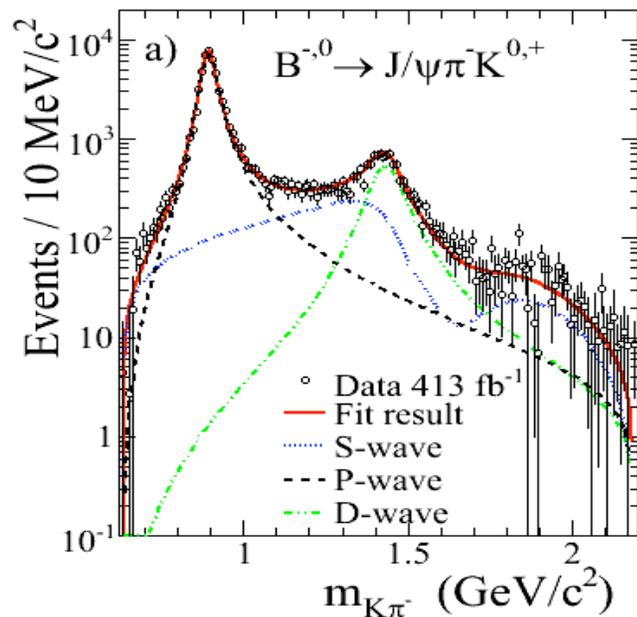


- Broad resonance in ISR production of $\pi^+ \pi^- \psi(2S)$. Also $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$.

- Hybrid 1^{--} states expected. Lightest consistent with 4.26 GeV. Expect other hybrids, some with non-standard J^{PC} such as 1^{-+} .

Z(4430)⁻

- Study $B \rightarrow \psi \pi^- K$ to look for Z(4430)⁻ seen by Belle in $\psi(2S) \pi^-$. Would be four-quark state.
- Huge effort to understand $K \pi^-$ mass & angular distributions. Both $\psi(2S) \pi^-$ and $J/\psi \pi^-$.



