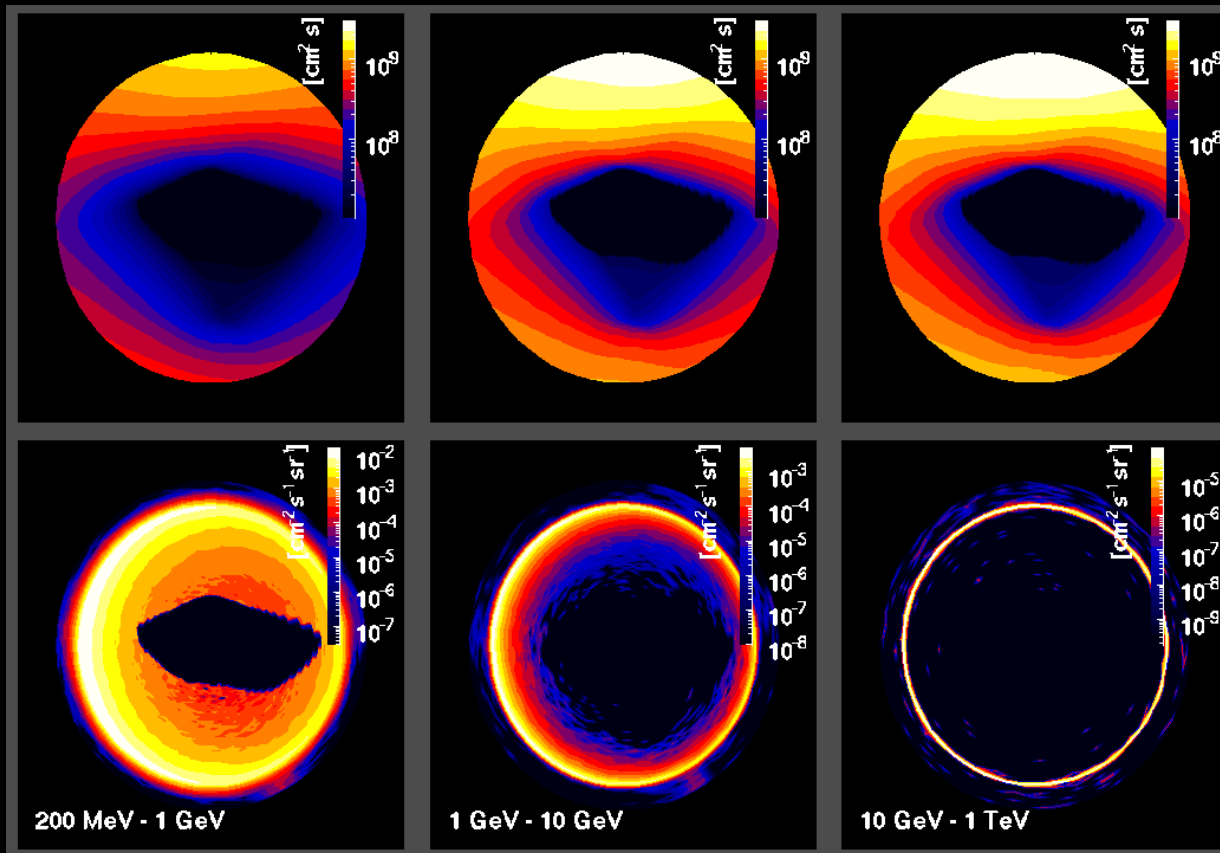


Earth Gamma-Ray Albedo Measurements with the Fermi-LAT