BABAR-Analysis-Document 2049, v11
 BABAR-PUB-08/xxx
 SLAC-PUB-xxxx
 hep-ex/xxxx

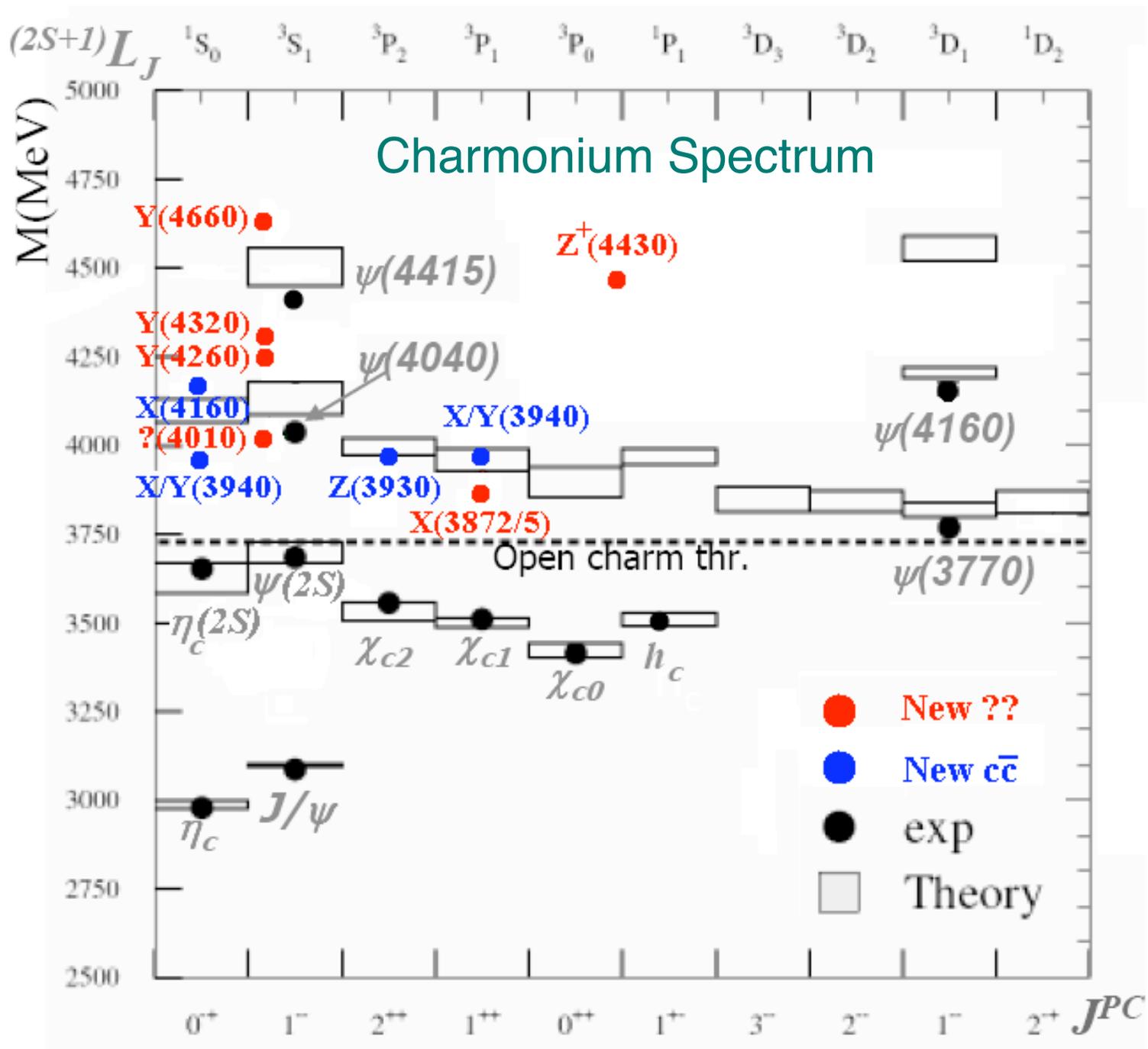
Search for the $Z(4430)^-$ at *BABAR*

B. Aubert,¹ M. Bona,¹ Y. Karyotakis,¹ J. P. Lees,¹ V. Poireau,¹ E. Prencipe,¹ X. Prudent,¹ V. Tisserand,¹
 J. Garra Tico,² E. Grauges,² L. Lopez^{ab,3}, A. Palano^{ab,3}, M. Pappagallo^{ab,3}, G. Eigen,⁴ B. Stugu,⁴ L. Sun,⁴
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 G. Lynch,⁵ I. L. Osipenkov,⁵ M. T. Ronan,^{5,*} K. Tackmann,⁵ T. Tanabe,⁵ C. M. Hawkes,⁶ N. Soni,⁶ A. T. Watson,⁶
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The $Z(4430)^-$ does not exist

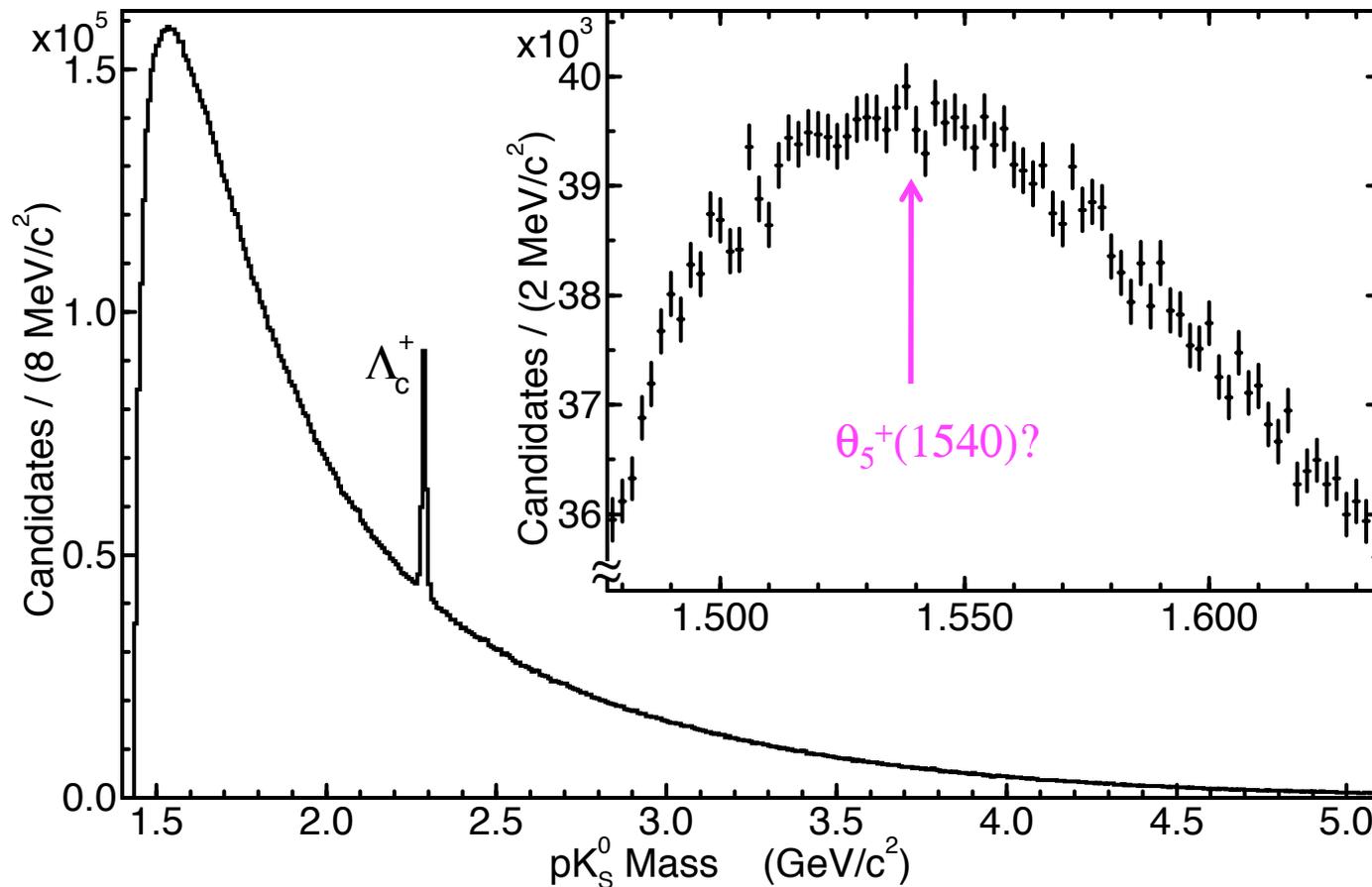
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