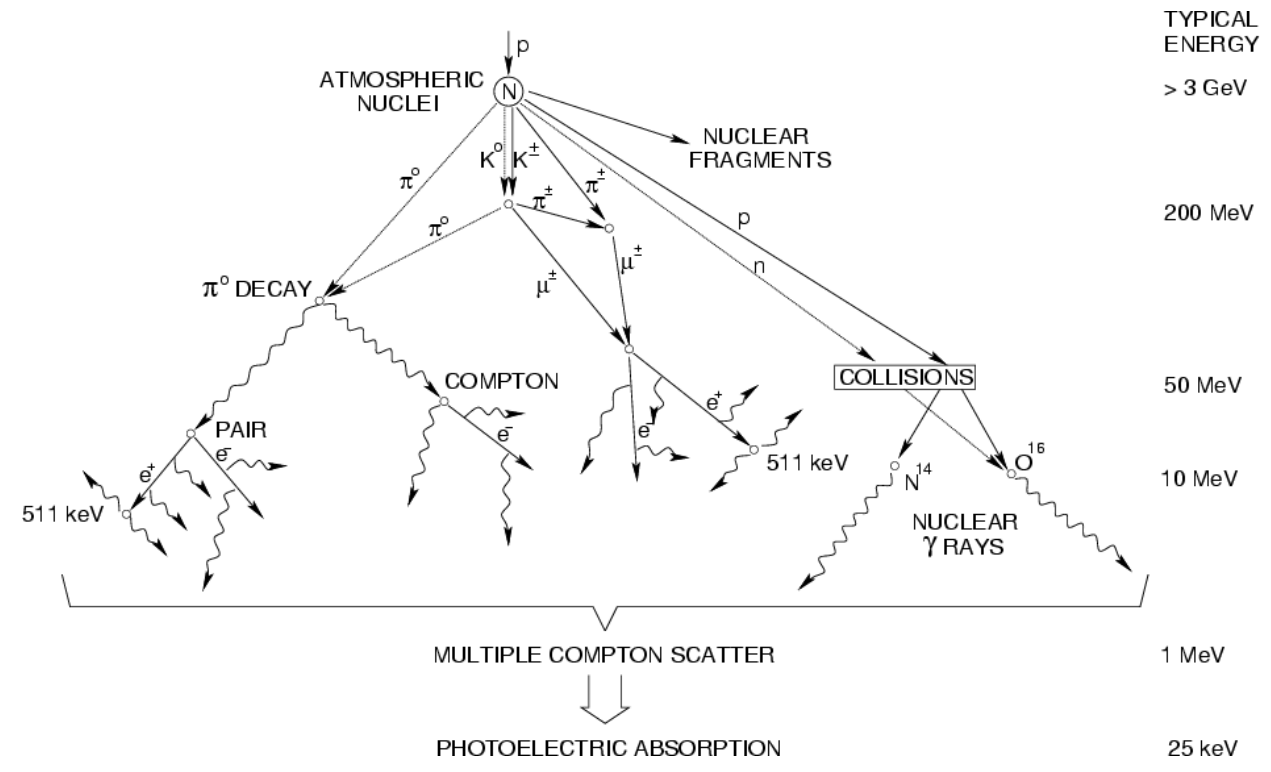
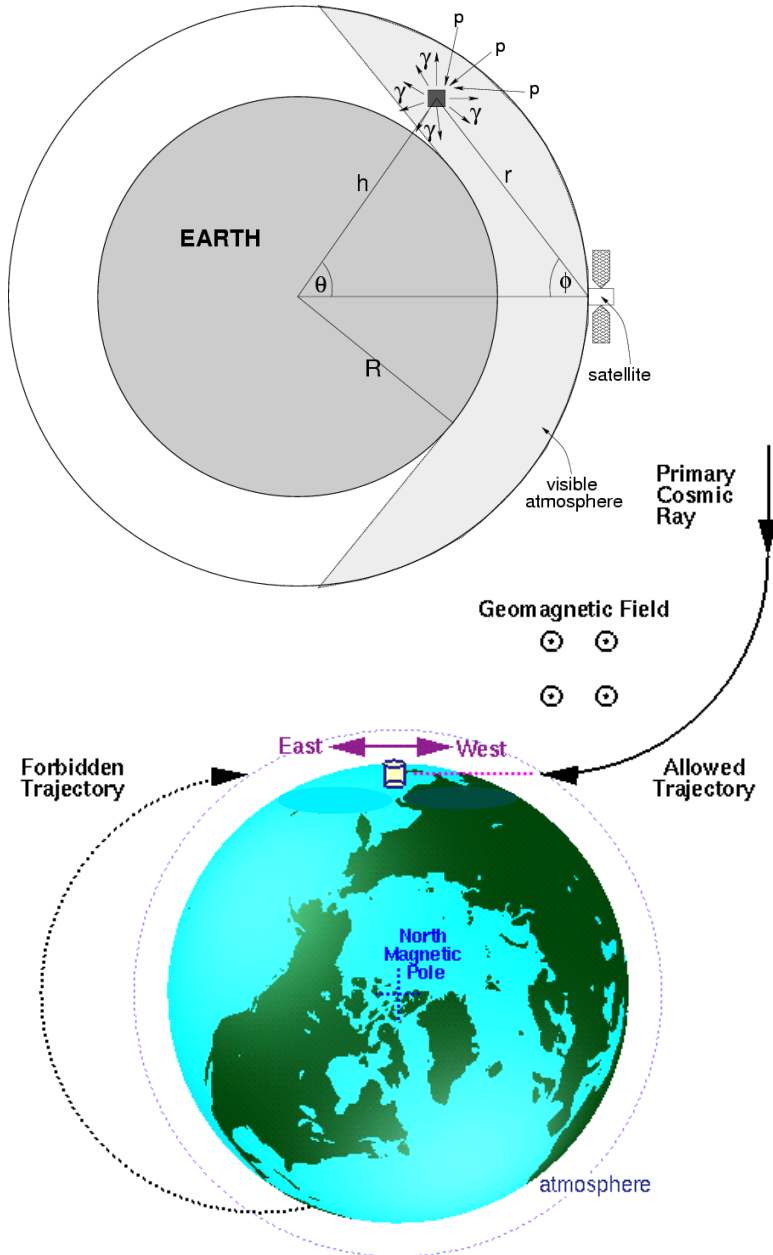