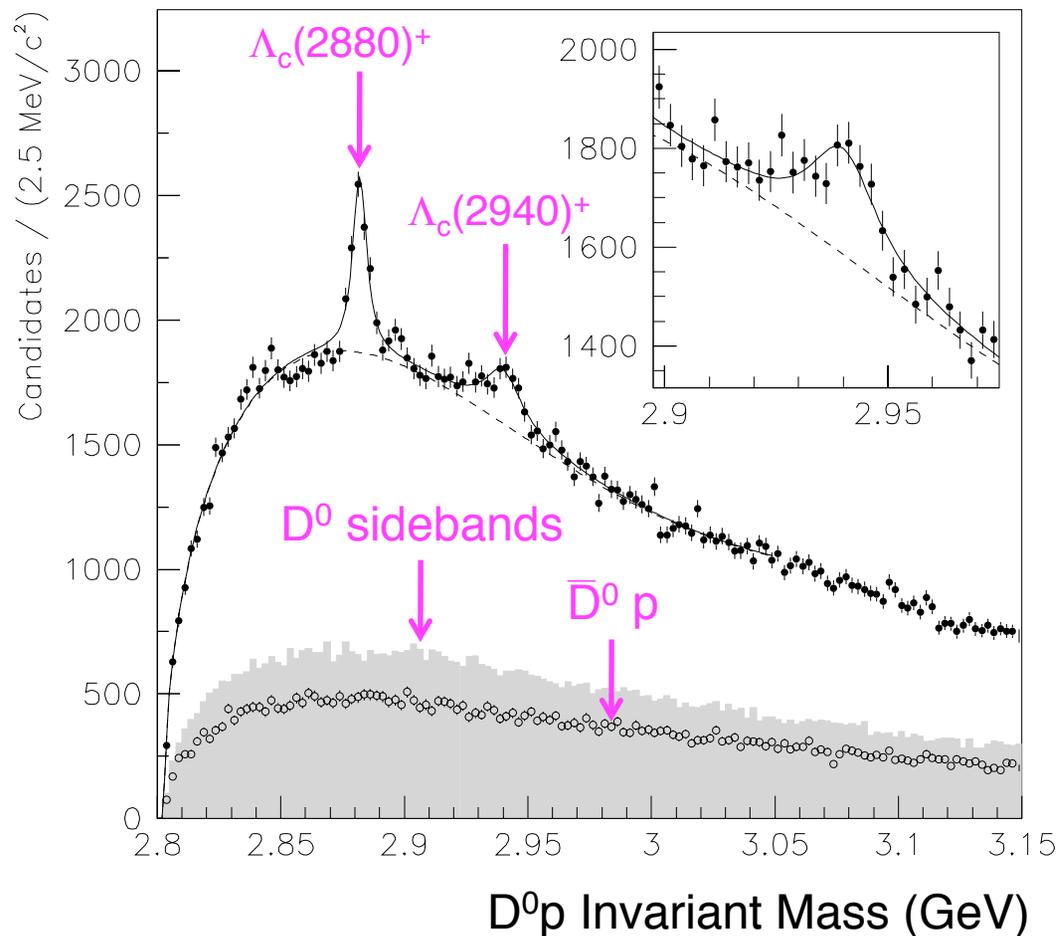
Pentaquarks

- BABAR failed to discover Pentaquarks.



$\Lambda_c(2940)^+$

- A new charm baryon decaying to $p D^0$ (not pD^+)

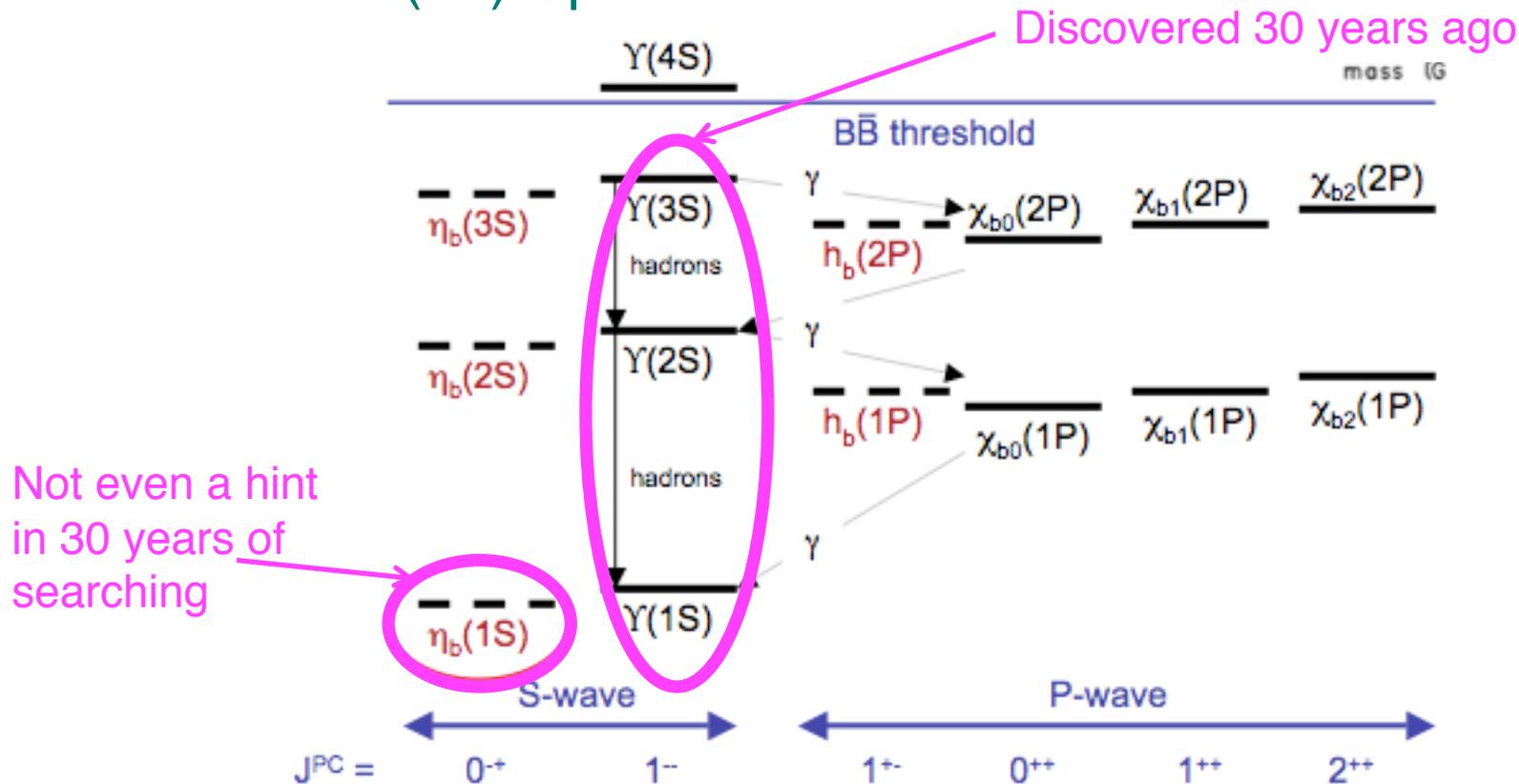


$$M = 2939.8 \pm 1.3 \pm 1.0 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\Gamma = 17.5 \pm 5.2 \pm 5.9 \text{ MeV}$$