Warit Mitthumsiri
Stefan Funk
Markus Ackermann
On behalf of the Fermi-
LAT collaboration

7/14/2009



Production Mechanism



Diagrams taken from:
 - Shaw S. E., et al. 2003, *A&A*, 398, 391-402
 - <http://hep.bu.edu/~superk/ew-effect.html>

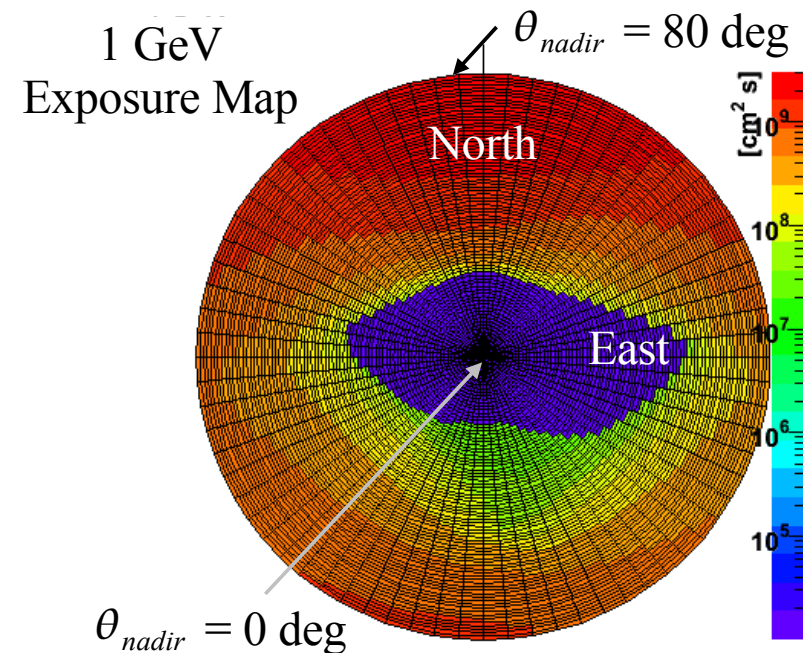
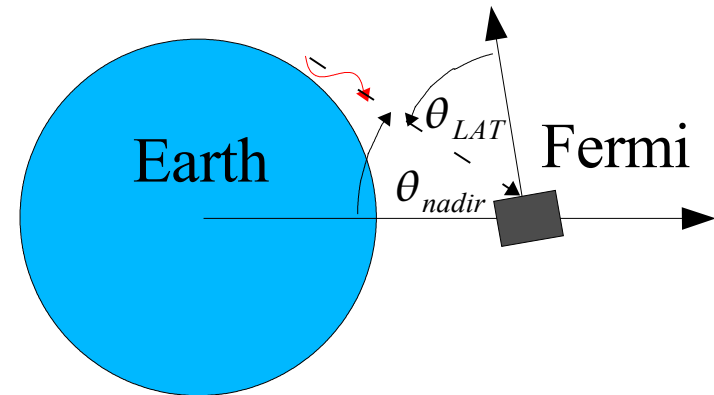
Data and Exposure Selections