Observation of the η_b

Bottomonium ($b\bar{b}$) Spectrum

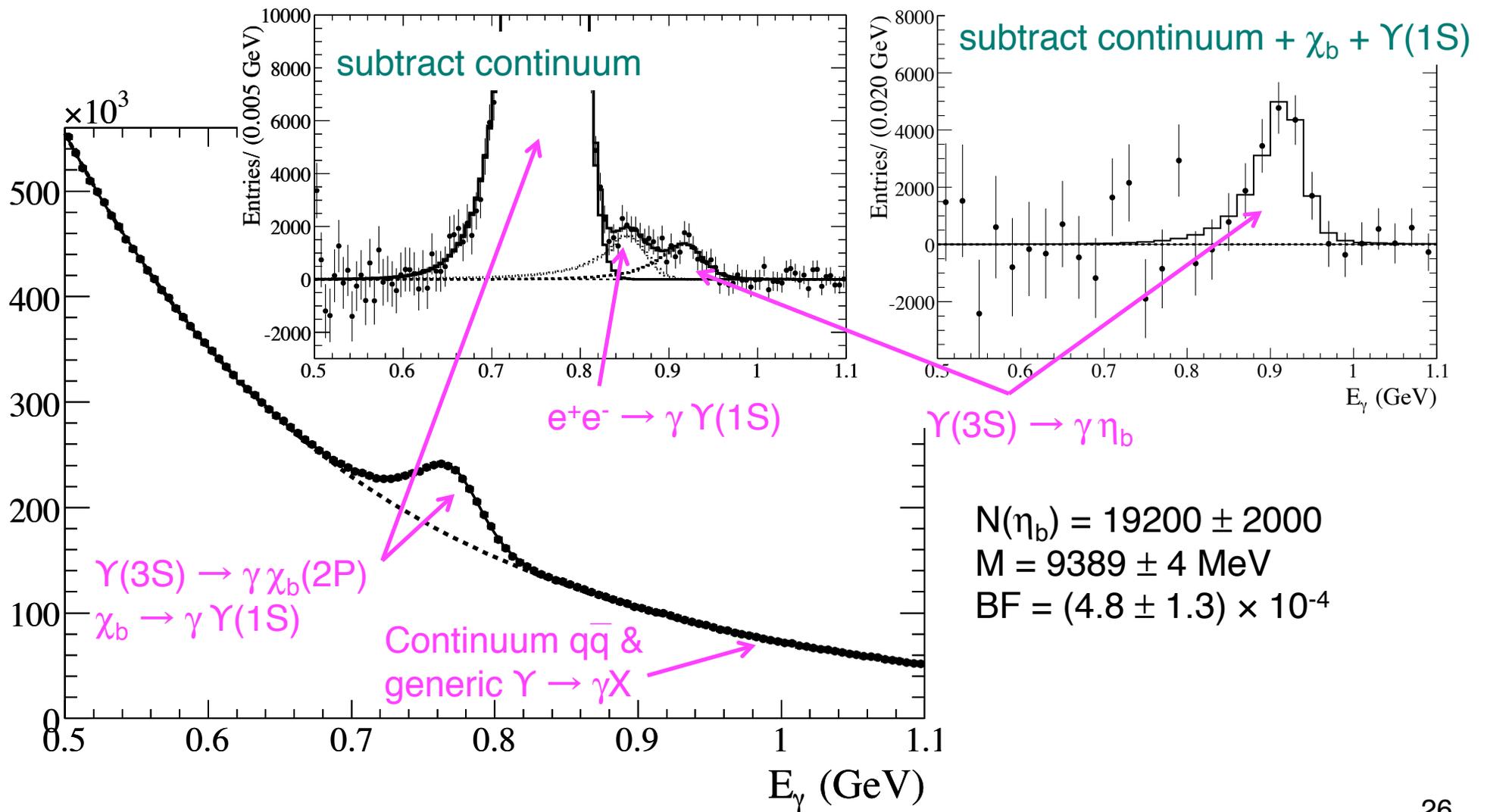


- QCD should be able to explain $\Upsilon(1S)/\eta_b$ mass difference (20–100 MeV).

Analysis Method

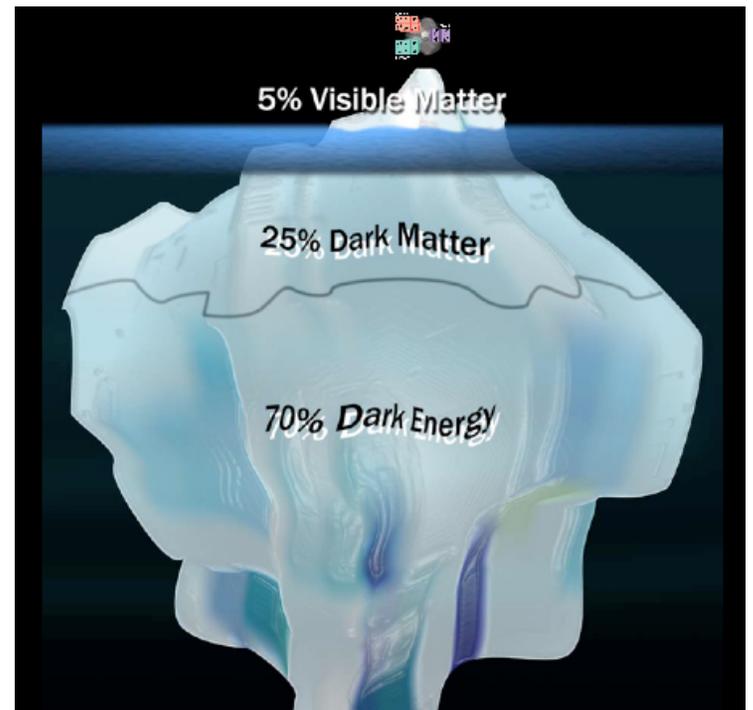
- $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma \eta_b$
- Look for photon only. $E_\gamma = 911$ MeV if $M(\eta_b) = 9.4$ GeV.
- Problem: many other photons. Particular issue is $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma \Upsilon(1S)$ ($E_\gamma = 856$ MeV). Depending on $M(\eta_b)$, detector resolution leads to significant overlap with signal.

Observed Spectrum



Light Higgs A^0

- Many extensions to the standard model include a light higgs: $\Upsilon \rightarrow \gamma A^0$. BF as large as 10^{-4} .
- If dark matter particle χ is also light, then $A^0 \rightarrow \chi\chi$ may be dominant
 \Rightarrow final state is $\gamma +$ “nothing”