Data

- Standard diffuse photon selection (P6V3)
- $\theta_{LAT} < 65$ deg

Exposure

- Split into 41 energy bins in \log_{10} between 80 MeV and 1 TeV
- Mask out common regions with low exposure

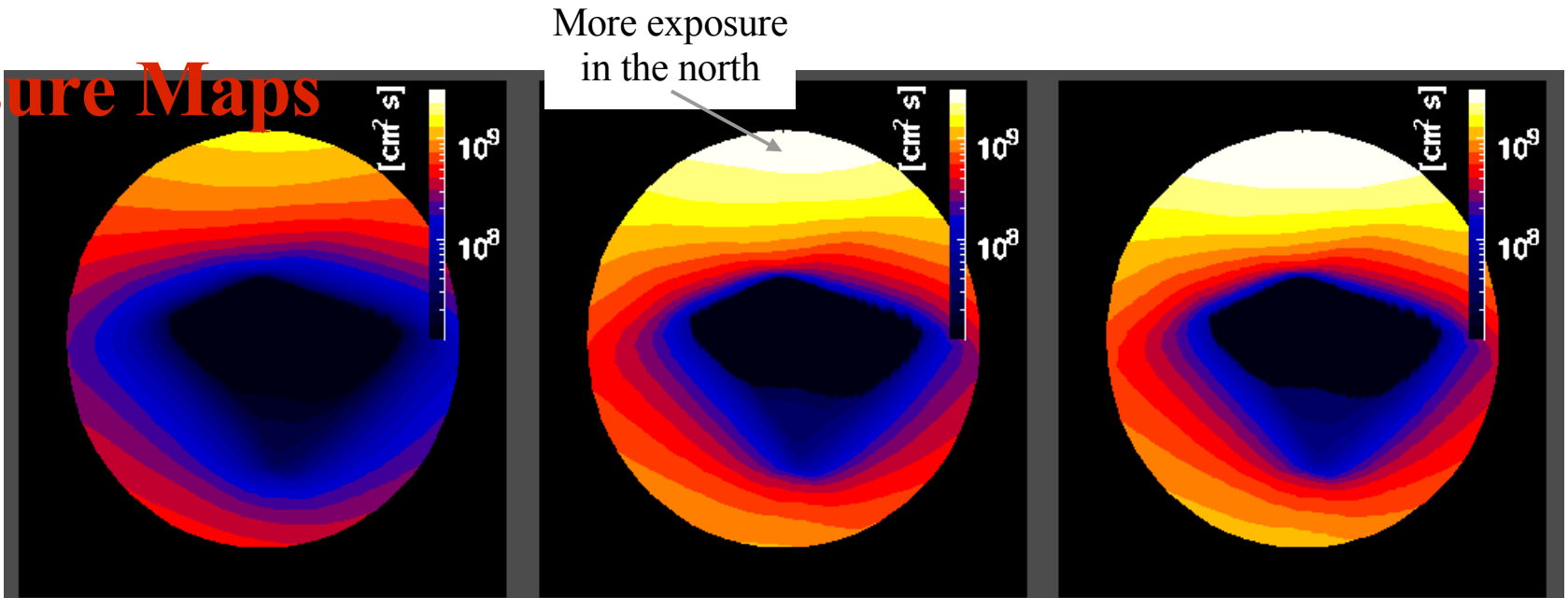


Data Sets

- Launch & Early Orbit (July 15 – 29, 2008) and Limb Observation (September 30, 2008)
- $\sim 10^6$ sec of livetime
- $\sim 10^7$ earth diffuse albedo photons
- 218 photons with $E > 100$ GeV
- 16 photons with $E > 500$ GeV

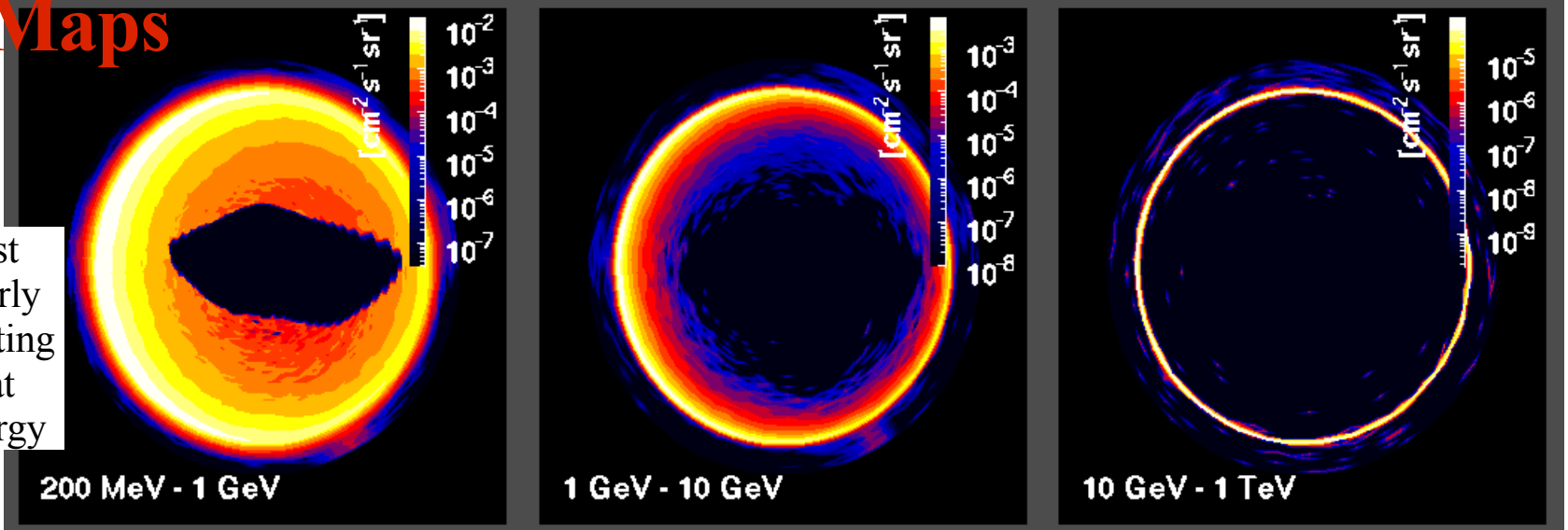
Exposure Maps and Flux Maps

Exposure Maps

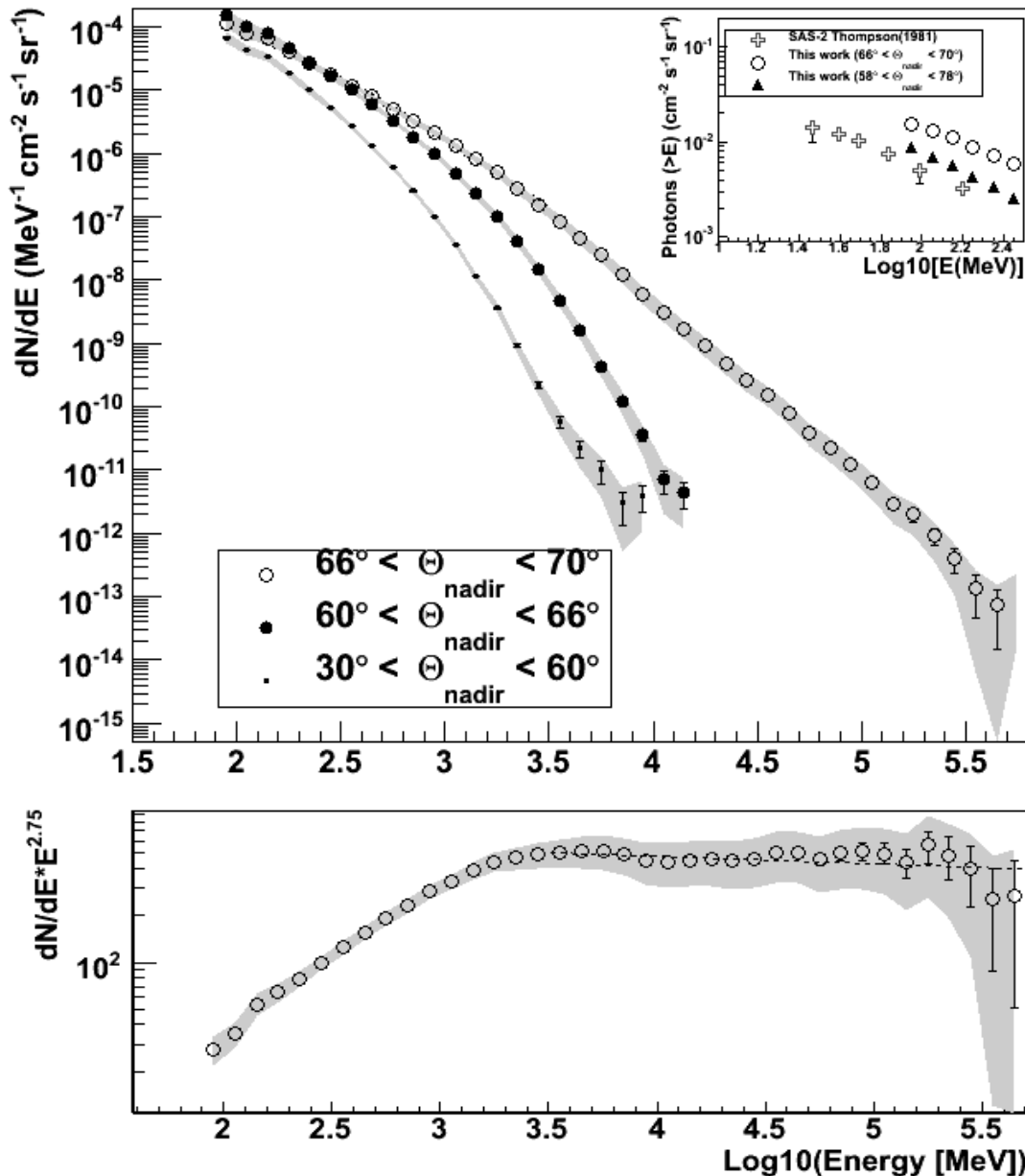