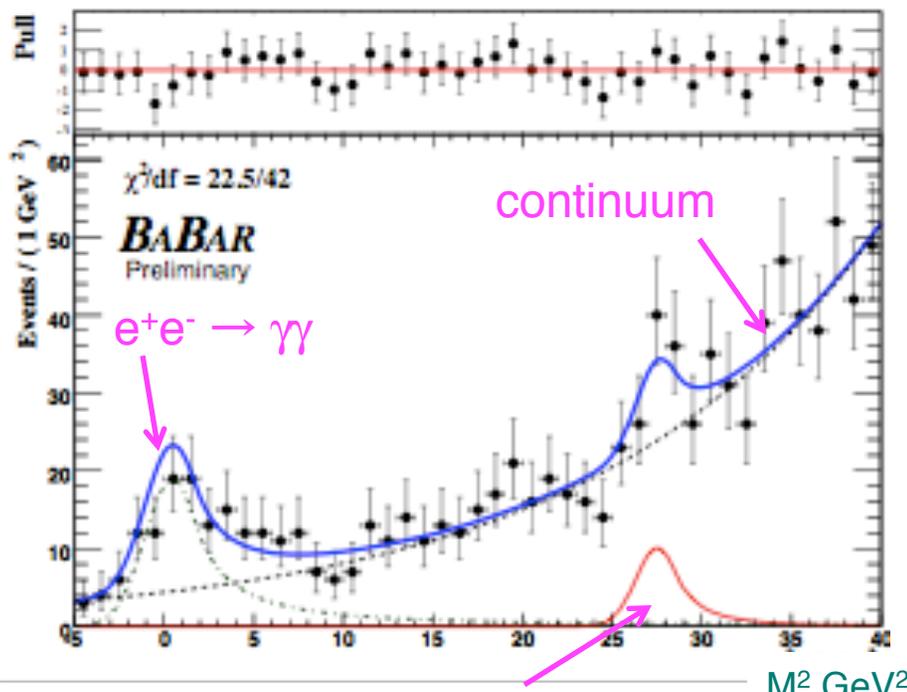
SEARCH FOR SINGLE-PHOTON PRODUCTION
IN e^+e^- ANNIHILATION
AT 29 GeV CENTER-OF-MASS ENERGY

CHRISTOPHER HEARTY

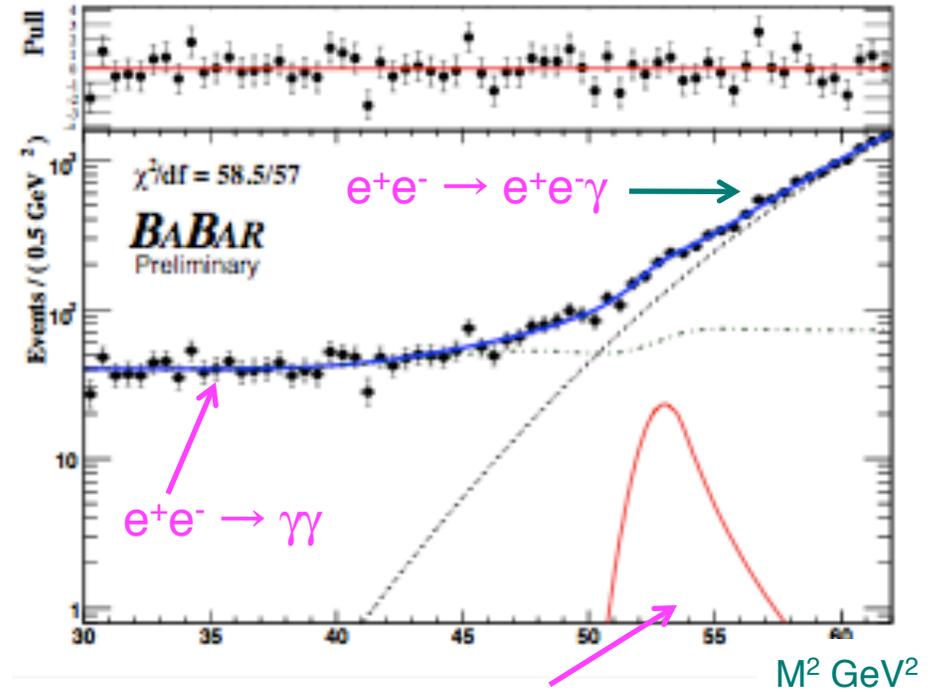
1987

$A^0 \rightarrow \text{invisible}$

- Enabled by extensive modifications to trigger.



37 ± 15 events at $M_A = 5.2$ GeV



119 ± 71 events at $M_A = 7.275$ GeV

- 90% CL upper on BF $(0.2 - 32) \times 10^{-6}$

Summary

- Although not a big part of our original physics plan, new particle searches (and discoveries) have become one of the most exciting parts of the BABAR program.
- The Υ running has produced new opportunities.
- *Apologies to anyone whose analysis I neglected, and thanks to everyone who helped with the slides, even if they didn't know it.*