Flux Maps

East-West effect clearly visible, getting smaller at higher energy

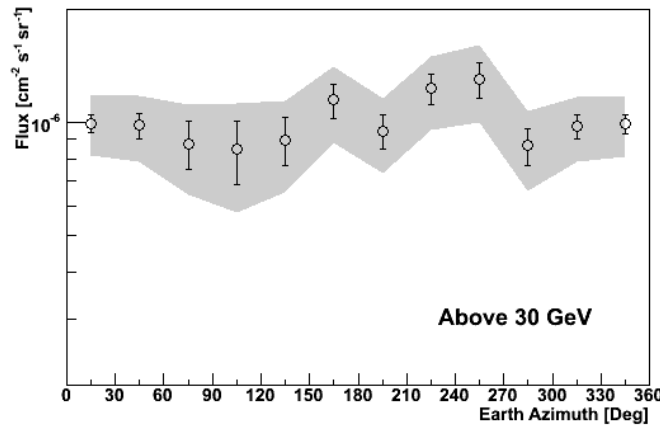
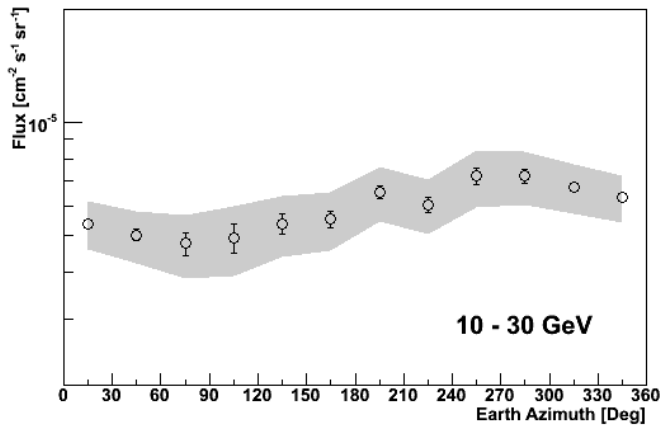
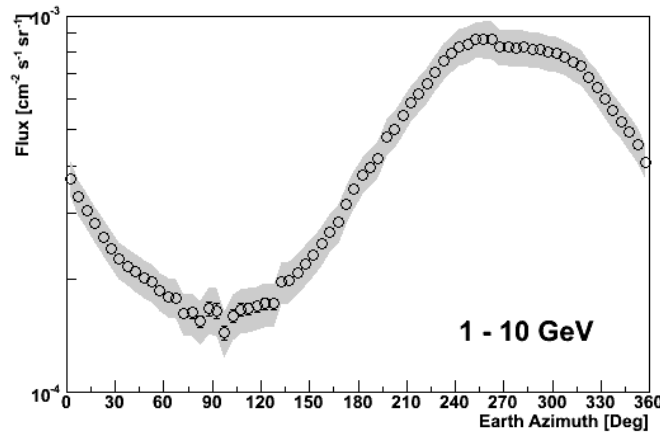
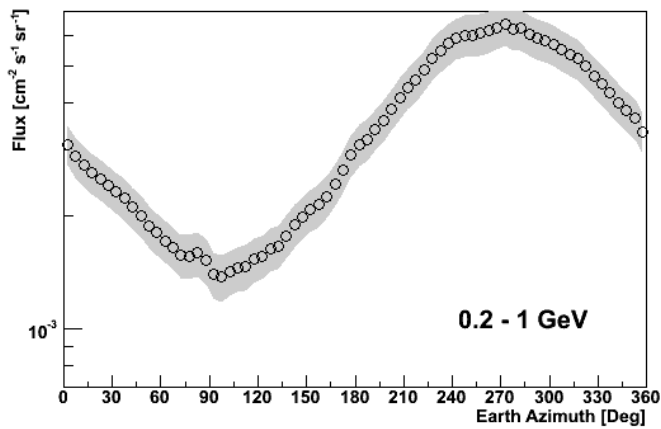


Earth Albedo Gamma Spectrum



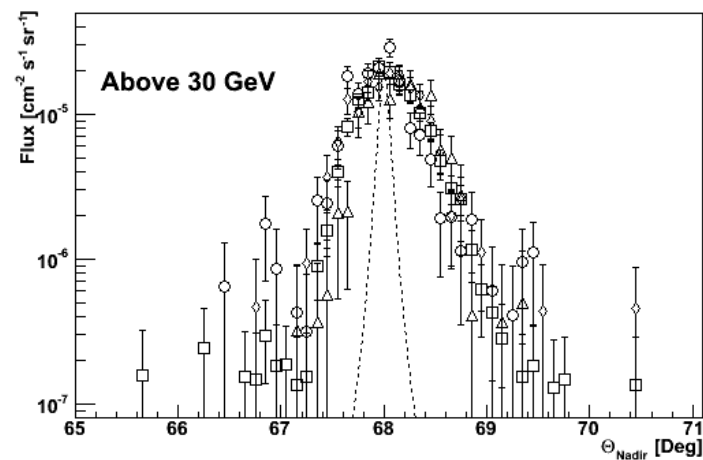
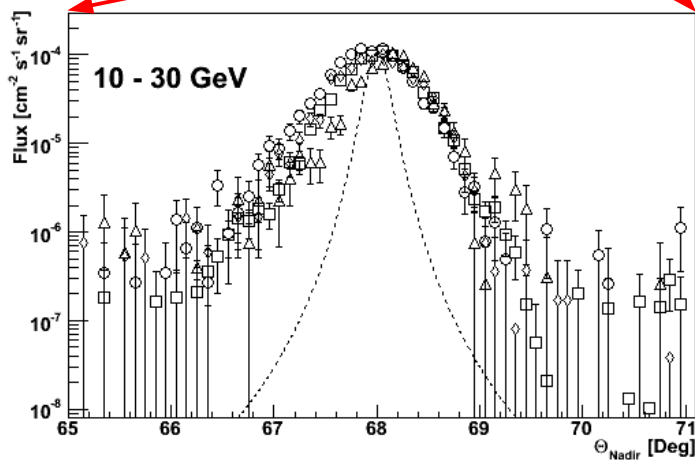
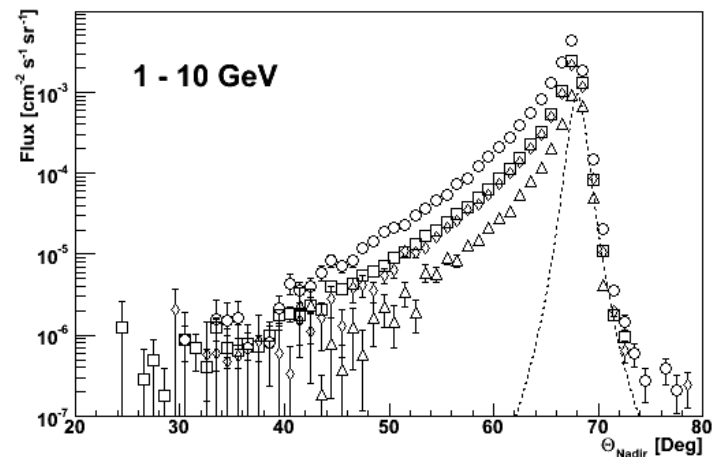
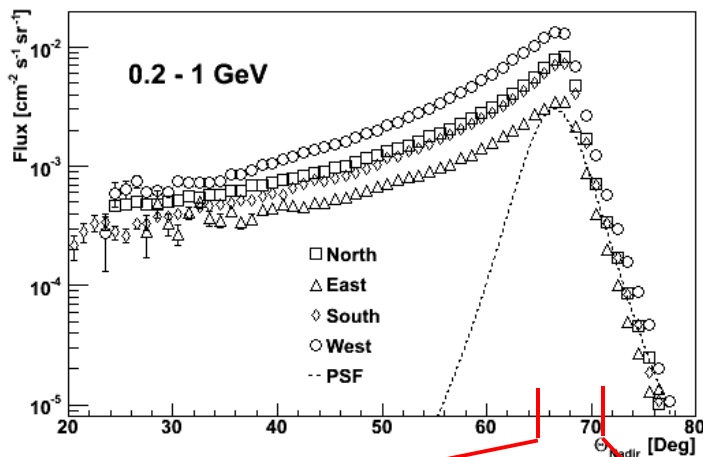
- Spectra from different regions
 - Softer for the inner part of the earth because the forward-scattered secondaries tend to have higher energy than the backward-scattered ones
- Power-law spectrum for the rim at $E > 30 \text{ GeV}$ with the fitted spectral index of -2.80 ± 0.06
 - Good agreement with the cosmic ray (CR) spectral index of -2.75
- Reasonable agreement with the previous measurement by SAS-2

East-West Effect from the Earth Magnetic Field



- This plot is for the earth rim ($60 < \theta_{nadir} < 75$)
 - North = 0 deg
 - East = 90 deg
 - South = 180 deg
 - West = 270 deg
- The east-west effect is stronger at low energy as expected
- Above 30 GeV, the profile can be fitted well with a flat line

Radial Flux Profile



- Earth center is at 0 deg, rim at ~68 deg
- The dash lines are the PSF of each energy bin
- The profiles get narrower for higher energy
- Note the change in x-scale for the two bottom plots

Conclusion

- We have obtained the earth albedo spectral and spatial properties from the early data of the Fermi-LAT
 - Add more than 3 decades of the energy spectrum from 200 MeV to 500 GeV
 - The rim spectral index above 30 GeV follows that of the CR
 - The east-west effect is observed up to 30 GeV
 - The radial profile can be resolved for $E > 10$ GeV and can be used to study CR-atmosphere interaction

